

Life cycle assessment of various ALPLA packaging units and alternative materials - COUNTRY

Version 1.2

Roland Fehringer, May 9th 2019

- In a nutshell, the public perception of beverage packaging is as follows:
 - Plastic bottles and aluminium cans have a negative environmental image
 - In most cases, glass bottles have a positive environmental image
- The political parameters include, for example:
 - The EU's circular economy package
 - EU Directive on Single-Use Plastics
 - Product design
 - Extended producer responsibility
 - Targets for separate collection
- Do public perception and the current political parameters tally with the facts and figures?



Aim of the analysis

- The aim of the analysis is to calculate a **life cycle assessment** in line with ISO 14044 for PET **packaging units** and alternative packaging materials for certain beverages, foods and Liquid Detergents which are consumed via the food retail sector in ten countries.
- The purpose of the life cycle assessment is to promote an **objective discussion** of the environmental evaluation of the beverage packaging examined on the basis of the latest set of data.
- The results of the life cycle assessment are confirmed by an independent **reviewer**.



Scope of the analysis

- The entire analysis comprised 59 material-content combinations for **brand name products typically found in Austria**. The packaging units are not necessarily representative of the market. The aim is not to depict the mix of packaging units found in the Austrian market.

content	capacity [l]	PET OW	rPET 50% OW	rPET 100% OW	PET MW	rPET 50% MW	rPET 100% MW	HDPE OW	rHDPE 50% OW	rHDPE 100% OW	PP OW	Pouch OW	Glass OW	Glass MW	Alu-can OW	Fe-can OW	beverage carton OW	
water	1,0	x	x	x	x	x	x						x	x				8
milk	1,0	x	x	x				x	x	x			x	x			x	9
juice	1,0	x	x	x									x	x			x	6
beer	0,5	x	x	x									x	x	x			6
CSD	0,5	x	x	x	x	x	x						x	x	x			9
food jar	0,35	x	x	x									x			x		5
ketchup	0,30	x	x	x				x	x	x	x		x					8
detergent	1,5	x	x	x				x	x	x	x	x						8
		8	8	8	2	2	2	3	3	3	2	1	7	5	2	1	2	59

- The entire analysis comprised following countries:

- Austria, Brazil, China, Germany, India, Mexico, Poland, South Africa, Turkey and The United States of America
- **Country variations:**
 - The mass of the container is not changed!
 - Waste management conditions (separate collection and recycling), electricity mix, transport distances, dataset Europa versus Rest of World

1. **Definition** of functional unit and system boundary per content
2. **Data collection**: Production of raw materials, supply of energy and fuels, transport distances, filling, washing, distribution to retailer and waste management conditions
3. **Transformation** of life cycle data into environmental impacts
4. **Accounting** of the entire life cycle
5. **External review** and sensitivity analysis
6. **Interpretation** of results



Functional unit

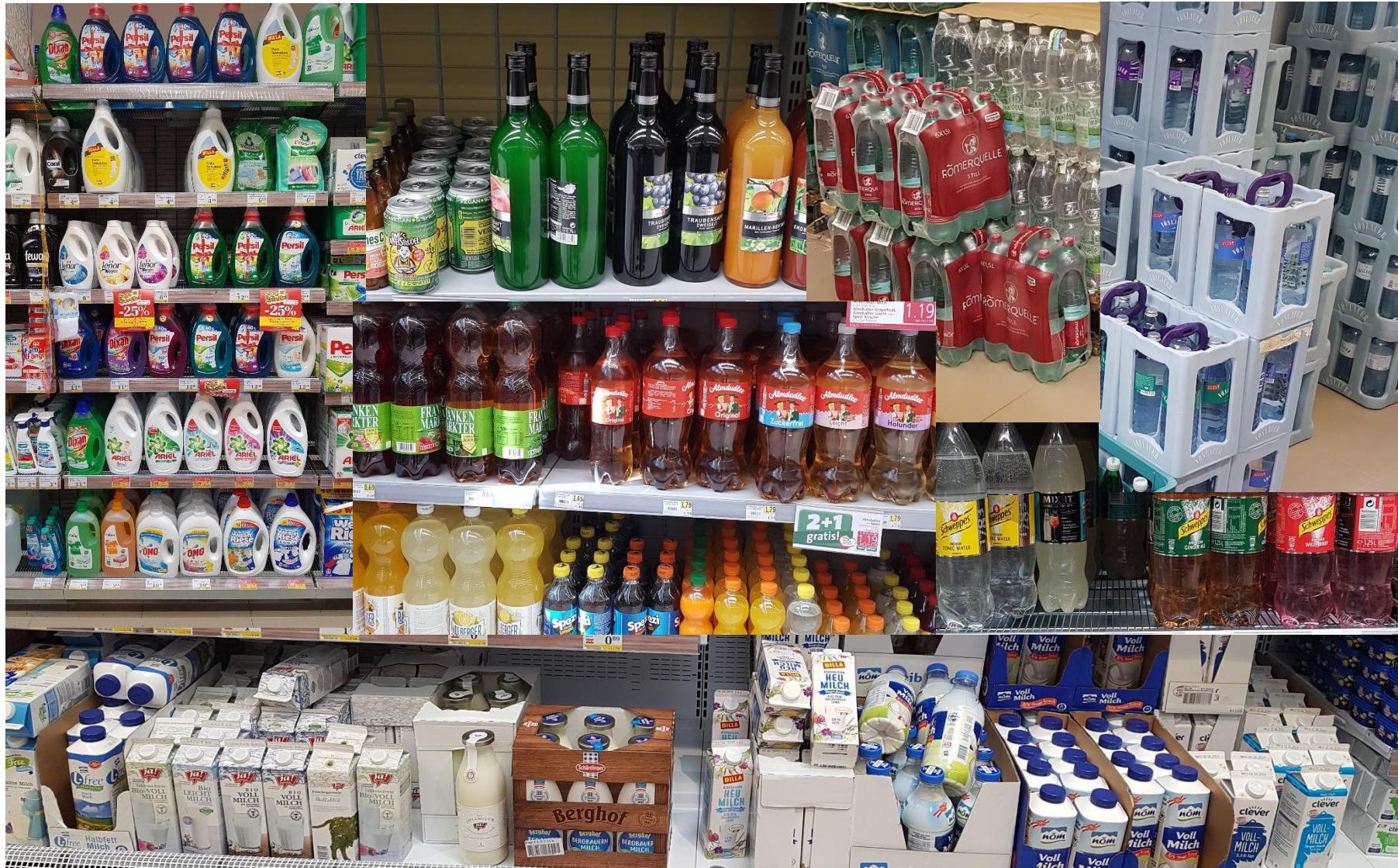
- Functional unit filling volumes
 - 1 litre of mineral water
 - 1 litre of milk
 - 0.5 litres of carbonated soft drink (CSD)
 - 1.5 l of Liquid Detergent
 - 350 ml of food
- The product system comprises:
 - **Packaging unit**, closure and label
 - Sales packaging (carton tray, reusable crate, film)
 - Transport packaging (pallets, shrink wrap)
 - Packaging for delivery of packaging units, lids, etc. to the bottler
- The analysis covers the packaging units' **entire life cycle**:
 - Generation of raw materials and energy sources
 - Packaging manufacture
 - Filling and cleaning of reusable packaging units
 - Distribution from the bottler to the food retailers
 - Collection, recycling and disposal of the packaging units and other packaging
 - Other transport processes and supply transports

- Impact categories
 - Climate change [kg CO₂-eq.] (IPCC 2013)
 - Acidification potential [kg SO₂-eq.] (CML)
 - Summer smog [kg ethylene.] (ILCD 1.0.8 2016)
 - Terrestrial eutrophication [mol N-eq.] (ILCD 1.0.8 2016)
 - Freshwater eutrophication [kg P-eq.] (ILCD 1.0.8 2016)
 - Marine eutrophication [kg N-eq.] (ILCD 1.0.8 2016)
- Life cycle inventory analysis parameters
 - Depletion of abiotic resources - mineral raw materials [kg SB-eq.]
 - Cumulative energy demand - total [MJ-eq.]
 - Cumulative energy demand - non-renewable [MJ-eq.]
 - Cumulative energy demand - renewable [MJ-eq.]
 - Land use [m².a]
 - Particulates [PM < 2,5 µm] (CML)
 - Waster consumption [l] (CML)



Input data

container, cap, label, transport distances to retailer, waste management





Input data Water 1,0 l

water 1,0 l	unit	PET OW	rPET 50% OW	rPET 100% OW	PET MW	rPET 50% MW	rPET 100% MW	Glass OW	Glass MW
volume	[ml]	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000
cycles	[-]	1	1	1	20	20	20	1	30
mass of container	[g]	24,9	24,9	24,9	65,0	65,0	65,0	470,0	551,9
material cap	[-]	HDPE	HDPE	HDPE	HDPE	HDPE	HDPE	Tinplate	Alu
mass cap	[g]	3,00	3,00	3,00	3,00	3,00	3,00	2,20	1,70
material label	[-]	PET	PET	PET	paper	paper	paper	paper	paper
mass label	[g]	0,35	0,35	0,35	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00
mass product system: container, cap & label	[g]	28,26	28,26	28,26	69,00	69,00	69,00	473,20	554,58
secondary packaging / sales packaging	unit	PET OW	rPET 50% OW	rPET 100% OW	PET MW	rPET 50% MW	rPET 100% MW	Glass OW	Glass MW
container per tray/box	[pieces]	4	4	4	9	9	9	12	12
mass materials single use	[g]	12,16	12,16	12,16	0,26	0,26	0,26	-	-
mass materials multiple use	[g]	-	-	-	1.750,00	1.750,00	1.750,00	2.500,00	1.750,00
tertiary packaging / transport packaging per palette	unit	PET OW	rPET 50% OW	rPET 100% OW	PET MW	rPET 50% MW	rPET 100% MW	Glass OW	Glass MW
container per palette	[pieces]	576	576	576	396	396	396	384	384
mass materials single use	[g]	5.001	5.001	5.001	101	101	101	-	-
mass materials multiple use	[g]	24.000	24.000	24.000	25.750	25.750	25.750	26.500	25.750
delivery to retailer	unit	PET OW	rPET 50% OW	rPET 100% OW	PET MW	rPET 50% MW	rPET 100% MW	Glass OW	Glass MW
mass for transport total	[kg]	22.429	22.429	22.429	18.880	18.880	18.880	17.412	16.247
delivery step 1 outbound	[km]	220	220	220	220	220	220	220	220
delivery step 1 inbound	[km]	66	66	66	220	220	220	66	220
delivery step 2 outbound	[km]	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50
delivery step 2 inbound	[km]	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50
delivery total	[km]	360	360	360	500	500	500	360	500
cooling lorry needed (1 = yes)	[-]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
waste management	unit	PET OW	rPET 50% OW	rPET 100% OW	PET MW	rPET 50% MW	rPET 100% MW	Glass OW	Glass MW
allocation benefit recycling	[%]	50%	50%	50%	50%	50%	50%	50%	50%

Input data

Milk 1,0 l



milk 1,0 l	unit	PET OW	rPET 50% OW	rPET 100% OW	HDPE	rHDPE 50%	rHDPE 100%	Glass OW	Glass MW	Carton
volume	[ml]	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000
cycles	[-]	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	15	1
mass of container	[g]	22,10	22,10	22,10	18,80	18,80	18,80	420,00	493,17	25,00
material cap	[-]	HDPE	HDPE	HDPE	HDPE	HDPE	HDPE	Tinplate	Tinplate	HDPE
mass cap	[g]	2,67	2,67	2,67	1,65	1,65	1,65	4,02	4,02	8,00
material label	[-]	PET	PET	PET	paper	paper	paper	paper	paper	no label
mass label	[g]	3,16	3,16	3,16	1,50	1,50	1,50	1,78	1,78	-
mass product system: container, cap & label	[g]	27,93	27,93	27,93	21,95	21,95	21,95	425,80	498,97	33,00
secondary packaging / sales packaging	unit	PET OW	rPET 50% OW	rPET 100% OW	HDPE	rHDPE 50%	rHDPE 100%	Glass OW	Glass MW	Carton
container per tray/box	[pieces]	12	12	12	12	12	12	6	6	12
mass materials single use	[g]	150,28	150,28	150,28	140,20	140,20	140,20	165,20	0,20	122,20
mass materials multiple use	[g]	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.200,00	-
tertiary packaging / transport packaging per palette	unit	PET OW	rPET 50% OW	rPET 100% OW	HDPE	rHDPE 50%	rHDPE 100%	Glass OW	Glass MW	Carton
container per palette	[pieces]	864	864	864	864	864	864	408	306	624
mass materials single use	[g]	2.967	2.967	2.967	3.352	3.352	3.352	172	172	172
mass materials multiple use	[g]	24.000	24.000	24.000	24.000	24.000	24.000	24.000	25.200	24.000
delivery to retailer	unit	PET OW	rPET 50% OW	rPET 100% OW	HDPE	rHDPE 50%	rHDPE 100%	Glass OW	Glass MW	Carton
mass for transport total	[kg]	24.074	24.074	24.074	23.931	23.931	23.931	20.365	17.954	22.279
delivery step 1 outbound	[km]	165	165	165	165	165	165	165	165	165
delivery step 1 inbound	[km]	165	165	165	165	165	165	165	165	165
delivery step 2 outbound	[km]	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50
delivery step 2 inbound	[km]	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50
delivery total	[km]	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400
cooling lorry needed (1 = yes)	[-]	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
waste management	unit	PET OW	rPET 50% OW	rPET 100% OW	HDPE	rHDPE 50%	rHDPE 100%	Glass OW	Glass MW	Carton
allocation benefit recycling	[%]	50%	50%	50%	50%	50%	50%	50%	50%	50%

Input data

Juice 1,0 l



juice 1,0 l	unit	PET OW	rPET 50% OW	rPET 100% OW	Glass OW	Glass MW	Carton
volume	[ml]	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000
cycles	[-]	1	1	1	1	20	1
mass of container	[g]	28,26	28,26	28,26	516,20	637,00	33,67
material cap	[-]	HDPE	HDPE	HDPE	Alu	Alu	HDPE
mass cap	[g]	3,00	3,00	3,00	1,33	1,18	3,91
material label	[-]	PP	PP	PP	paper	paper	no label
mass label	[g]	1,31	1,31	1,31	1,71	4,80	-
mass product system: container, cap & label	[g]	32,57	32,57	32,57	519,24	642,98	37,58
secondary packaging / sales packaging	unit	PET OW	rPET 50% OW	rPET 100% OW	Glass OW	Glass MW	Carton
container per tray/box	[pieces]	6	6	6	6	8	10
mass materials single use	[g]	16,50	16,50	16,50	-	-	160,00
mass materials multiple use	[g]	-	-	-	2.000,00	2.000,00	-
tertiary packaging / transport packaging per palette	unit	PET OW	rPET 50% OW	rPET 100% OW	Glass OW	Glass MW	Carton
container per palette	[pieces]	792	792	792	384	384	840
mass materials single use	[g]	3.201	3.201	3.201	2.000	-	3.651
mass materials multiple use	[g]	24.000	24.000	24.000	26.000	26.000	24.000
delivery to retailer	unit	PET OW	rPET 50% OW	rPET 100% OW	Glass OW	Glass MW	Carton
mass for transport total	[kg]	23.721	23.721	23.721	23.596	24.029	23.729
delivery step 1 outbound	[km]	275	275	275	275	275	275
delivery step 1 inbound	[km]	55	55	55	55	275	55
delivery step 2 outbound	[km]	50	50	50	50	50	50
delivery step 2 inbound	[km]	50	50	50	50	50	50
delivery total	[km]	400	400	400	400	600	400
cooling lorry needed (1 = yes)	[-]	0	0	0	0	0	0
waste management	unit	PET OW	rPET 50% OW	rPET 100% OW	Glass OW	Glass MW	Carton
allocation benefit recycling	[%]	50%	50%	50%	50%	50%	50%

Input data

Beer 0,5 l



beer 0,5 l	unit	PET OW	rPET 50% OW	rPET 100% OW	Glass OW	Glass MW	ALU can
volume	[ml]	500	500	500	500	500	500
cycles	[-]	1	1	1	1	30	1
mass of container	[g]	31,20	31,20	31,20	278,00	374,00	12,80
material cap	[-]	HDPE	HDPE	HDPE	Tinplate	Tinplate	Alu
mass cap	[g]	2,30	2,30	2,30	2,20	2,20	2,50
material label	[-]	paper	paper	paper	paper	paper	no label
mass label	[g]	1,50	1,50	1,50	1,50	1,50	-
mass product system: container, cap & label	[g]	35,00	35,00	35,00	281,70	377,70	15,30
secondary packaging / sales packaging	unit	PET OW	rPET 50% OW	rPET 100% OW	Glass OW	Glass MW	ALU can
container per tray/box	[pieces]	18	18	18	24	20	24
mass materials single use	[g]	20,50	20,50	20,50	340,42	-	106,28
mass materials multiple use	[g]	-	-	-	-	1.860,00	-
tertiary packaging / transport packaging per palette	unit	PET OW	rPET 50% OW	rPET 100% OW	Glass OW	Glass MW	ALU can
container per palette	[pieces]	1.296	1.296	1.296	1.080	800	1.728
mass materials single use	[g]	3.451	3.451	3.451	2.951	1	3.451
mass materials multiple use	[g]	24.000	24.000	24.000	24.000	25.860	24.000
delivery to retailer	unit	PET OW	rPET 50% OW	rPET 100% OW	Glass OW	Glass MW	ALU can
mass for transport total	[kg]	18.779	18.779	18.779	23.049	20.815	24.064
delivery step 1 outbound	[km]	220	220	220	220	220	220
delivery step 1 inbound	[km]	44	44	44	44	220	44
delivery step 2 outbound	[km]	50	50	50	50	50	50
delivery step 2 inbound	[km]	50	50	50	50	50	50
delivery total	[km]	340	340	340	340	500	340
cooling lorry needed (1 = yes)	[-]	0	0	0	0	0	0
waste management	unit	PET OW	rPET 50% OW	rPET 100% OW	Glass OW	Glass MW	ALU can
allocation benefit recycling	[%]	50%	50%	50%	50%	50%	50%

Input data

Carbonated Soft Drinks (CSD) 0,5 l



CSD 0,5 l	unit	PET OW	rPET 50% OW	rPET 100% OW	PET MW	rPET 50% MW	rPET 100% MW	Glass OW	Glass MW	ALU can
volume	[ml]	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	500
cycles	[-]	1	1	1	20	20	20	1	30	1
mass of container	[g]	20,76	20,76	20,76	45,00	45,00	45,00	335,00	385,00	12,80
material cap	[-]	HDPE	HDPE	HDPE	HDPE	HDPE	HDPE	Alu	Alu	Alu
mass cap	[g]	2,18	2,18	2,18	3,00	3,00	3,00	1,50	1,50	2,65
material label	[-]	PP	PP	PP	PET	PET	PET	paper	paper	no label
mass label	[g]	0,28	0,28	0,28	0,30	0,30	0,30	1,50	1,50	-
mass product system: container, cap & label	[g]	23,22	23,22	23,22	48,30	48,30	48,30	338,00	388,00	15,45
secondary packaging / sales packaging	unit	PET OW	rPET 50% OW	rPET 100% OW	PET MW	rPET 50% MW	rPET 100% MW	Glass OW	Glass MW	ALU can
container per tray/box	[pieces]	12	12	12	12	12	12	6	20	24
mass materials single use	[g]	8,85	8,85	8,85	-	-	-	169,15	-	105,50
mass materials multiple use	[g]	-	-	-	1.750,00	1.750,00	1.750,00	-	2.000,00	-
tertiary packaging / transport packaging per palette	unit	PET OW	rPET 50% OW	rPET 100% OW	PET MW	rPET 50% MW	rPET 100% MW	Glass OW	Glass MW	ALU can
container per palette	[pieces]	1.296	1.296	1.296	840	840	840	864	800	1.728
mass materials single use	[g]	3.451	3.451	3.451	1	1	1	3.451	1	3.451
mass materials multiple use	[g]	24.000	24.000	24.000	25.750	25.750	25.750	24.000	26.000	24.000
delivery to retailer	unit	PET OW	rPET 50% OW	rPET 100% OW	PET MW	rPET 50% MW	rPET 100% MW	Glass OW	Glass MW	ALU can
mass for transport total	[kg]	18.369	18.369	18.369	15.784	15.784	15.784	20.172	21.174	24.069
delivery step 1 outbound	[km]	275	275	275	275	275	275	275	275	275
delivery step 1 inbound	[km]	55	55	55	275	275	275	55	275	55
delivery step 2 outbound	[km]	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50
delivery step 2 inbound	[km]	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50
delivery total	[km]	400	400	400	600	600	600	400	600	400
cooling lorry needed (1 = yes)	[-]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
waste management	unit	PET OW	rPET 50% OW	rPET 100% OW	PET MW	rPET 50% MW	rPET 100% MW	Glass OW	Glass MW	ALU can
allocation benefit recycling	[%]	50%	50%	50%	50%	50%	50%	50%	50%	50%

Input data

Food 350 ml



food jar 0,35 l	unit	PET OW	rPET 50% OW	rPET 100% OW	Glass OW	FE can
volume	[ml]	350	350	350	310	420
cycles	[-]	1	1	1	1	1
mass of container	[g]	19,19	19,19	19,19	162,66	46,05
material cap	[-]	PP	PP	PP	Tinplate	Tinplate
mass cap	[g]	9,54	9,54	9,54	11,50	10,02
material label	[-]	paper	paper	paper	paper	paper
mass label	[g]	1,00	1,00	1,00	0,80	1,78
mass product system: container, cap & label	[g]	29,73	29,73	29,73	174,96	57,85
secondary packaging / sales packaging	unit	PET OW	rPET 50% OW	rPET 100% OW	Glass OW	FE can
container per tray/box	[pieces]	6	6	6	6	6
mass materials single use	[g]	161,00	161,00	161,00	161,00	161,00
mass materials multiple use	[g]	-	-	-	-	-
tertiary packaging / transport packaging per palette	unit	PET OW	rPET 50% OW	rPET 100% OW	Glass OW	FE can
container per palette	[pieces]	1.920	1.920	1.920	1.680	1.824
mass materials single use	[g]	4.355	4.355	4.355	5.605	6.355
mass materials multiple use	[g]	24.000	24.000	24.000	24.000	24.000
delivery to retailer	unit	PET OW	rPET 50% OW	rPET 100% OW	Glass OW	FE can
mass for transport total	[kg]	21.033	21.033	21.033	23.125	24.723
delivery step 1 outbound	[km]	330	330	330	330	330
delivery step 1 inbound	[km]	66	66	66	66	66
delivery step 2 outbound	[km]	50	50	50	50	50
delivery step 2 inbound	[km]	50	50	50	50	50
delivery total	[km]	460	460	460	460	460
cooling lorry needed (1 = yes)	[-]	0	0	0	0	0
waste management	unit	PET OW	rPET 50% OW	rPET 100% OW	Glass OW	FE can
allocation benefit recycling	[%]	50%	50%	50%	50%	50%

Input data

Ketchup 330 ml



c7-consult
sustainable performance

ketchup 0,3 l	unit	PET OW	rPET 50% OW	rPET 100% OW	HDPE	rHDPE 50%	rHDPE 100%	PP	Glass OW
volume	[ml]	320	320	320	370	370	370	270	330
cycles	[-]	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
mass of container	[g]	21,85	21,85	21,85	25,45	25,45	25,45	22,21	191,09
material cap	[-]	PP	PP	PP	PP	PP	PP	PP	Tinplate
mass cap	[g]	3,39	3,39	3,39	6,93	6,93	6,93	4,60	3,17
material label	[-]	PP	PP	PP	PP	PP	PP	PP	paper
mass label	[g]	0,76	0,76	0,76	1,51	1,51	1,51	0,65	0,76
mass product system: container, cap & label	[g]	26,00	26,00	26,00	33,89	33,89	33,89	27,46	195,02
secondary packaging / sales packaging	unit	PET OW	rPET 50% OW	rPET 100% OW	HDPE	rHDPE 50%	rHDPE 100%	PP	Glass OW
container per tray/box	[pieces]	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
mass materials single use	[g]	134,00	134,00	134,00	134,00	134,00	134,00	134,00	138,00
mass materials multiple use	[g]	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
tertiary packaging / transport packaging per palette	unit	PET OW	rPET 50% OW	rPET 100% OW	HDPE	rHDPE 50%	rHDPE 100%	PP	Glass OW
container per palette	[pieces]	1.920	1.920	1.920	1.920	1.920	1.920	1.920	1.680
mass materials single use	[g]	6.757	6.757	6.757	6.757	6.757	6.757	6.751	7.350
mass materials multiple use	[g]	24.000	24.000	24.000	24.000	24.000	24.000	24.000	24.000
delivery to retailer	unit	PET OW	rPET 50% OW	rPET 100% OW	HDPE	rHDPE 50%	rHDPE 100%	PP	Glass OW
mass for transport total	[kg]	19.187	19.187	19.187	22.077	22.077	22.077	16.764	24.753
delivery step 1 outbound	[km]	330	330	330	330	330	330	330	330
delivery step 1 inbound	[km]	66	66	66	66	66	66	66	66
delivery step 2 outbound	[km]	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50
delivery step 2 inbound	[km]	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50
delivery total	[km]	460	460	460	460	460	460	460	460
cooling lorry needed (1 = yes)	[-]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
waste management	unit	PET OW	rPET 50% OW	rPET 100% OW	HDPE	rHDPE 50%	rHDPE 100%	PP	Glass OW
allocation benefit recycling	[%]	50%	50%	50%	50%	50%	50%	50%	50%

Input data

Liquid Detergent 1,5 l



c7-consult
sustainable performance

detergent 1,5 l	unit	PET OW	rPET 50% OW	rPET 100% OW	HDPE	rHDPE 50%	rHDPE 100%	PP	Pouch
volume	[ml]	1.500	1.500	1.500	1.500	1.500	1.500	1.500	1.800
cycles	[-]	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
mass of container	[g]	91,50	91,50	91,50	101,10	101,10	101,10	122,50	42,25
material cap	[-]	PP	PP	PP	PP	PP	PP	PP	HDPE
mass cap	[g]	9,30	9,30	9,30	6,90	6,90	6,90	25,40	3,80
material label	[-]	paper	paper	paper	paper	paper	paper	paper	no label
mass label	[g]	2,00	2,00	2,00	2,00	2,00	2,00	2,00	-
mass product system: container, cap & label	[g]	102,80	102,80	102,80	110,00	110,00	110,00	149,90	46,05
secondary packaging / sales packaging	unit	PET OW	rPET 50% OW	rPET 100% OW	HDPE	rHDPE 50%	rHDPE 100%	PP	Pouch
container per tray/box	[pieces]	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	5
mass materials single use	[g]	181,00	181,00	181,00	181,00	181,00	181,00	181,00	161,00
mass materials multiple use	[g]	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
tertiary packaging / transport packaging per palette	unit	PET OW	rPET 50% OW	rPET 100% OW	HDPE	rHDPE 50%	rHDPE 100%	PP	Pouch
container per palette	[pieces]	528	528	528	528	528	528	528	450
mass materials single use	[g]	5.158	5.158	5.158	5.158	5.158	5.158	5.151	4.351
mass materials multiple use	[g]	24.000	24.000	24.000	24.000	24.000	24.000	24.000	24.000
delivery to retailer	unit	PET OW	rPET 50% OW	rPET 100% OW	HDPE	rHDPE 50%	rHDPE 100%	PP	Pouch
mass for transport total	[kg]	23.383	23.383	23.383	23.481	23.481	23.481	24.029	22.713
delivery step 1 outbound	[km]	330	330	330	330	330	330	330	330
delivery step 1 inbound	[km]	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33
delivery step 2 outbound	[km]	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50
delivery step 2 inbound	[km]	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50
delivery total	[km]	430	430	430	430	430	430	430	430
cooling lorry needed (1 = yes)	[-]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
waste management	unit	PET OW	rPET 50% OW	rPET 100% OW	HDPE	rHDPE 50%	rHDPE 100%	PP	Pouch
allocation benefit recycling	[%]	50%	50%	50%	50%	50%	50%	50%	50%

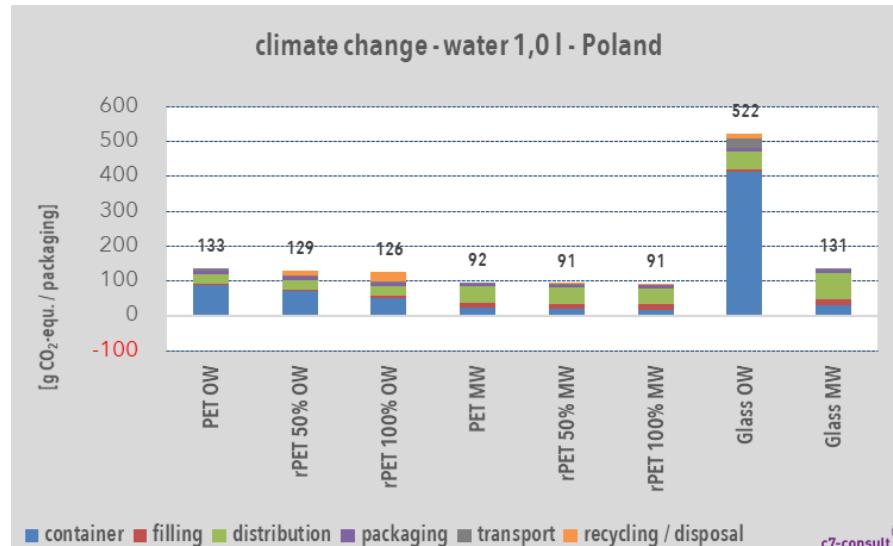


c7-consult
sustainable performance

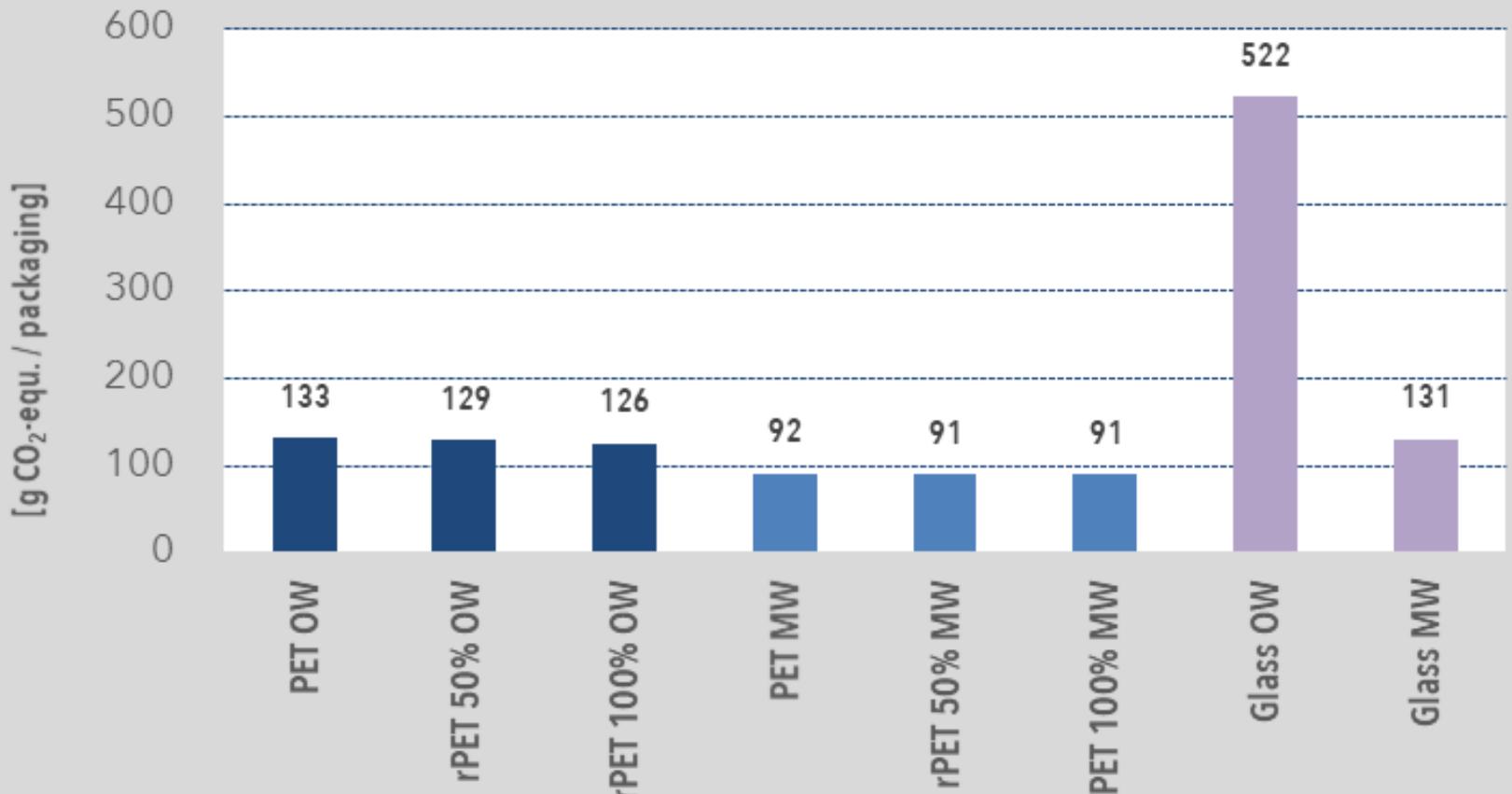
Results Water 1,0 l

➤ Results cover total life cycle

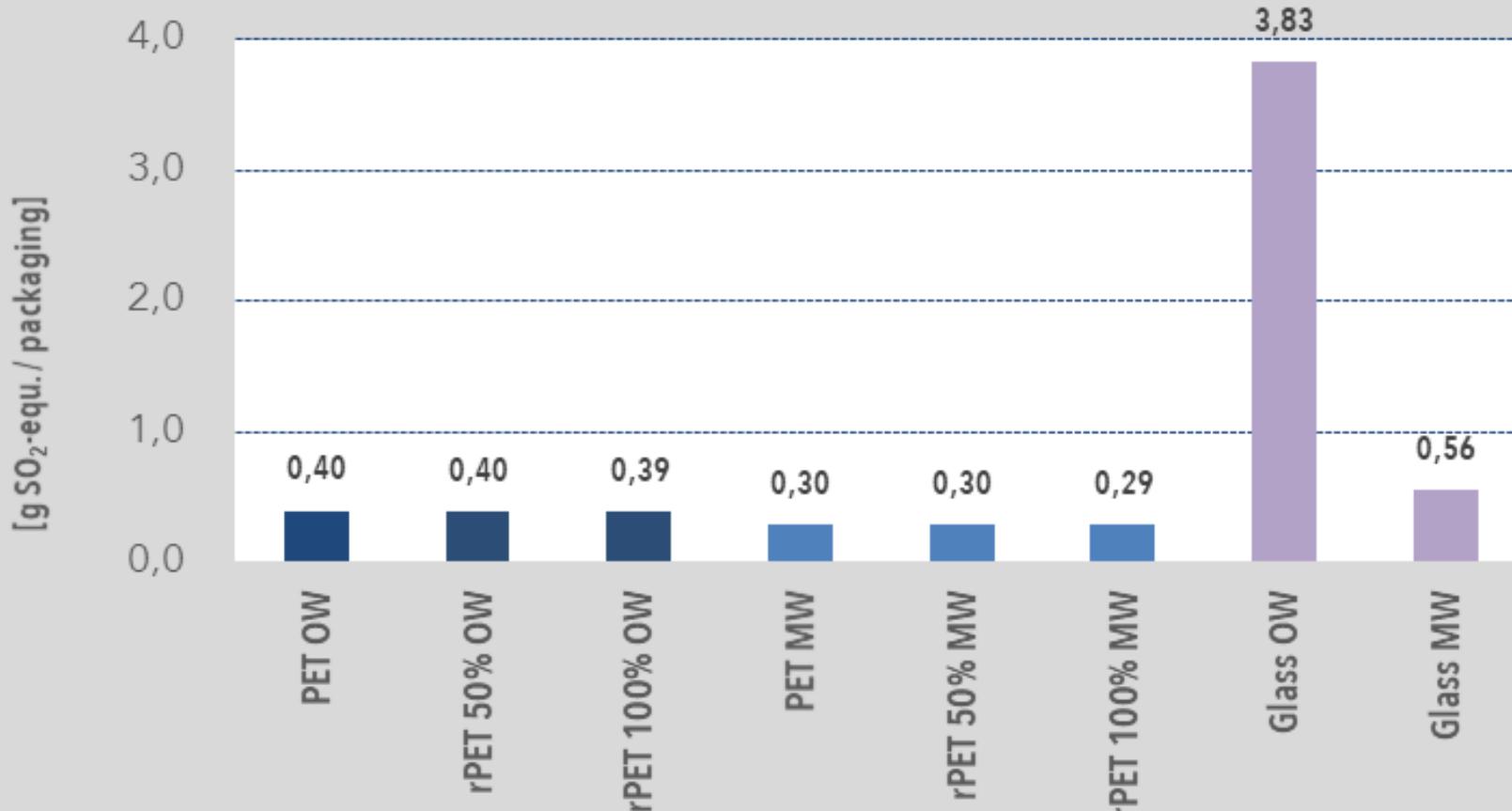
- **Bottle:** container, cap & label
- **Filling:** filling & washing of returnable bottles
- **Distribution:** delivery to retailer & back to bottler
- **Packaging:** secondary & tertiary packaging including recycling
- **Transport:** other transports like raw materials, container and cap to bottler, etc. as well as to recycling plants and final disposal
- **Recycling / disposal:** material and energetic recovery of container, cap and label in 1. recycling step and final disposal.



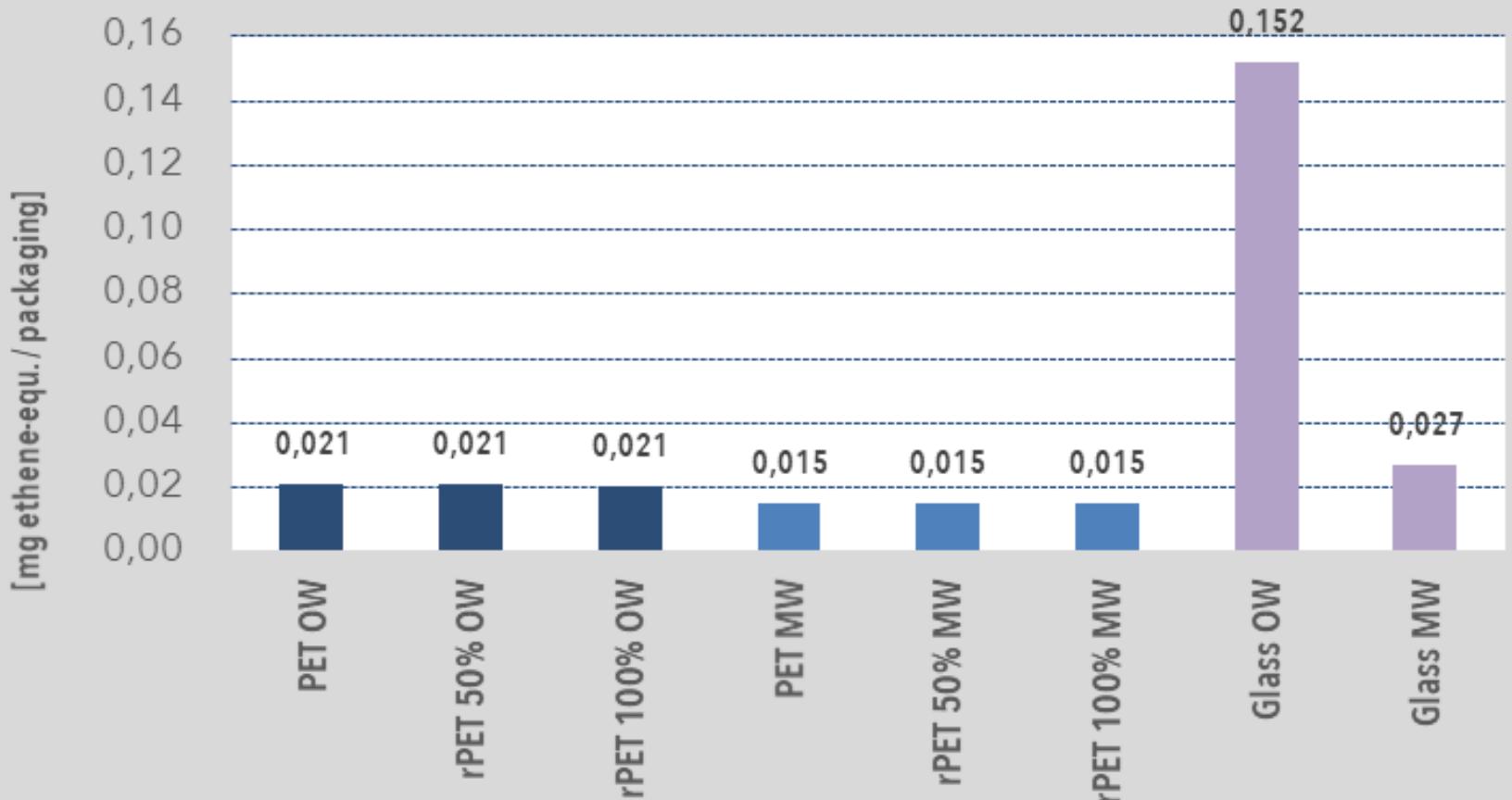
climate change - water 1,0 l - Poland



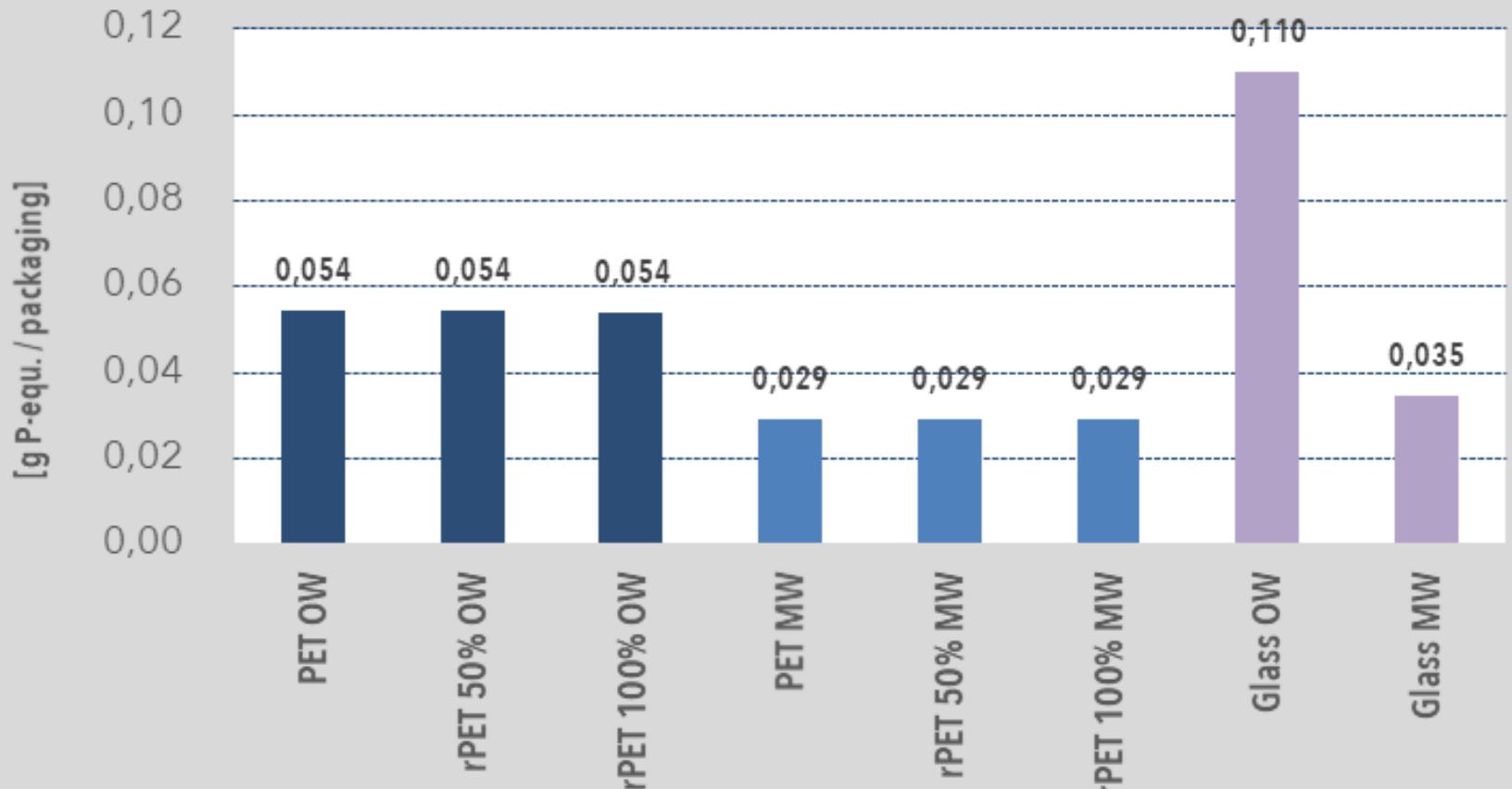
acidification potential - water 1,0l - Poland



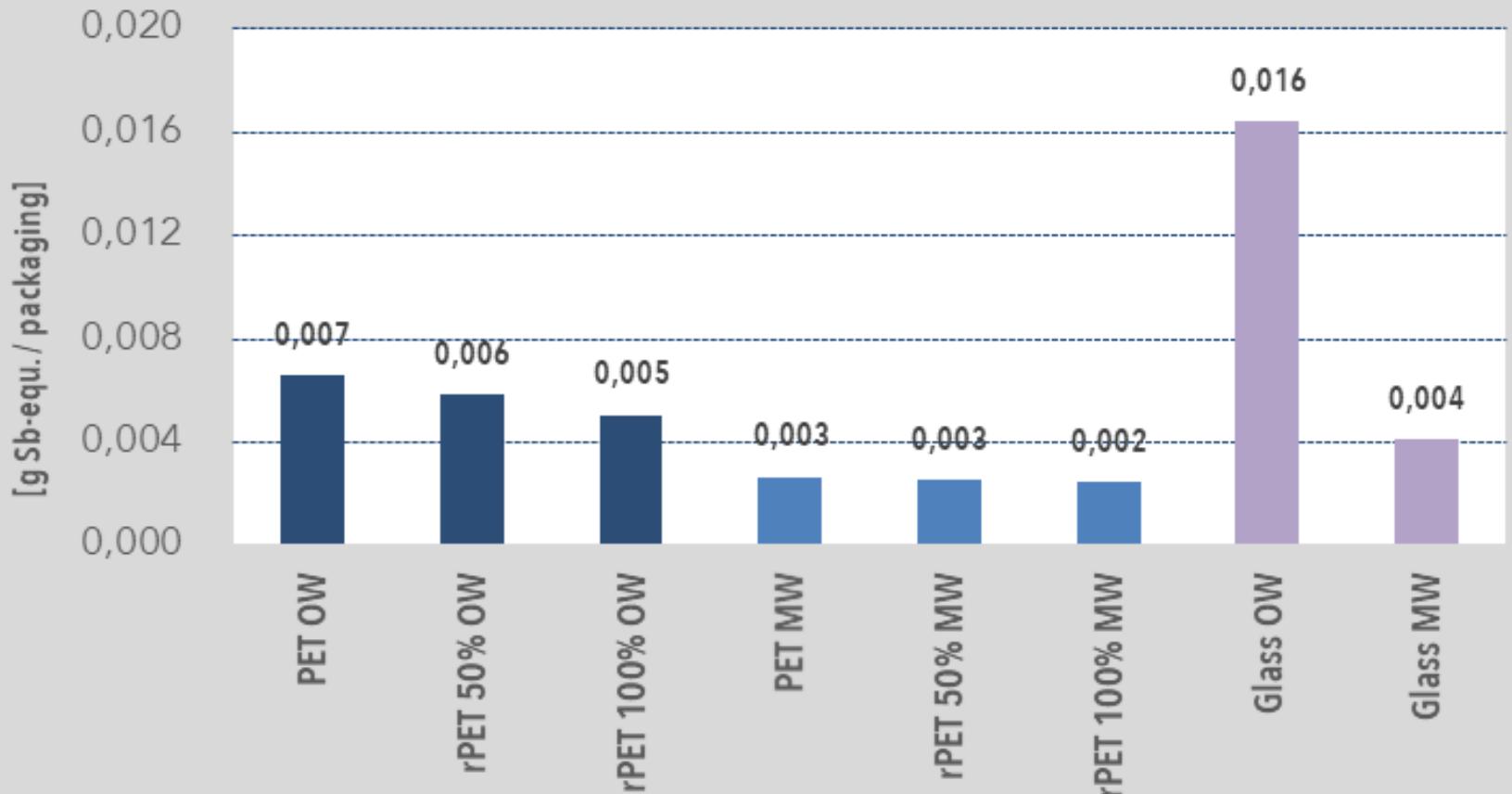
photochemical oxidation(summersmog)- water 1,0 l - Poland



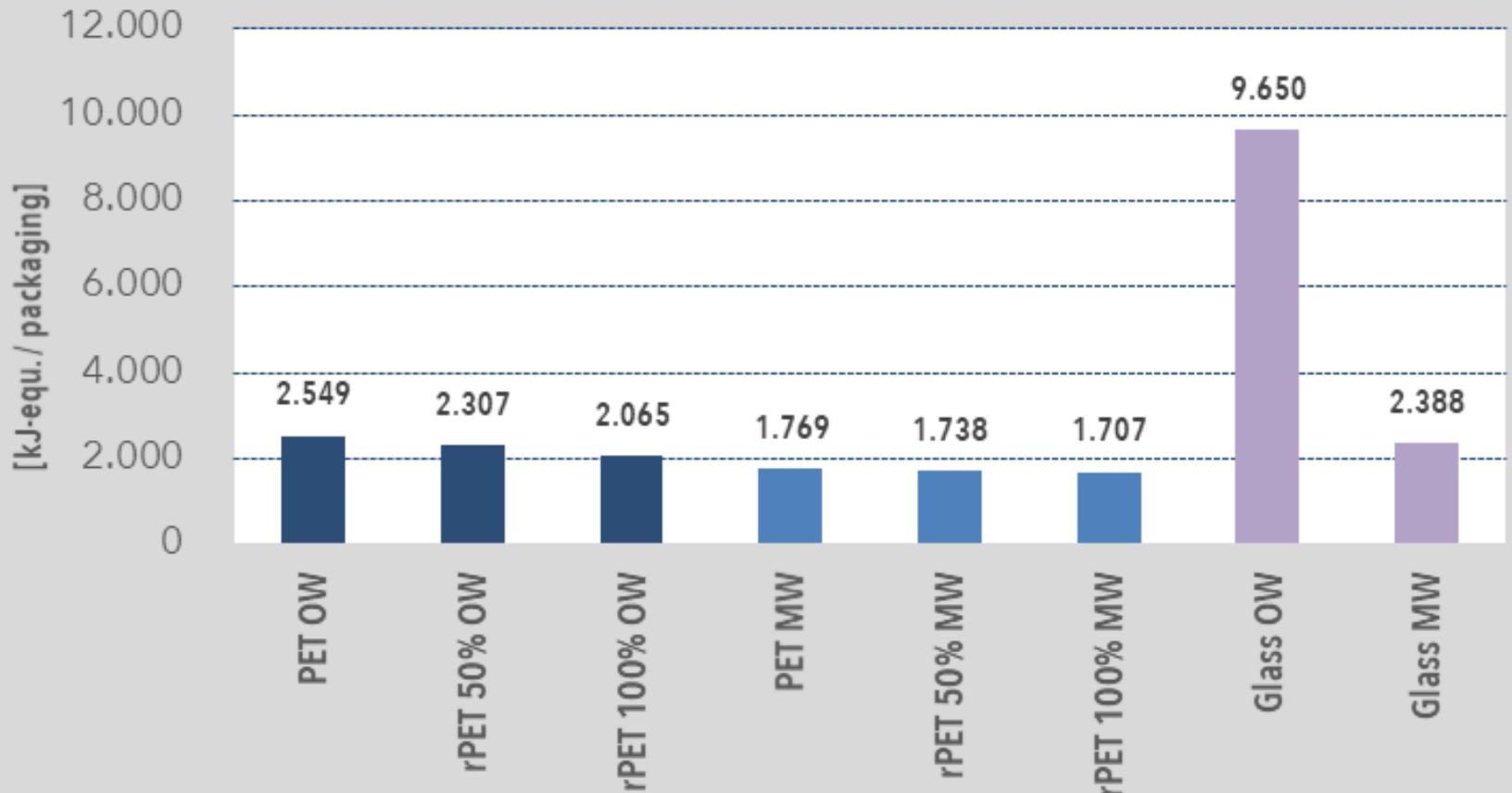
freshwater eutrophication - water 1,0 l - Poland



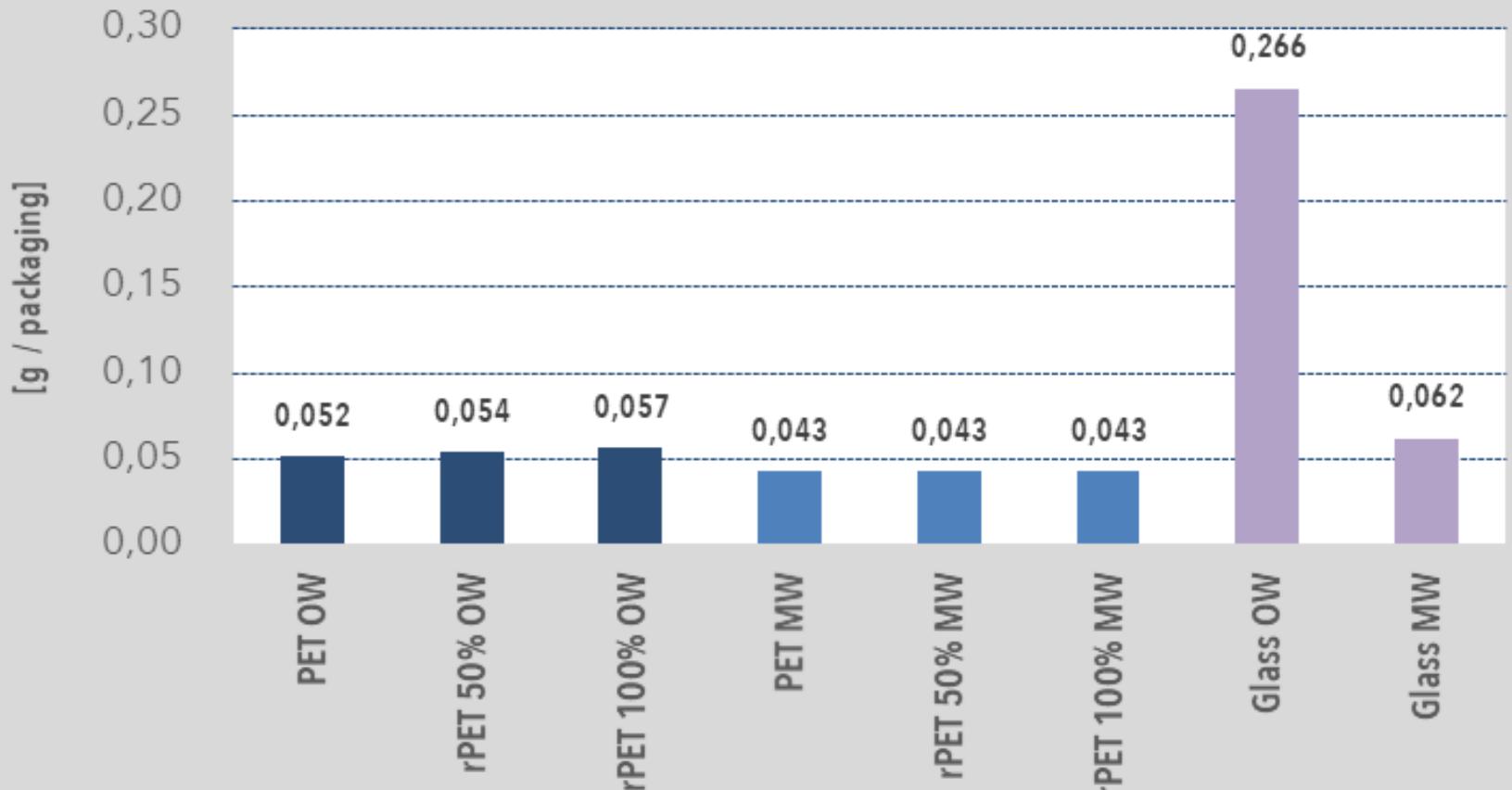
depletion of abiotic resources - elements - water 1,0 l - Poland



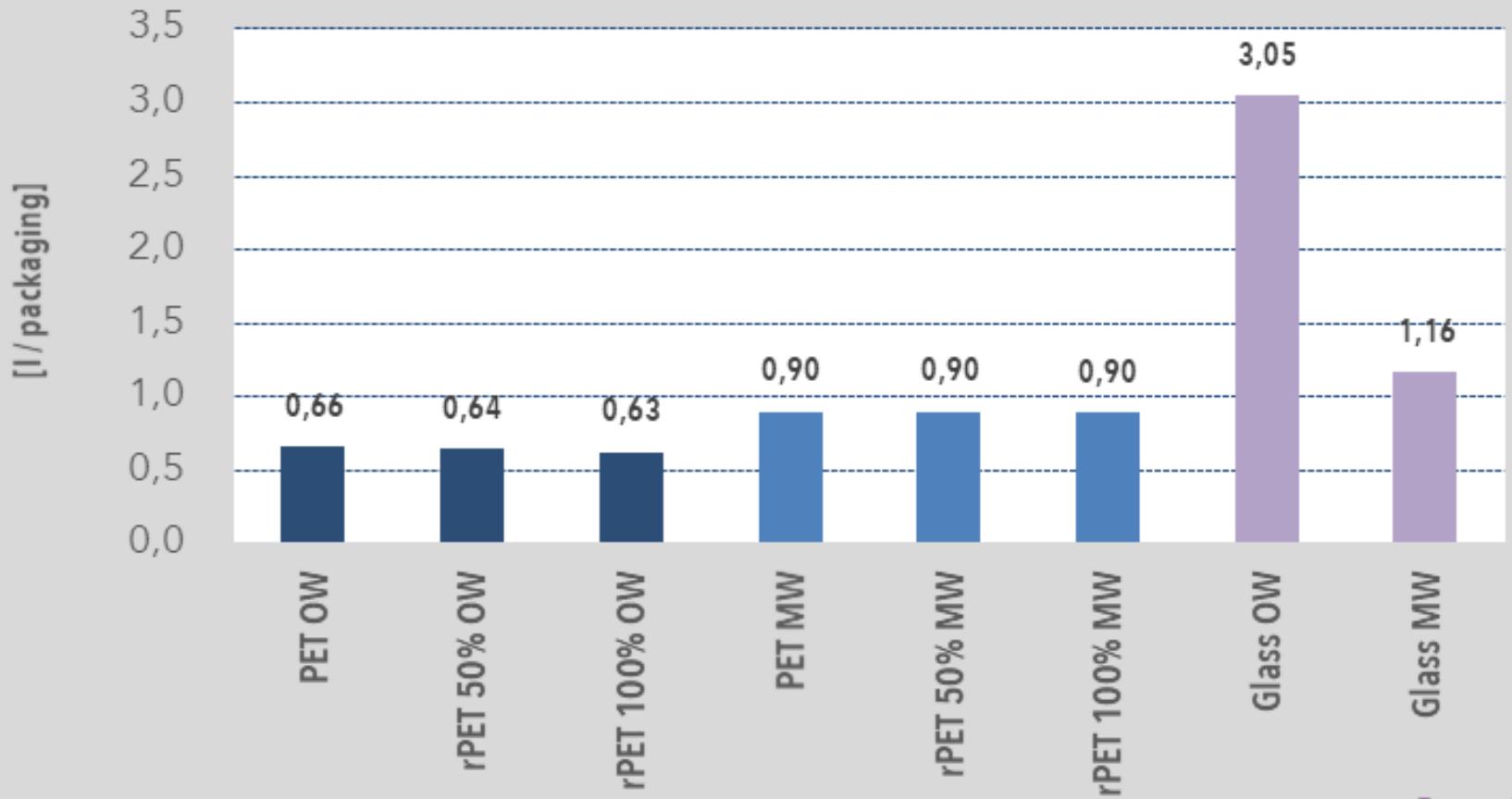
cumulative energy demand - water 1,0 l - Poland



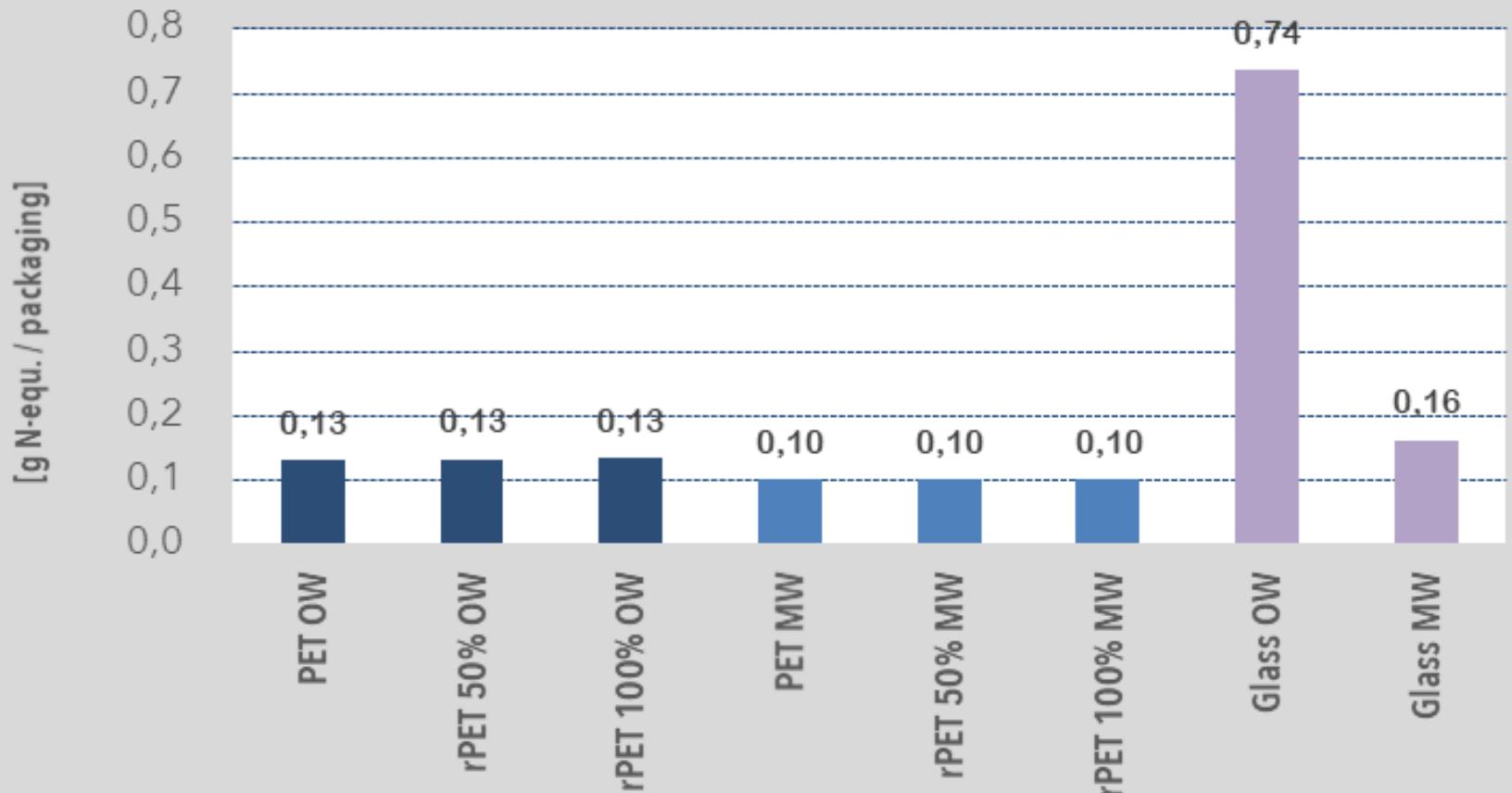
particulates < 2,5 µm · water 1,0l · Poland



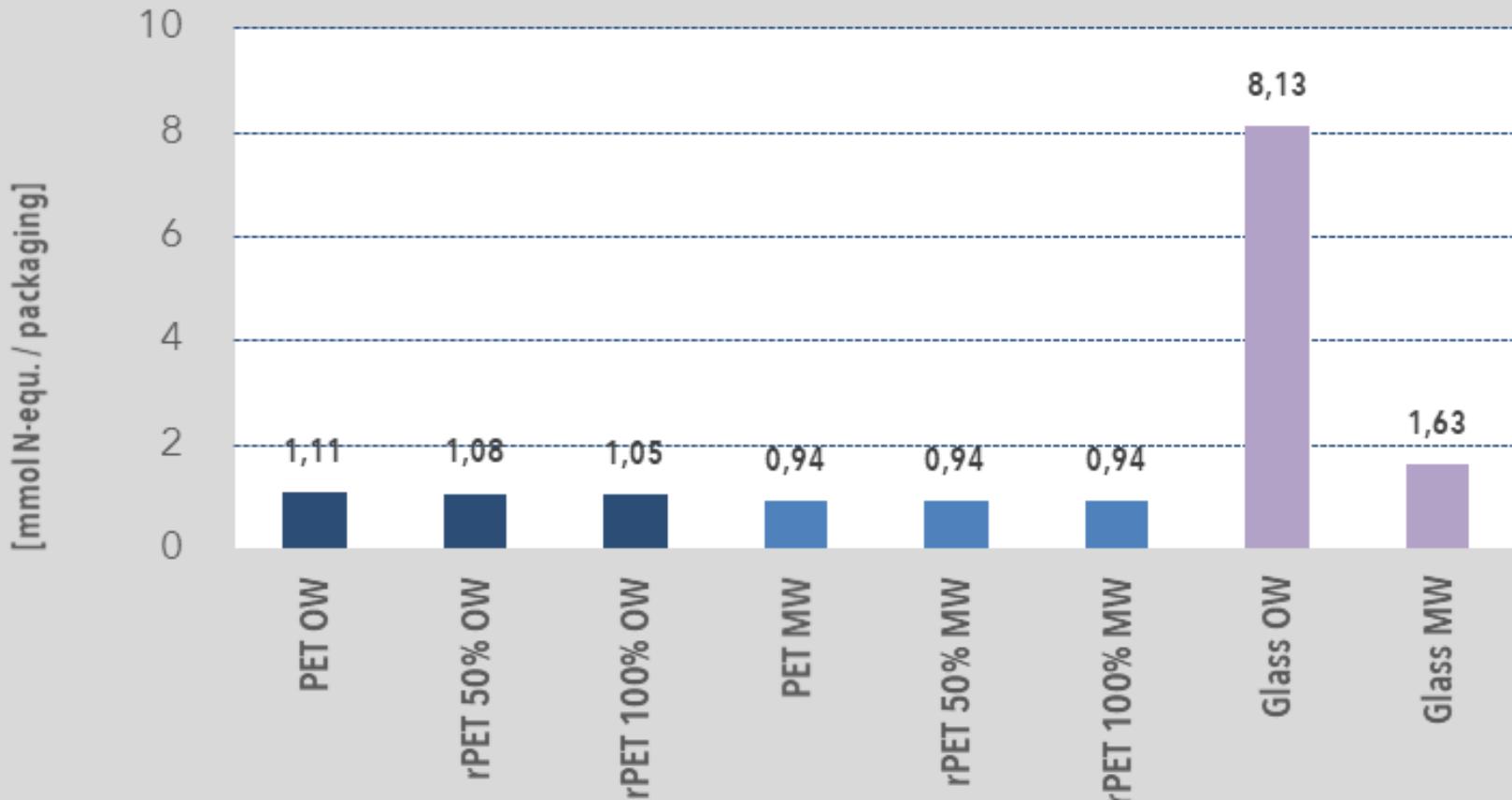
water - water 1,0 l - Poland



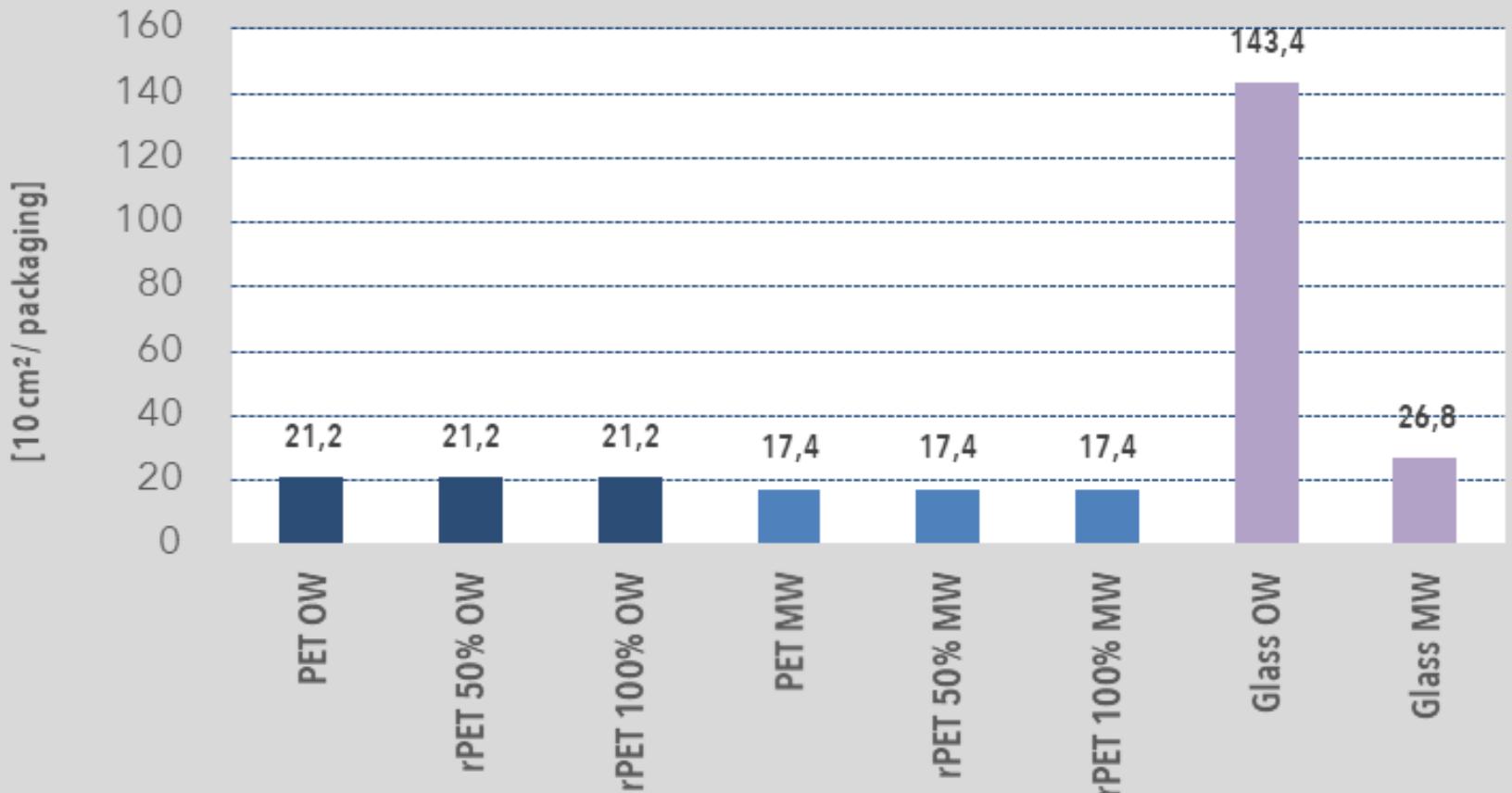
marine eutrophication - water 1,0l - Poland



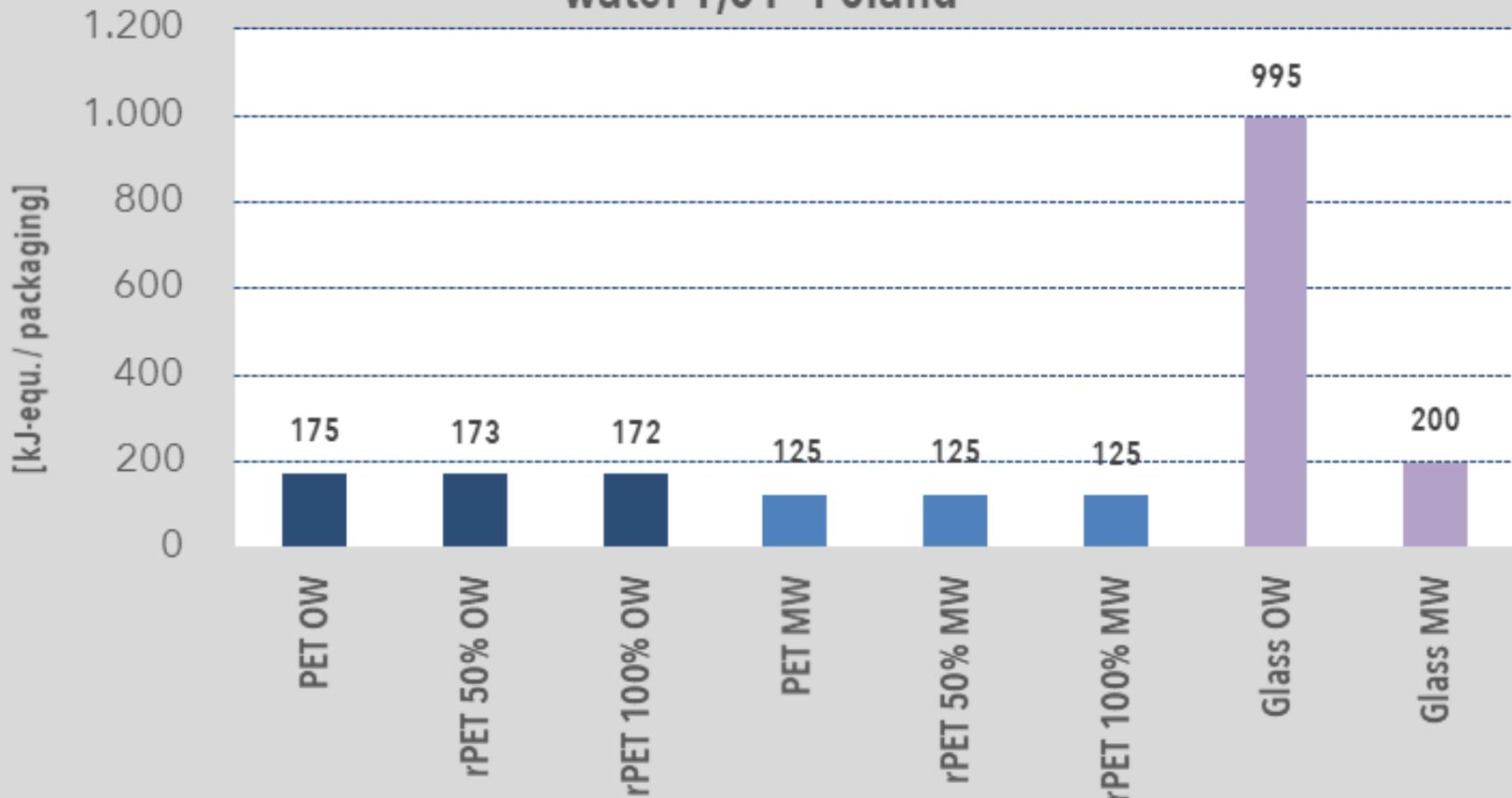
terrestrial eutrophication - water 1,0 l - Poland



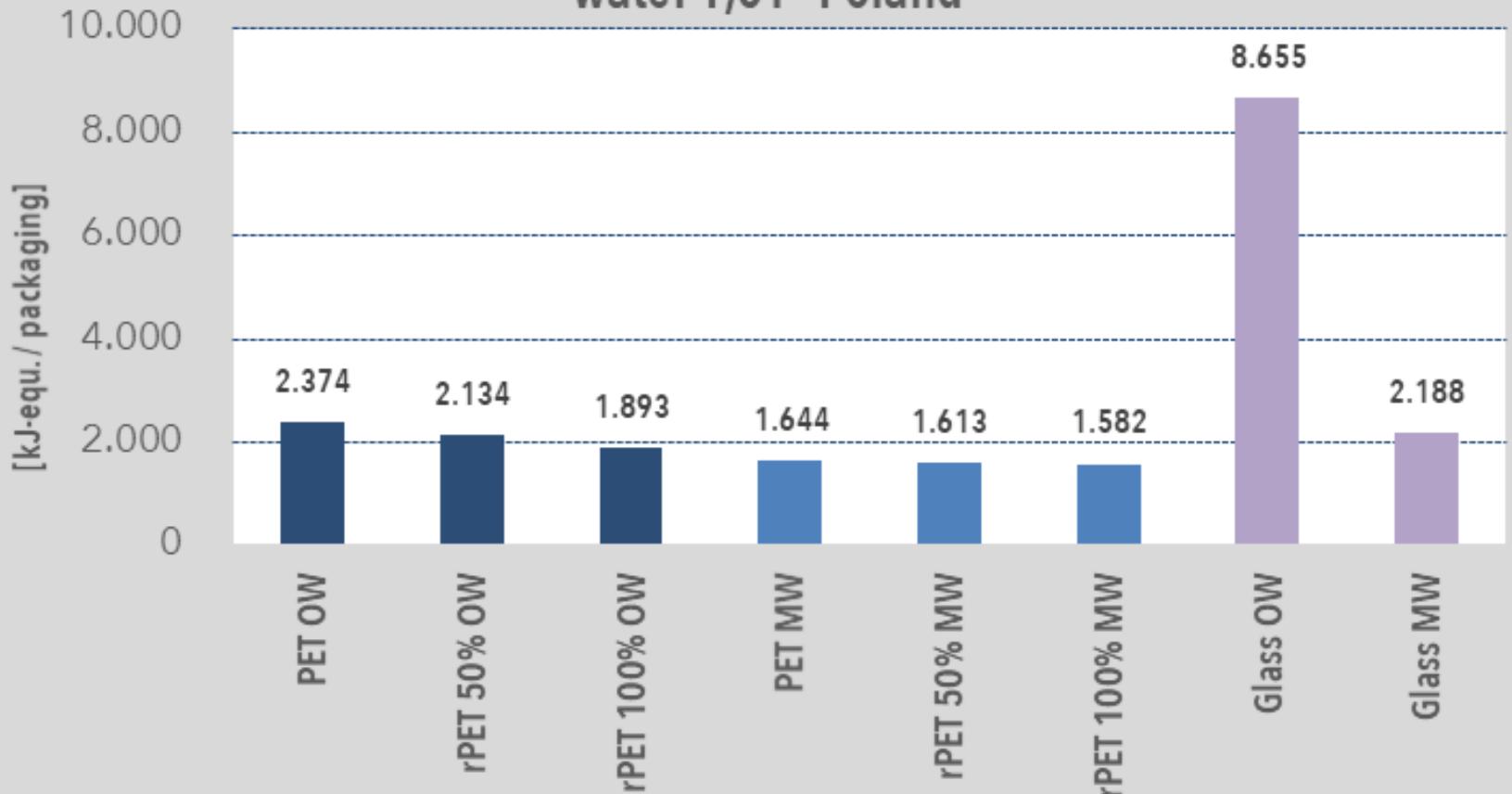
land use - water 1,0 l - Poland



cumulative energy demand - renewable energy resources - water 1,0 l - Poland



cumulative energy demand - non-renewable energy resources - water 1,0 l - Poland

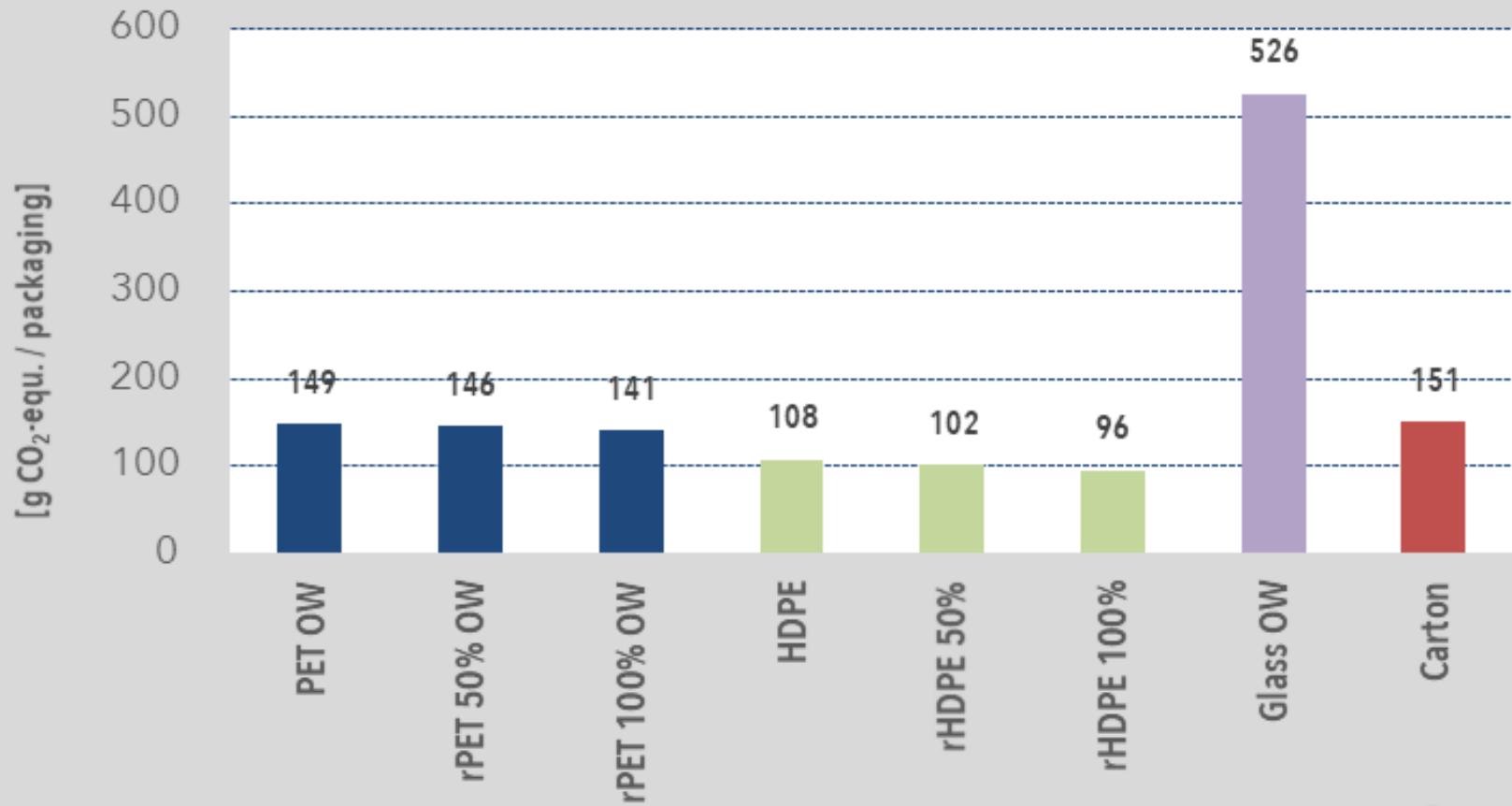




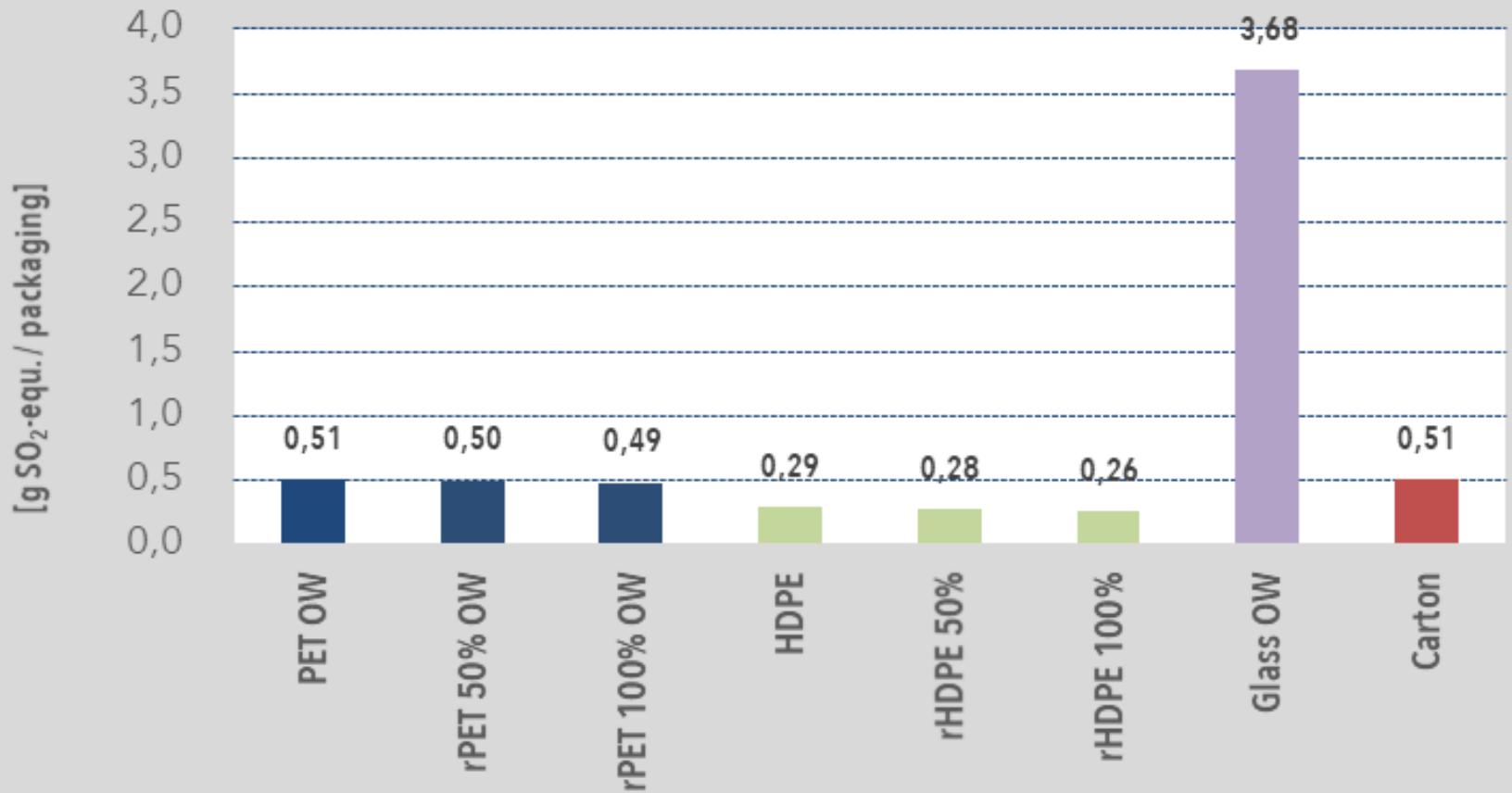
c7-consult
sustainable performance

Results Milk 1,0 l

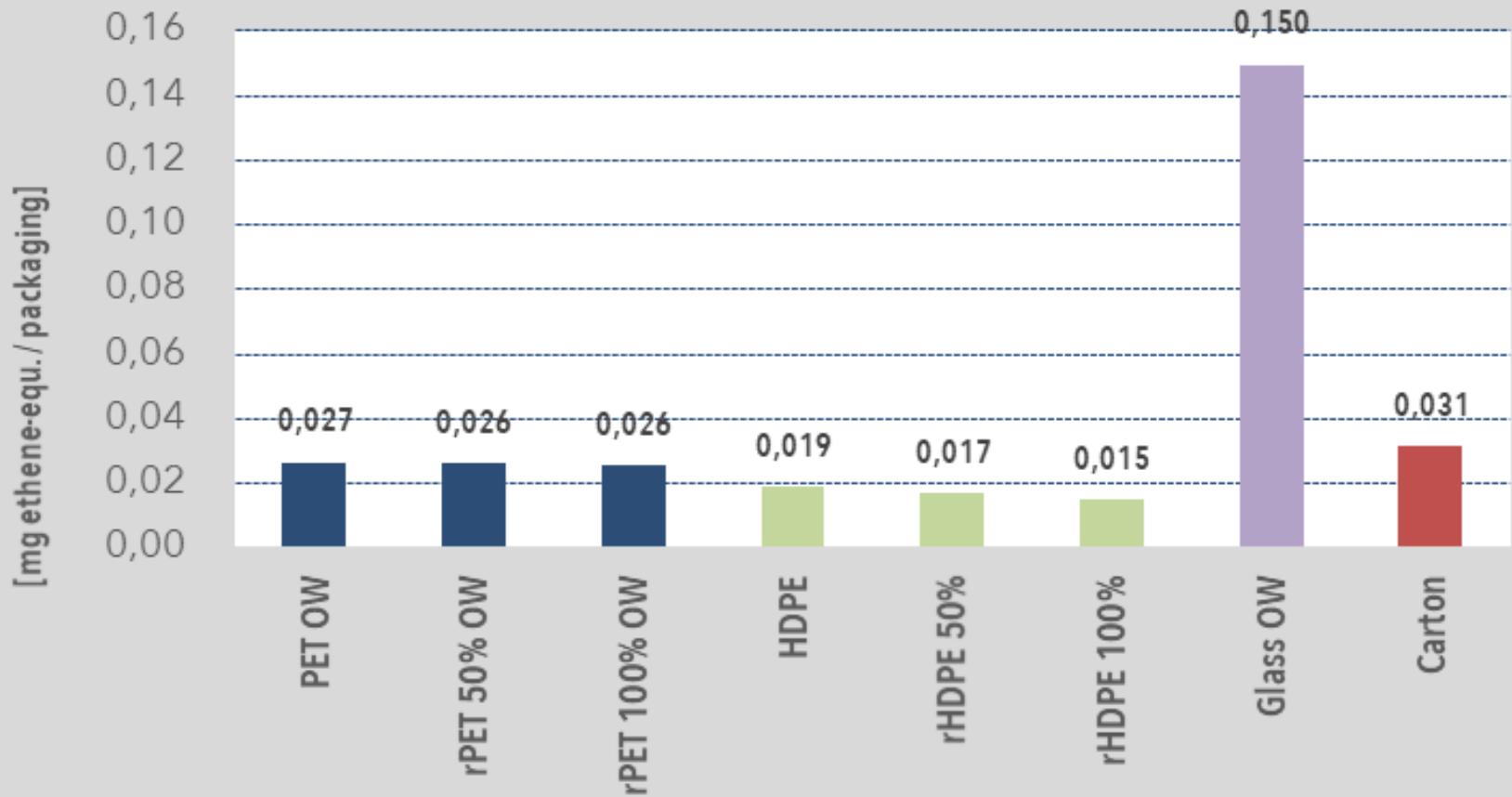
climate change - milk 1,0 l - Poland



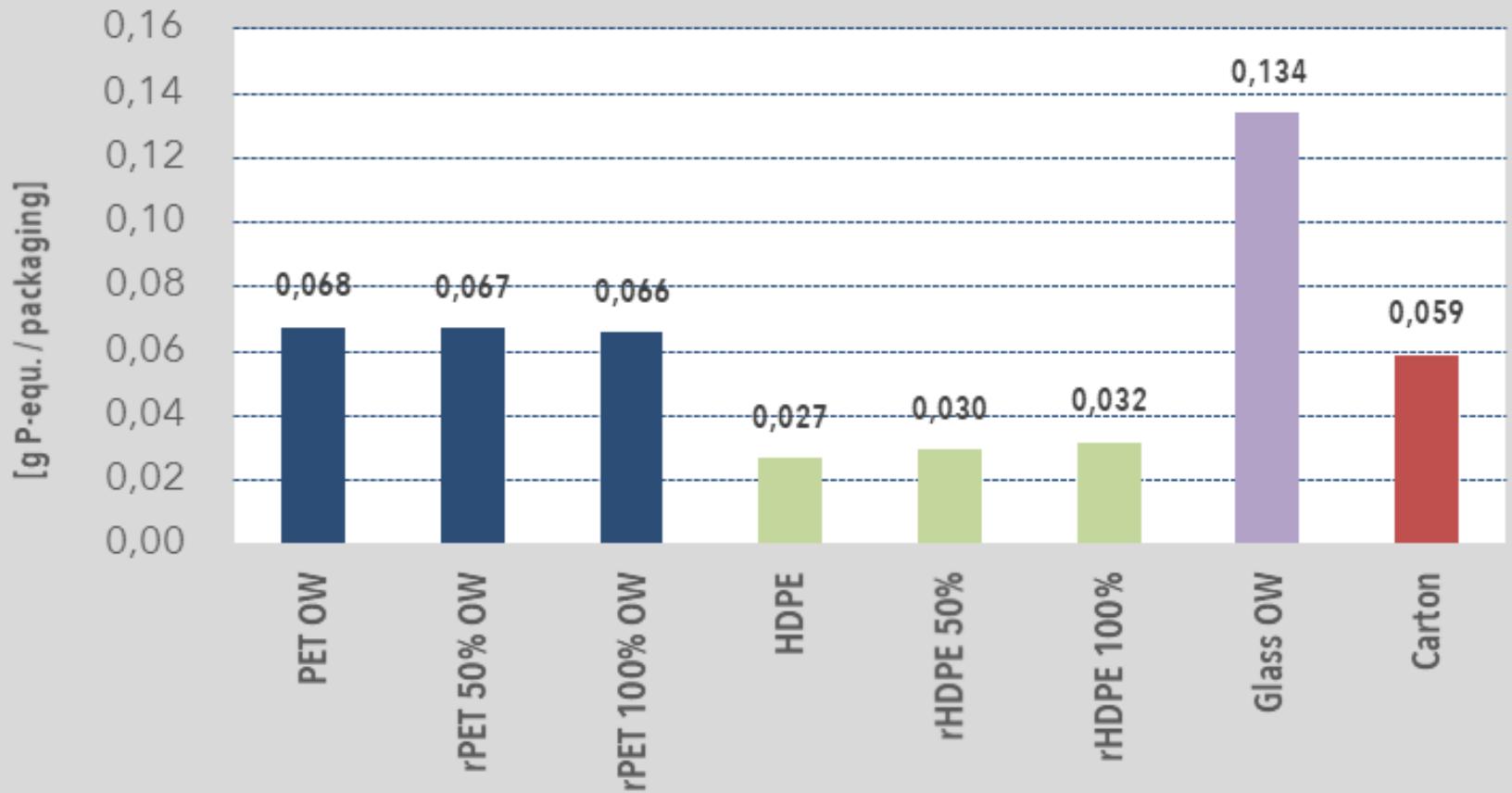
acidification potential - milk 1,0 l - Poland



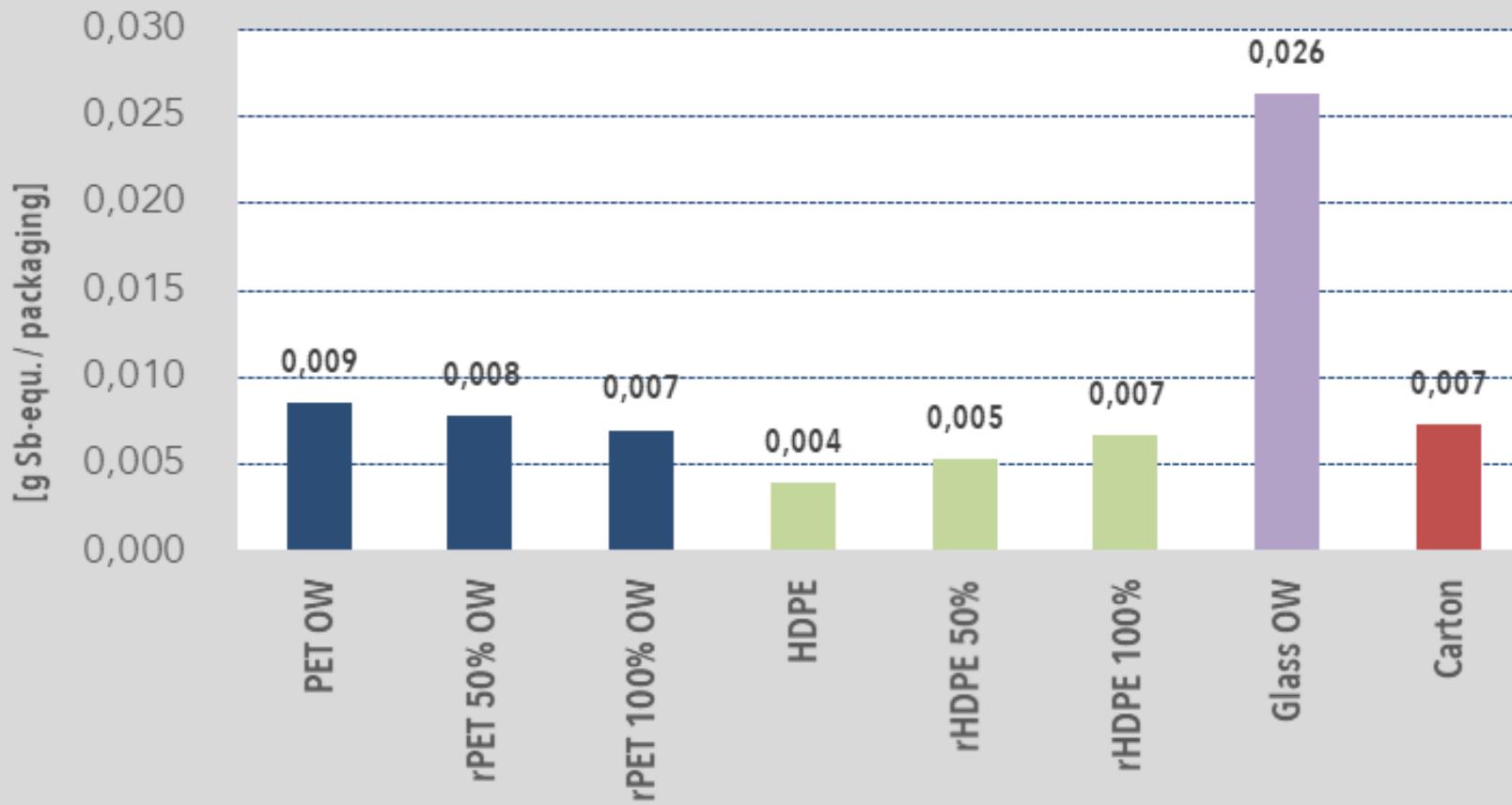
photochemical oxidation(summersmog)- milk 1,0 l - Poland



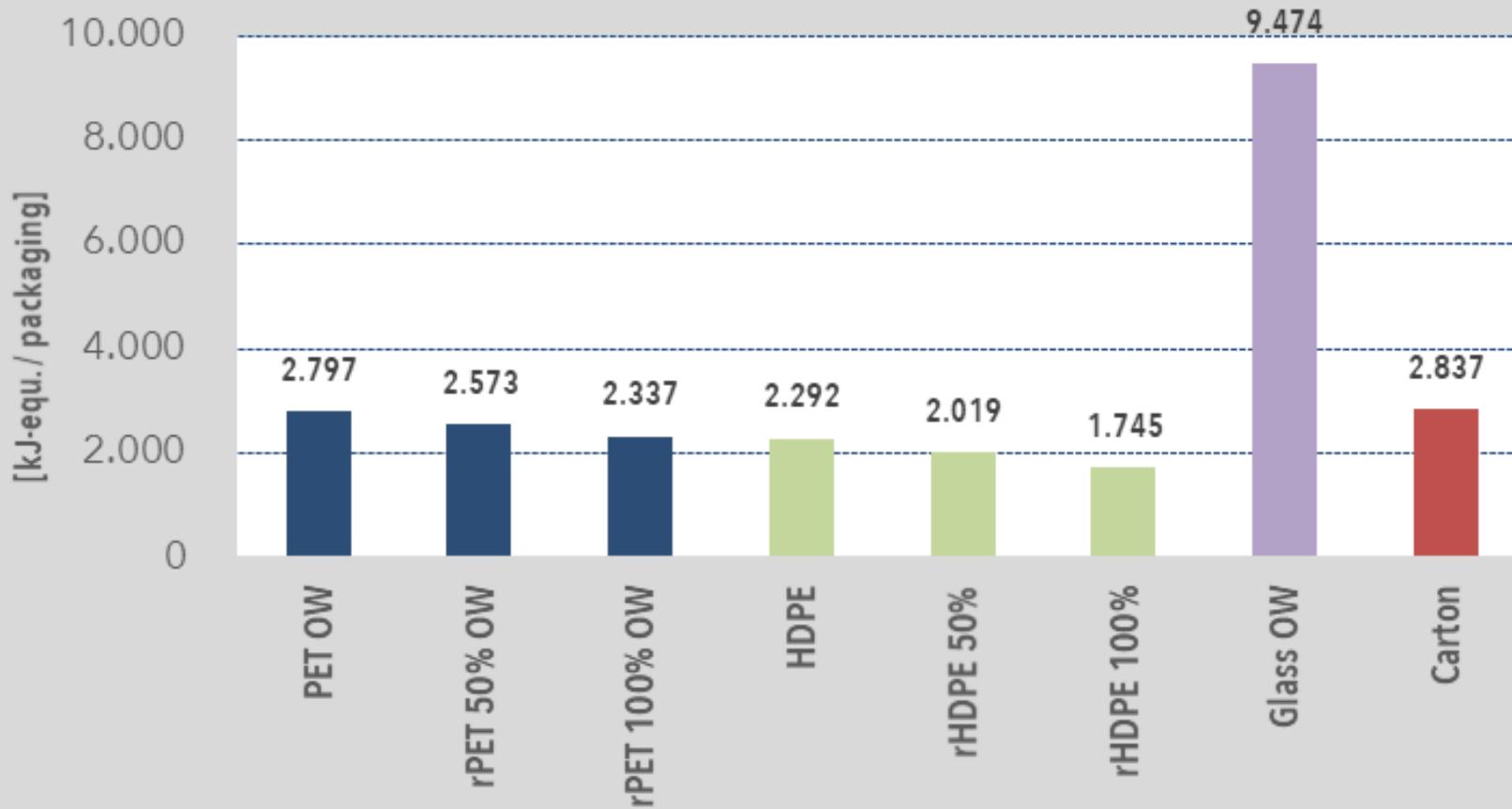
freshwater eutrophication - milk 1,0 l - Poland



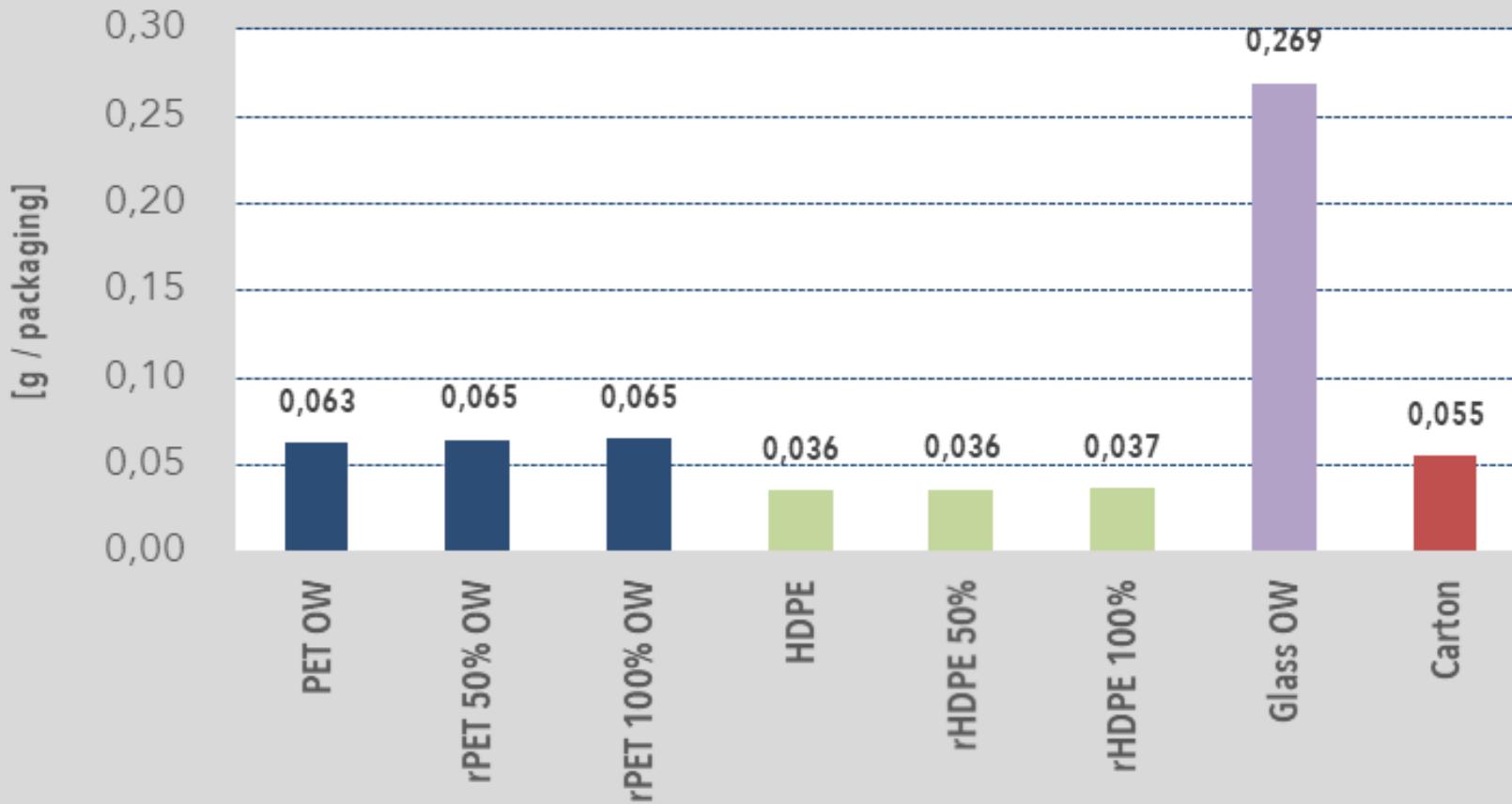
depletion of abiotic resources - elements - milk 1,0 l - Poland



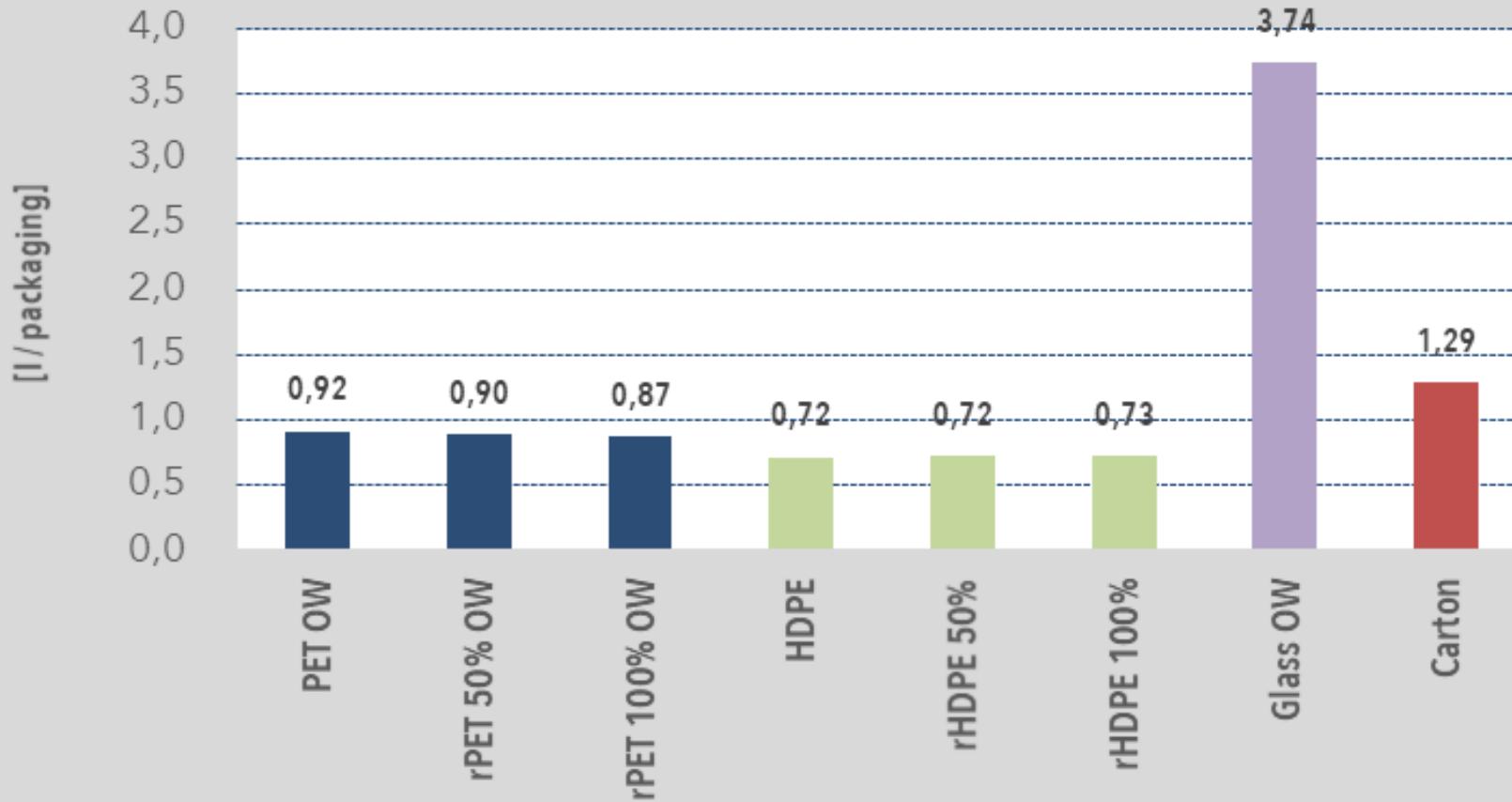
cumulative energy demand - milk 1,0 l - Poland



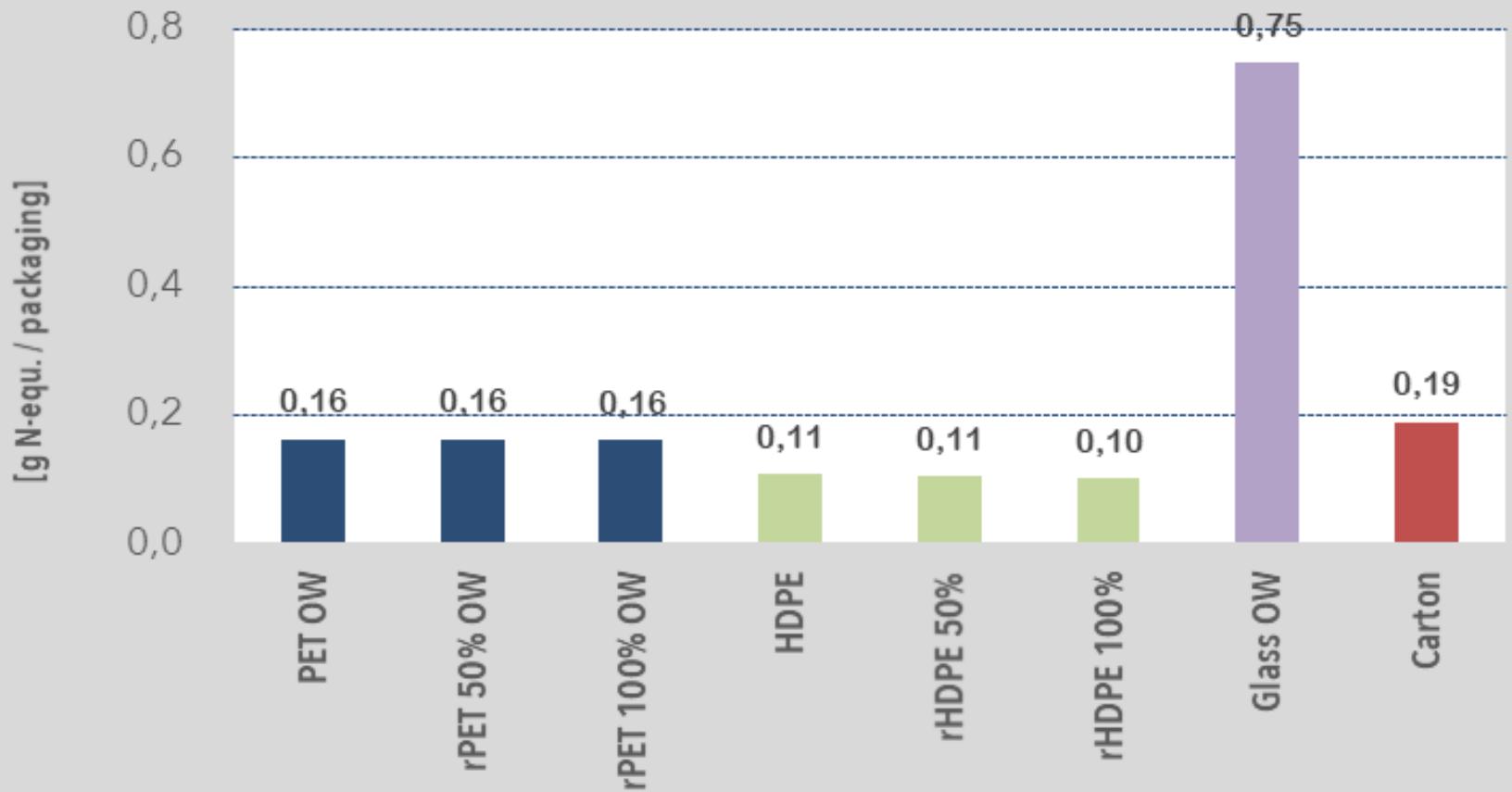
particulates < 2,5 µm · milk 1,0 l · Poland



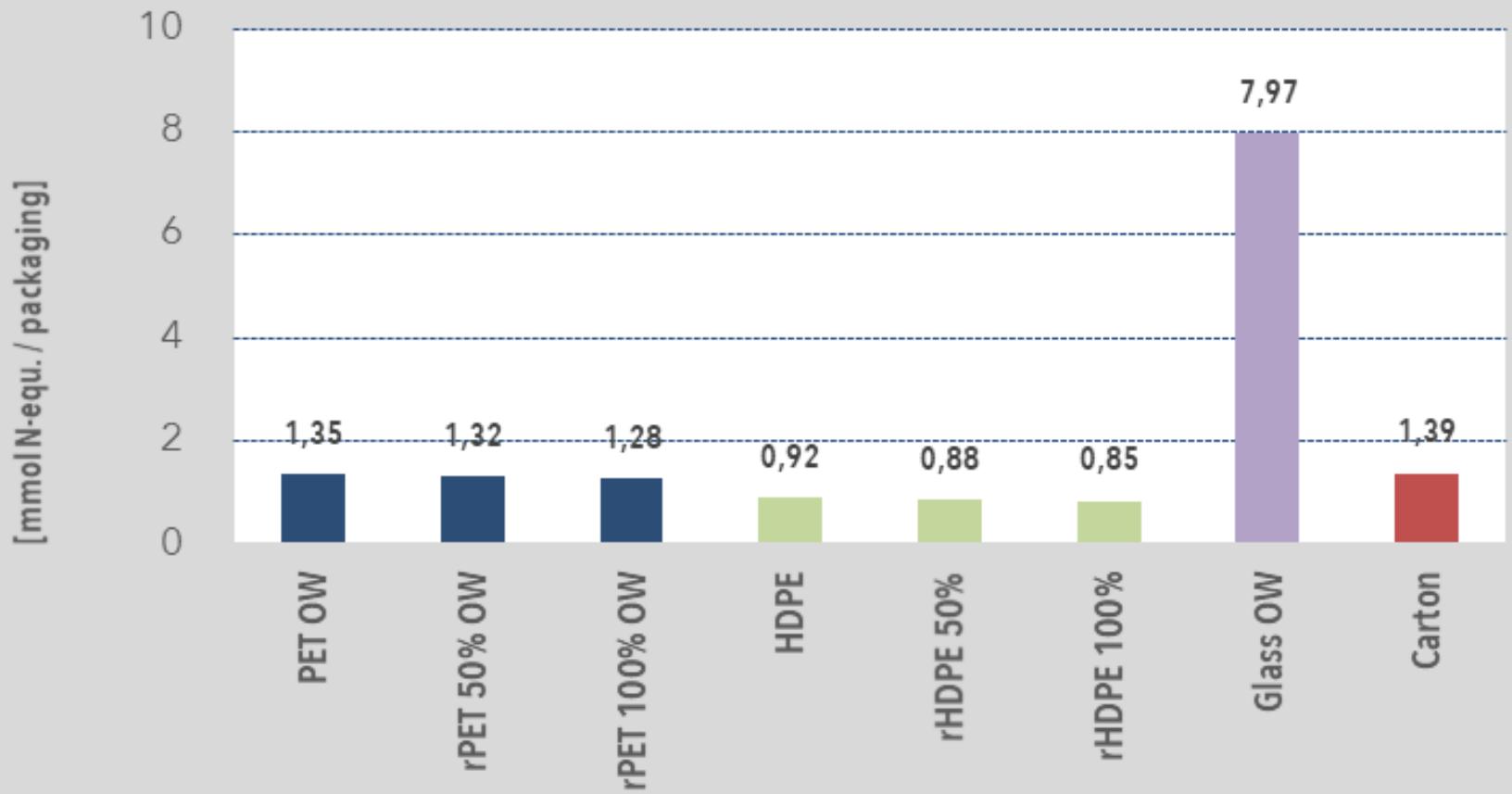
water-milk 1,0 l - Poland



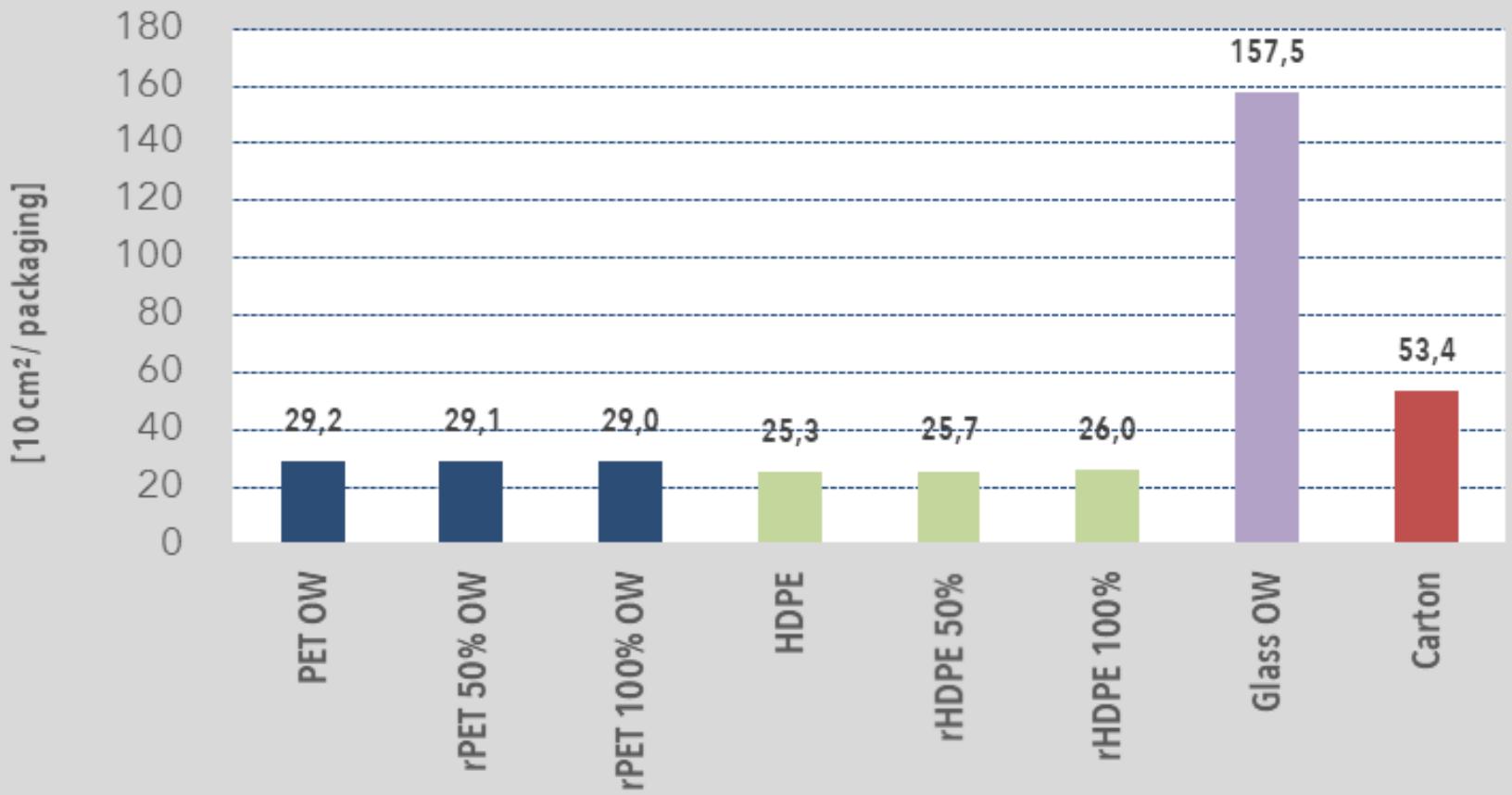
marine eutrophication - milk 1,0 l - Poland



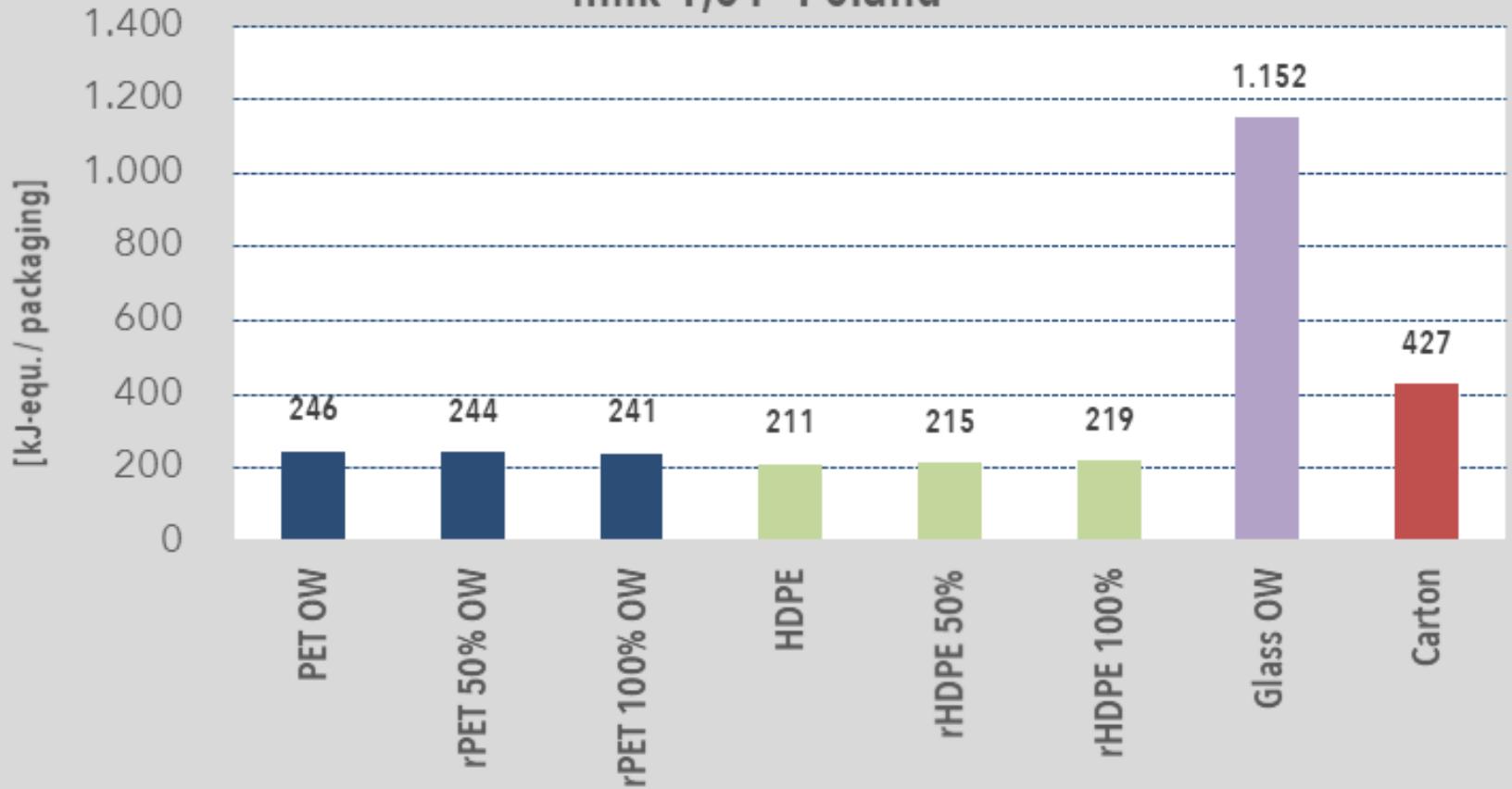
terrestrial eutrophication - milk 1,0 l - Poland



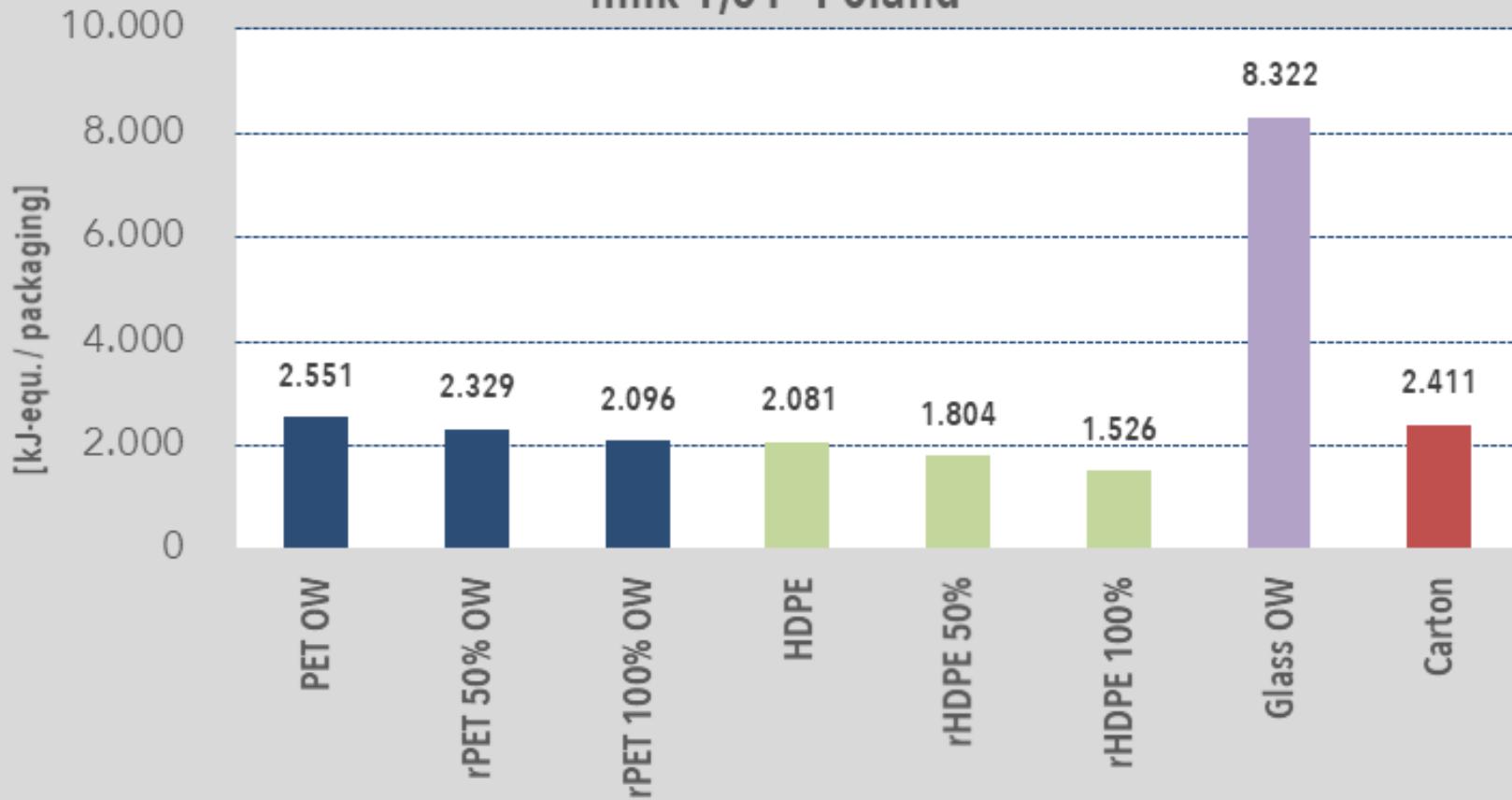
land use - milk 1,0 l - Poland



cumulative energy demand - renewable energy resources - milk 1,0 l - Poland



cumulative energy demand - non-renewable energy resources - milk 1,0 l - Poland

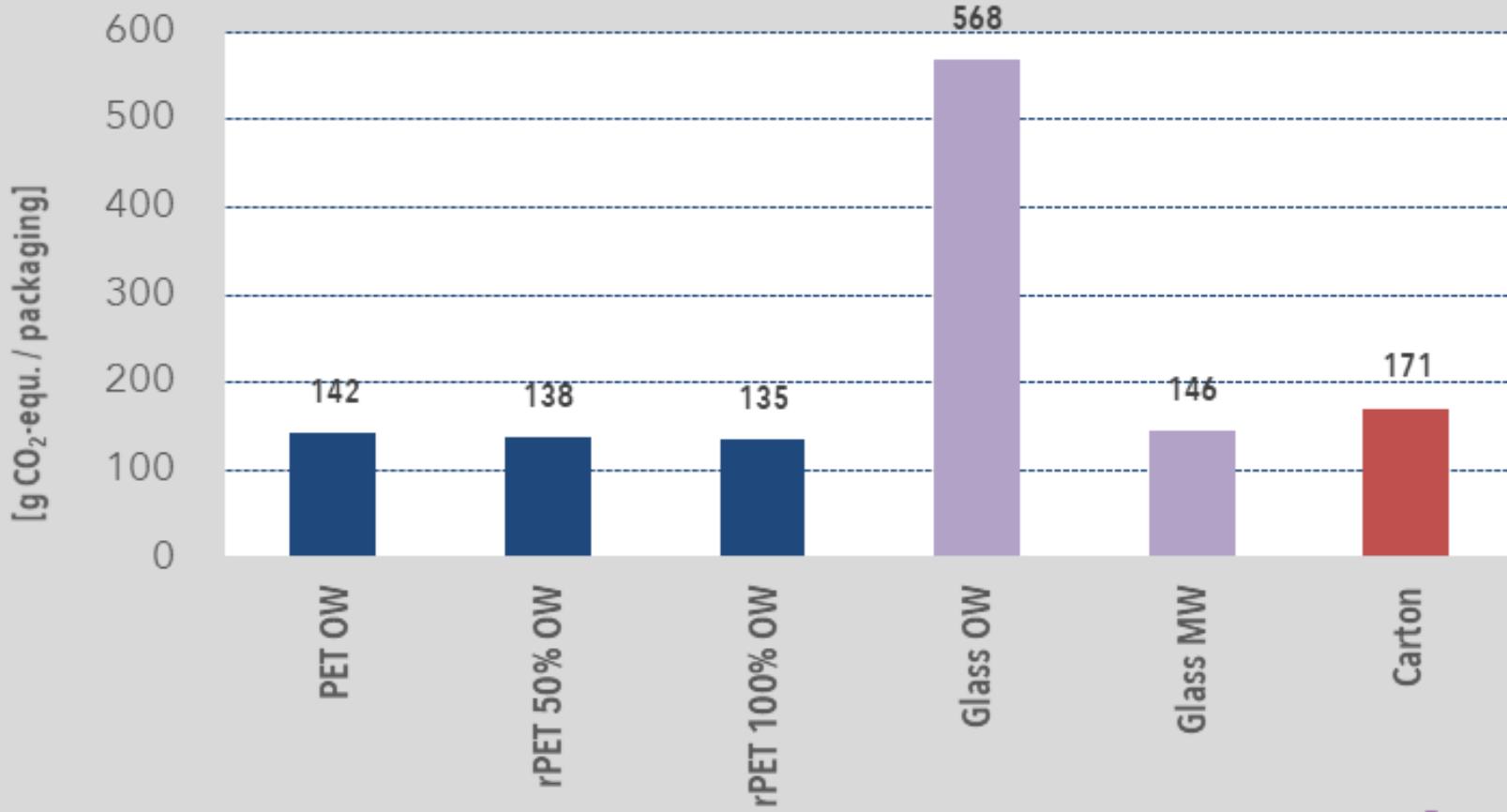




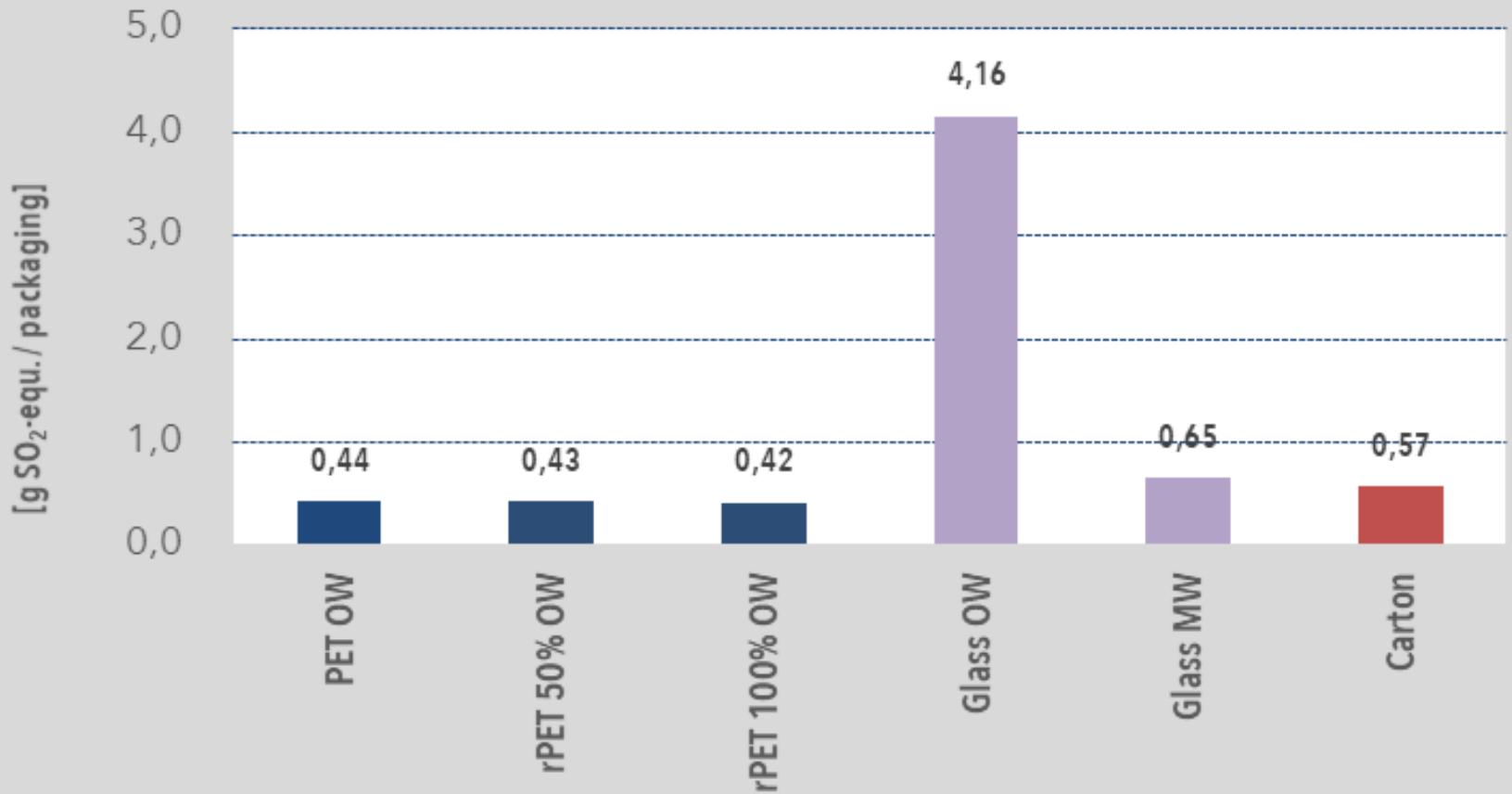
c7-consult
sustainable performance

Results Juice 1,0 l

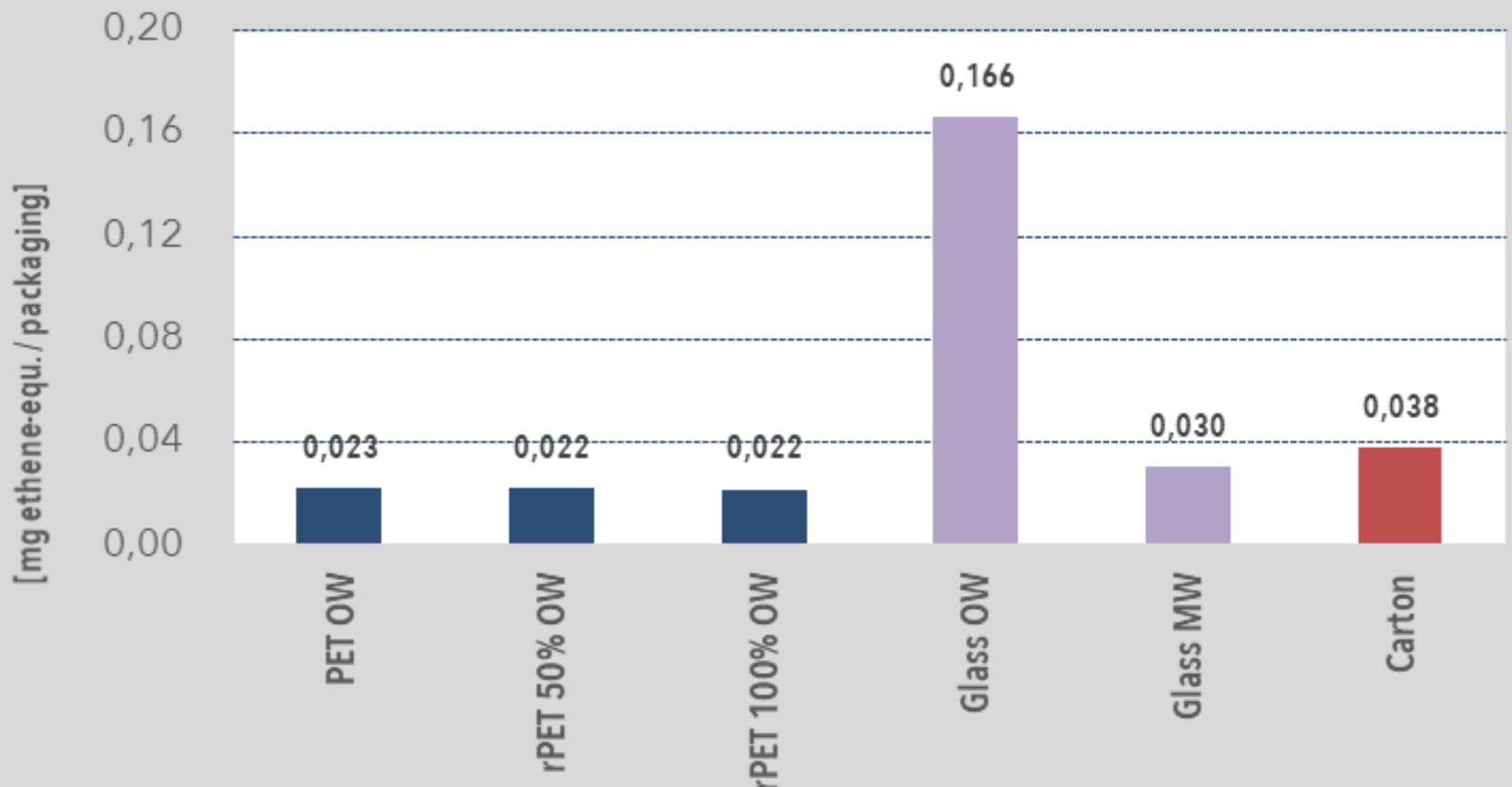
climate change - juice 1,0 l - Poland



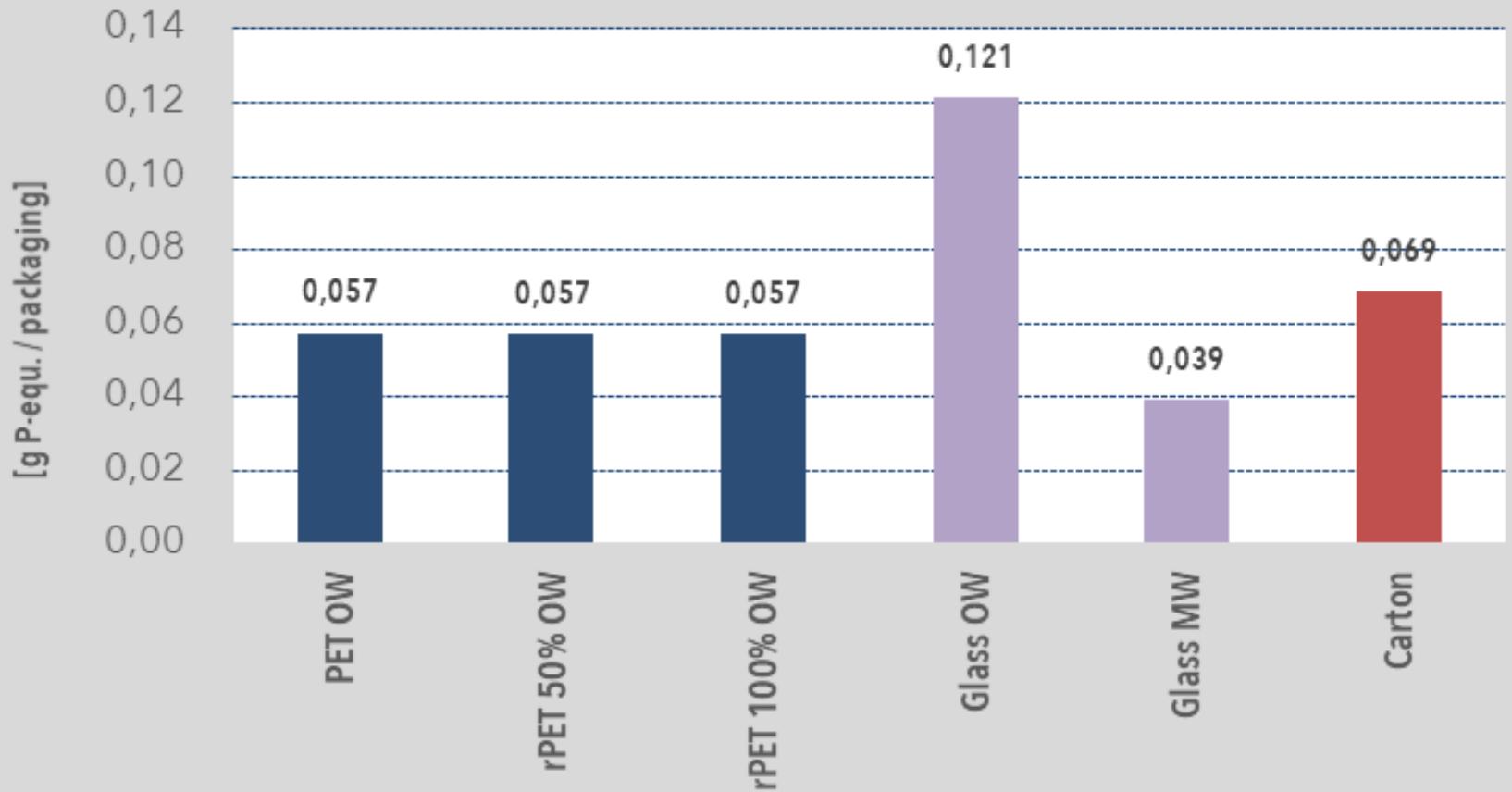
acidification potential - juice 1,0 l - Poland



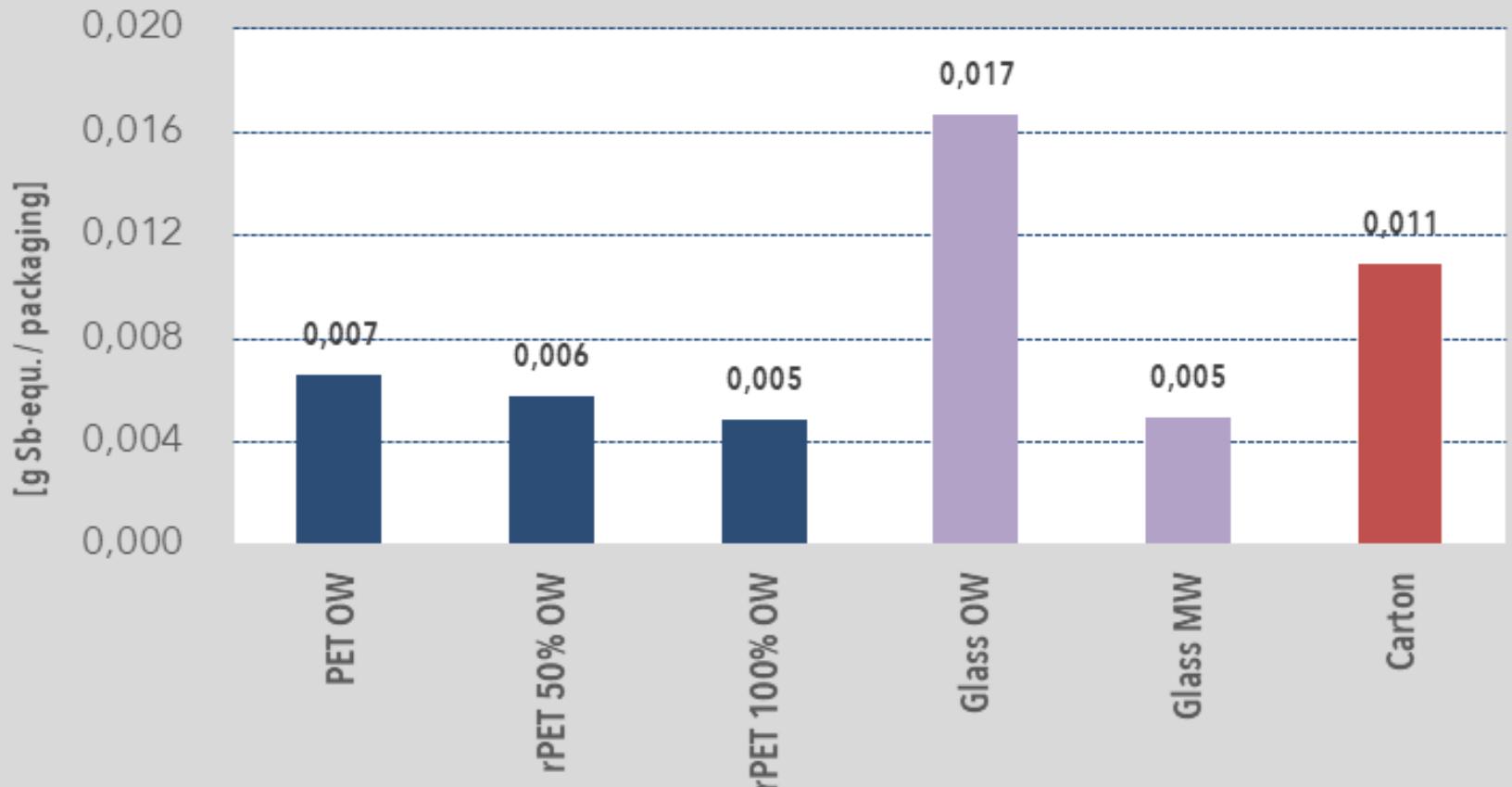
photochemical oxidation(summersmog)- juice 1,0 l - Poland



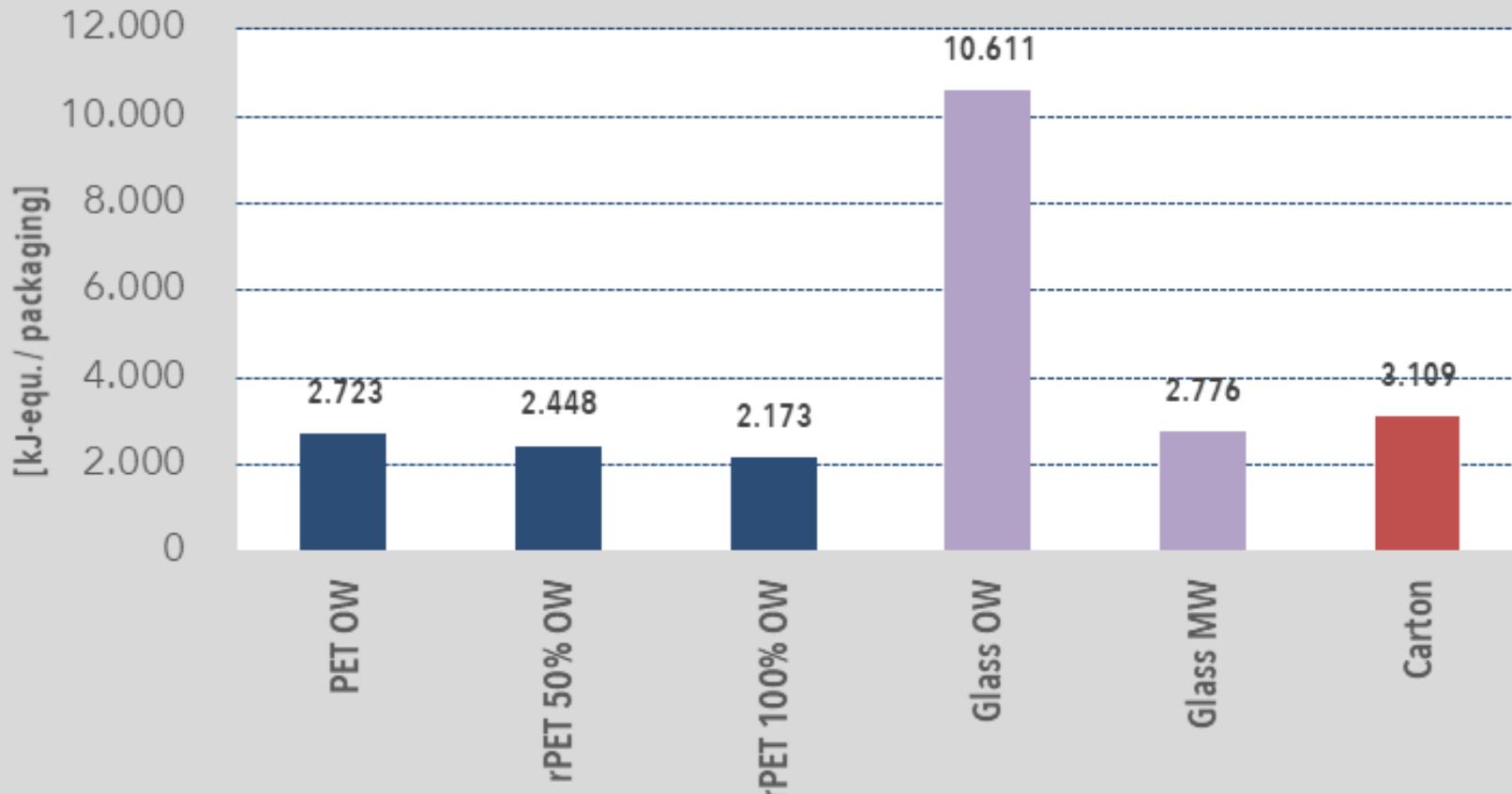
freshwater eutrophication - juice 1,0 l - Poland



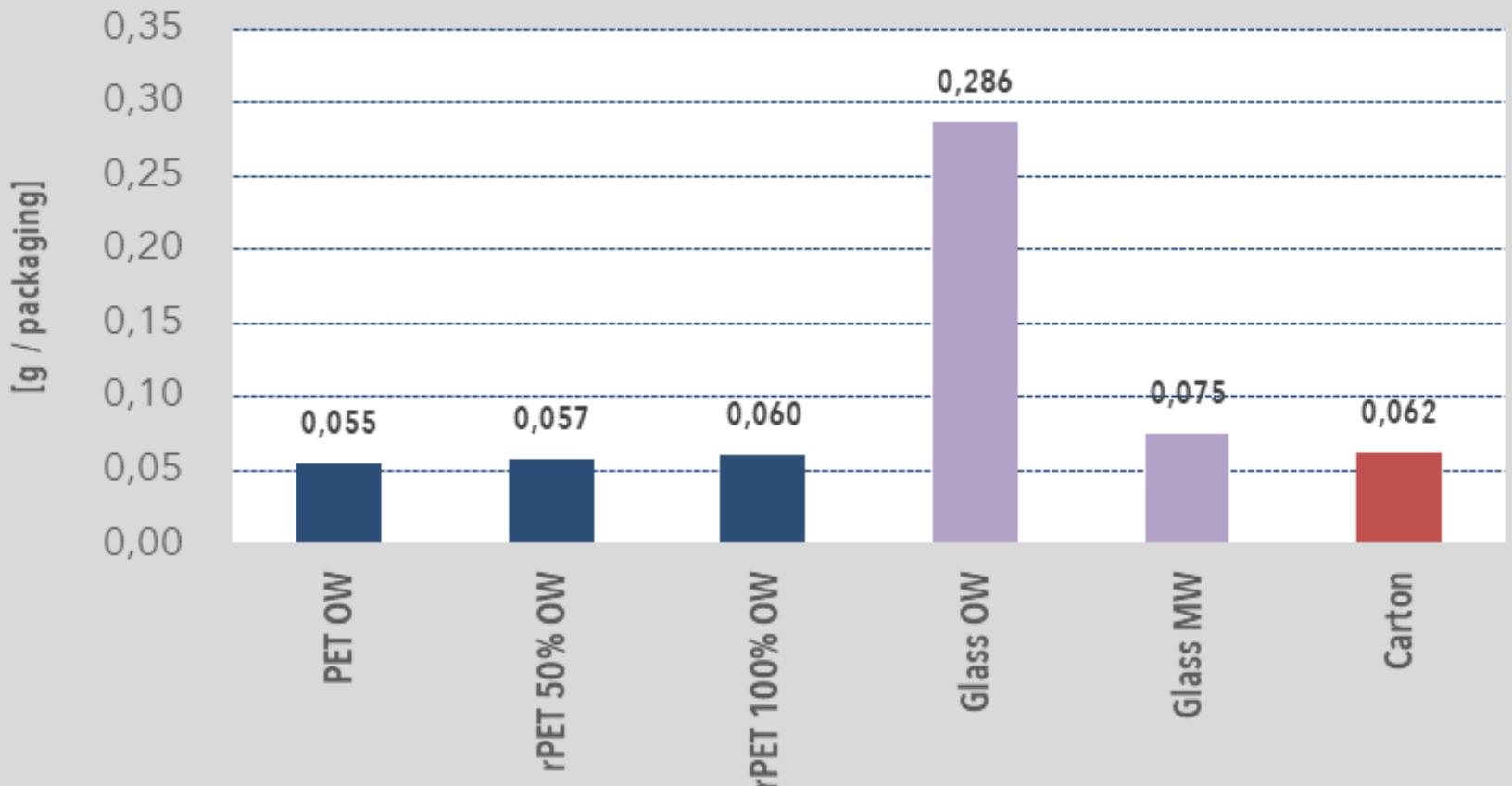
depletion of abiotic resources - elements - juice 1,0 l - Poland



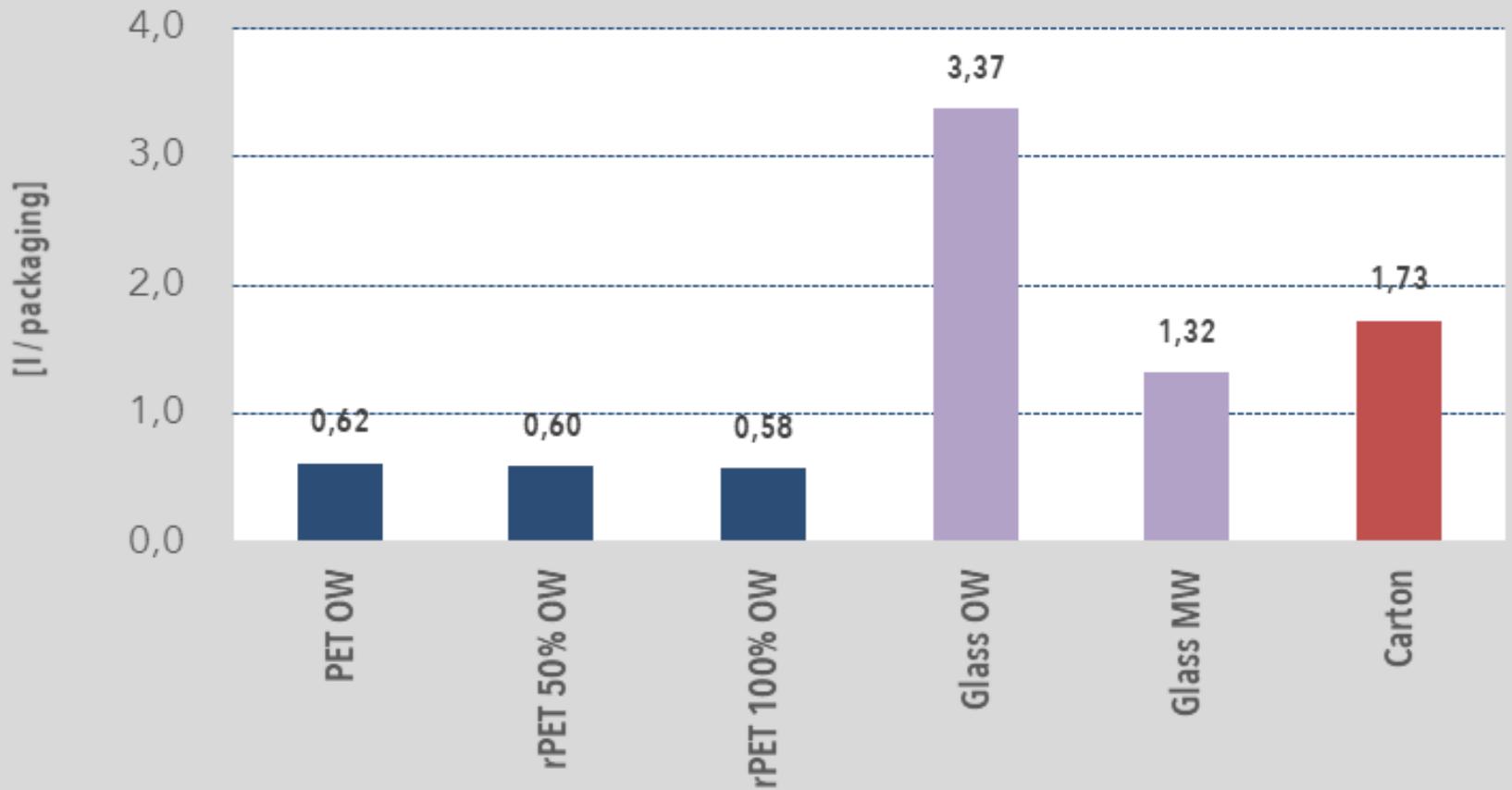
cumulative energy demand - juice 1,0 l - Poland



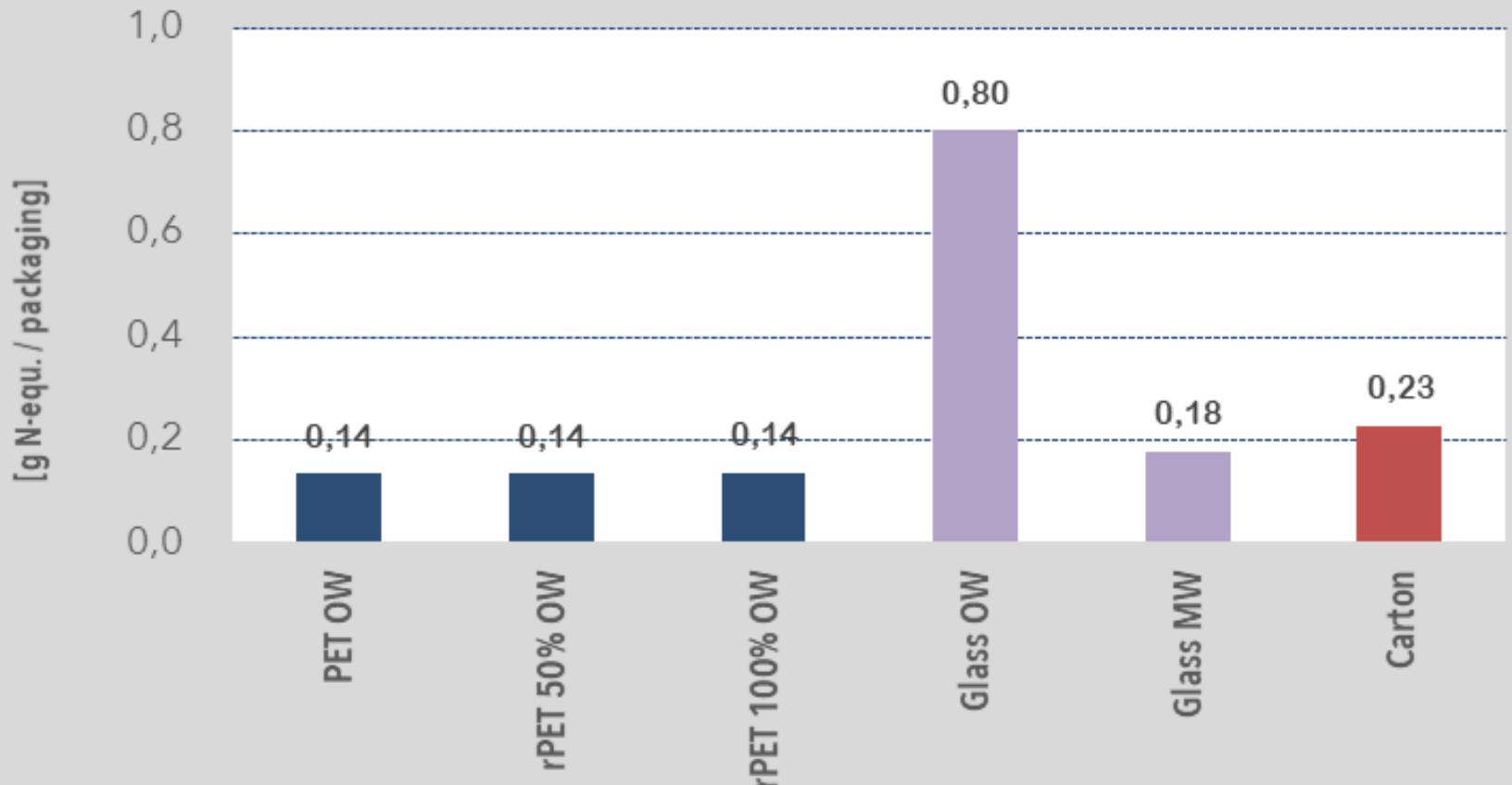
particulates < 2,5 µm · juice 1,0 l · Poland



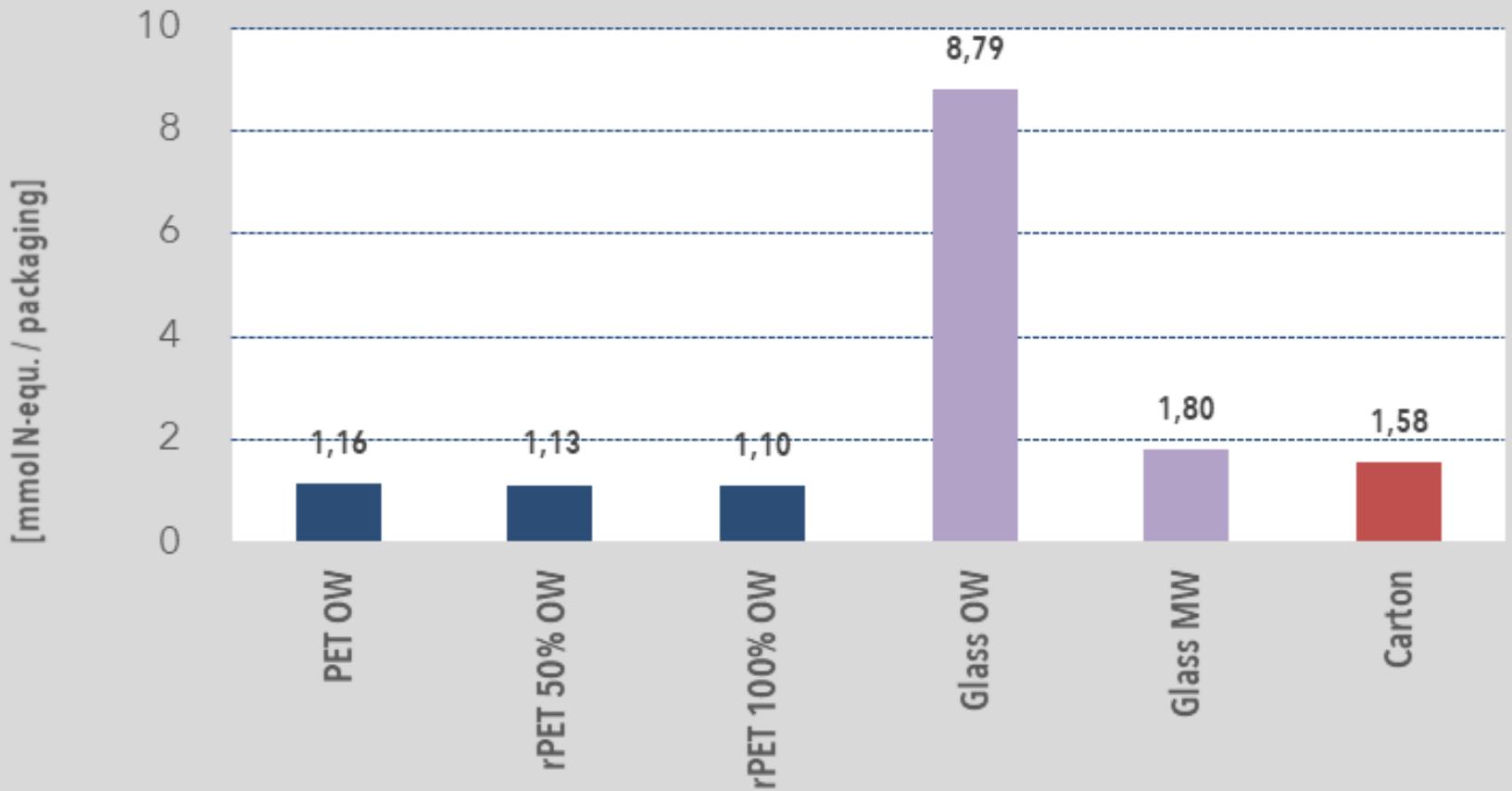
water-juice 1,0 l - Poland



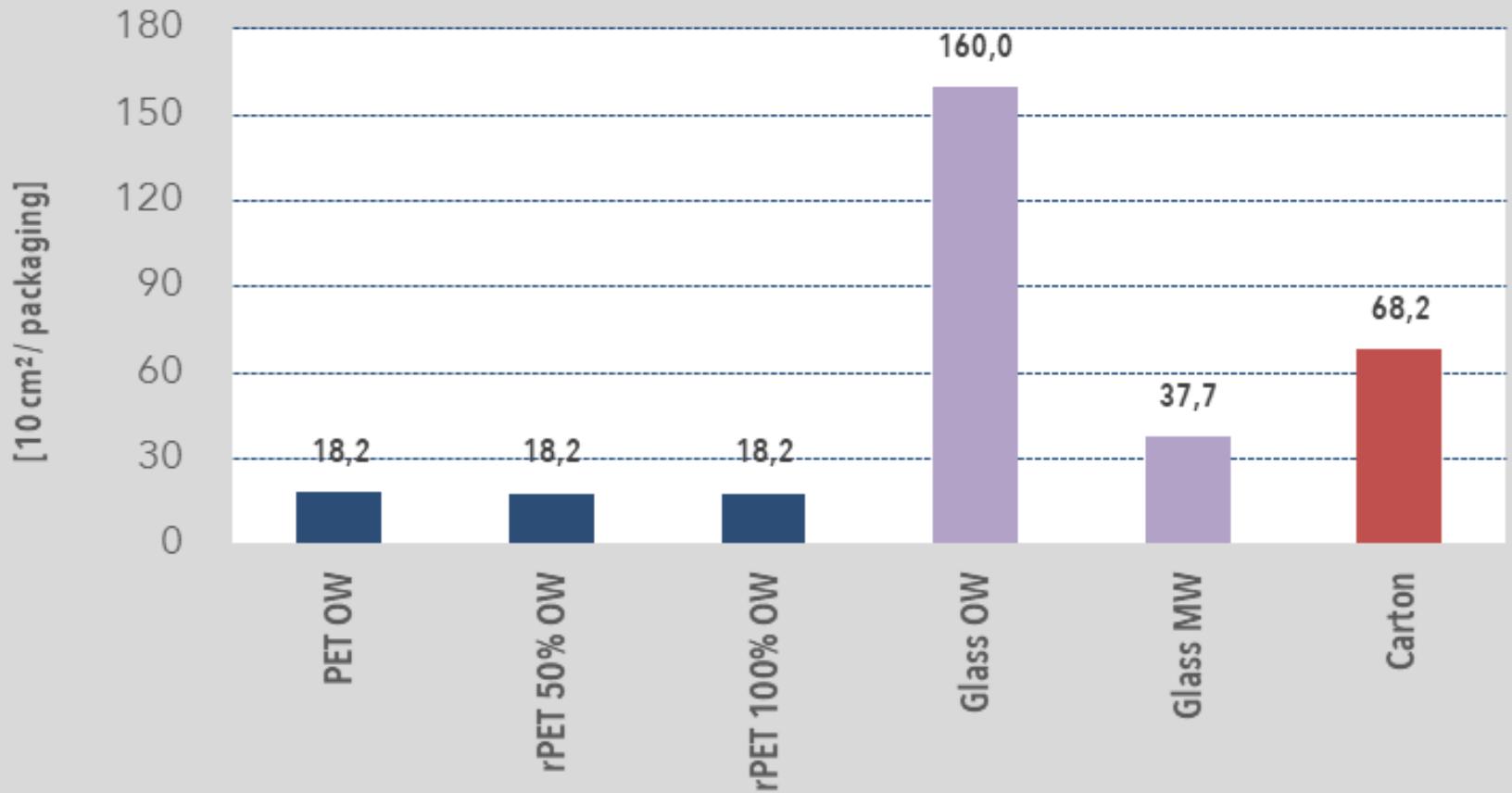
marine eutrophication - juice 1,0 l - Poland



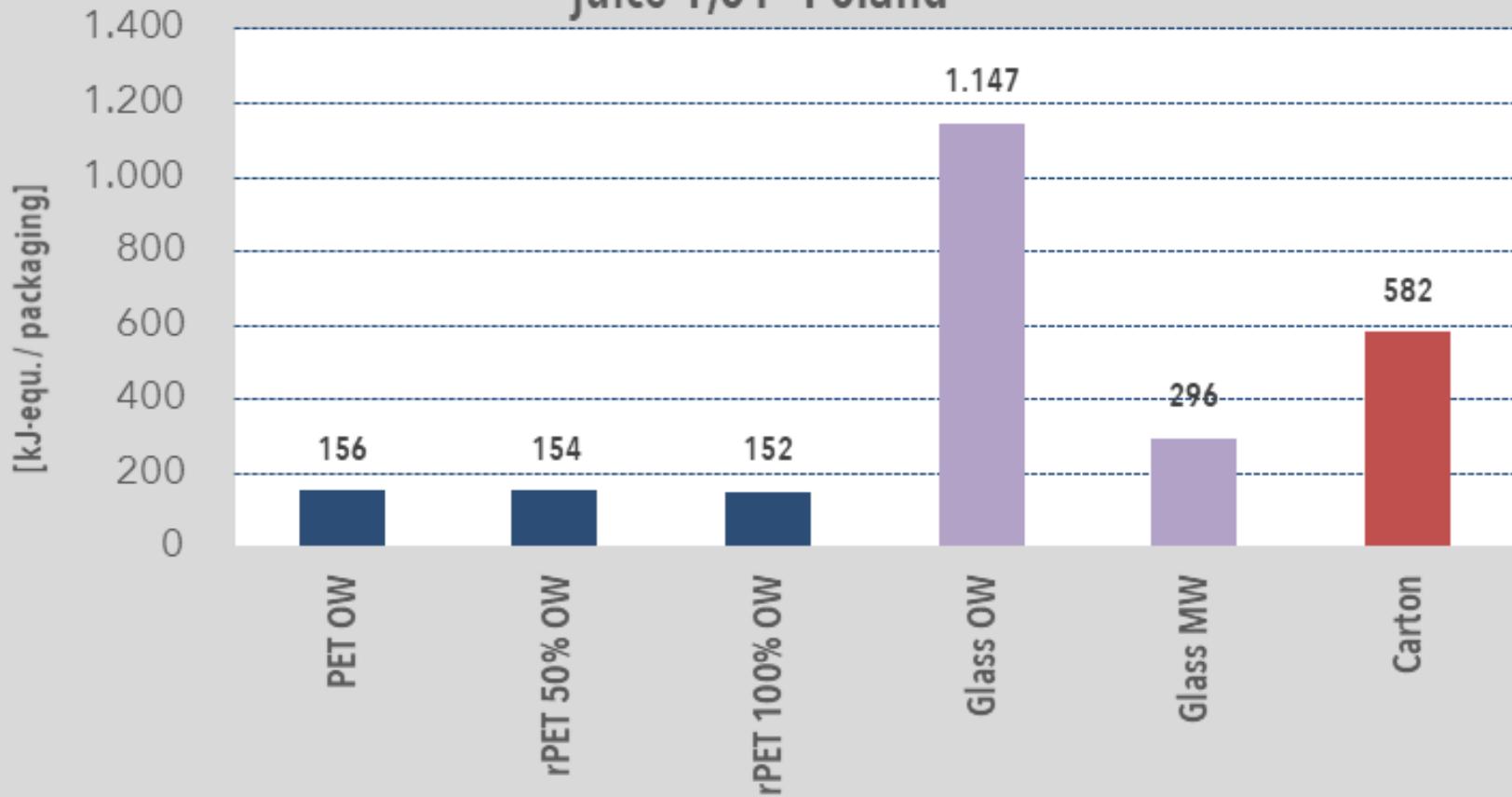
terrestrial eutrophication - juice 1,0 l - Poland



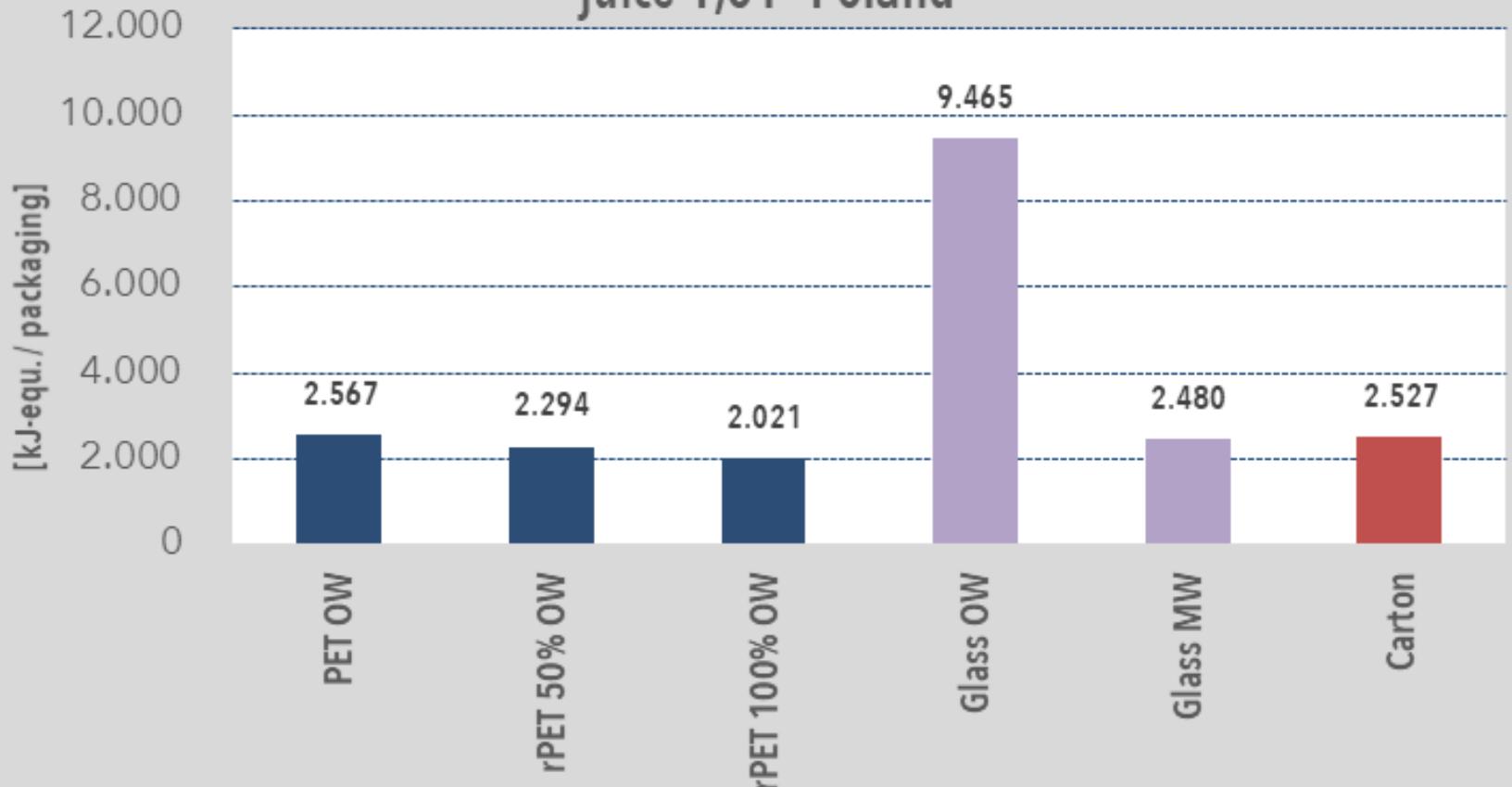
land use - juice 1,0 l - Poland



cumulative energy demand - renewable energy resources - juice 1,0 l - Poland



cumulative energy demand -non-renewable energy resources - juice 1,0 l - Poland

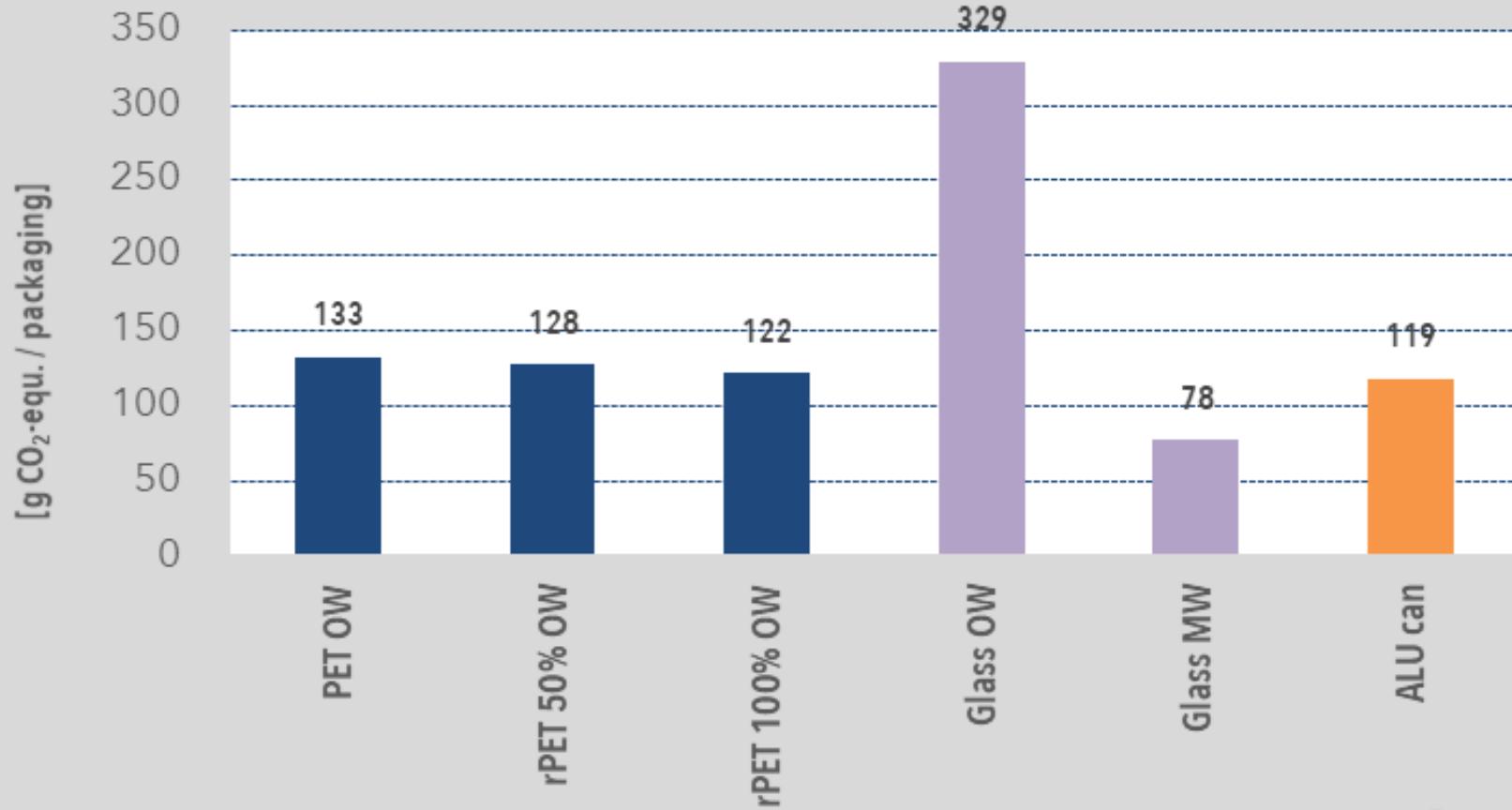




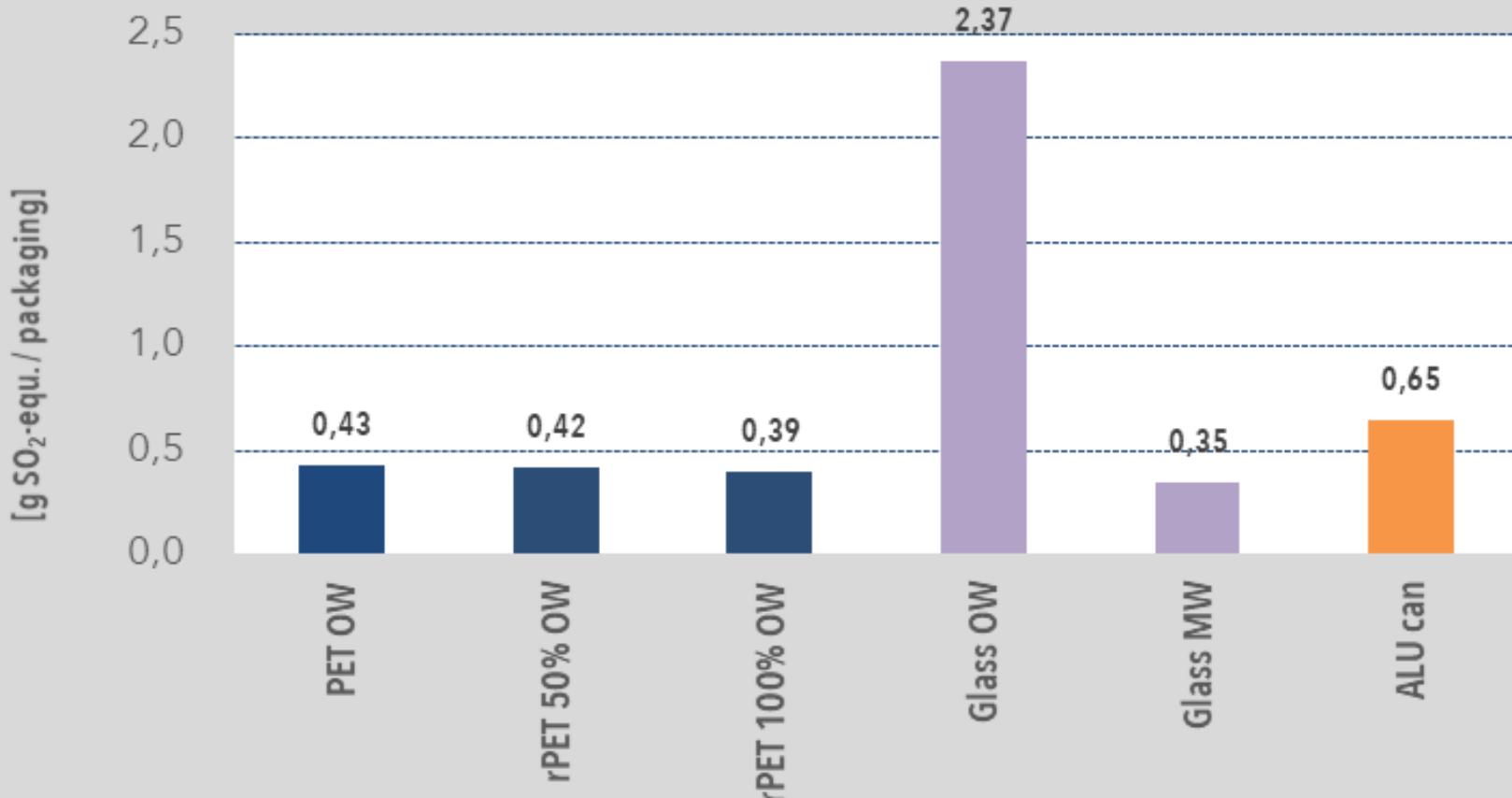
c7-consult
sustainable performance

Results Beer 0,5 l

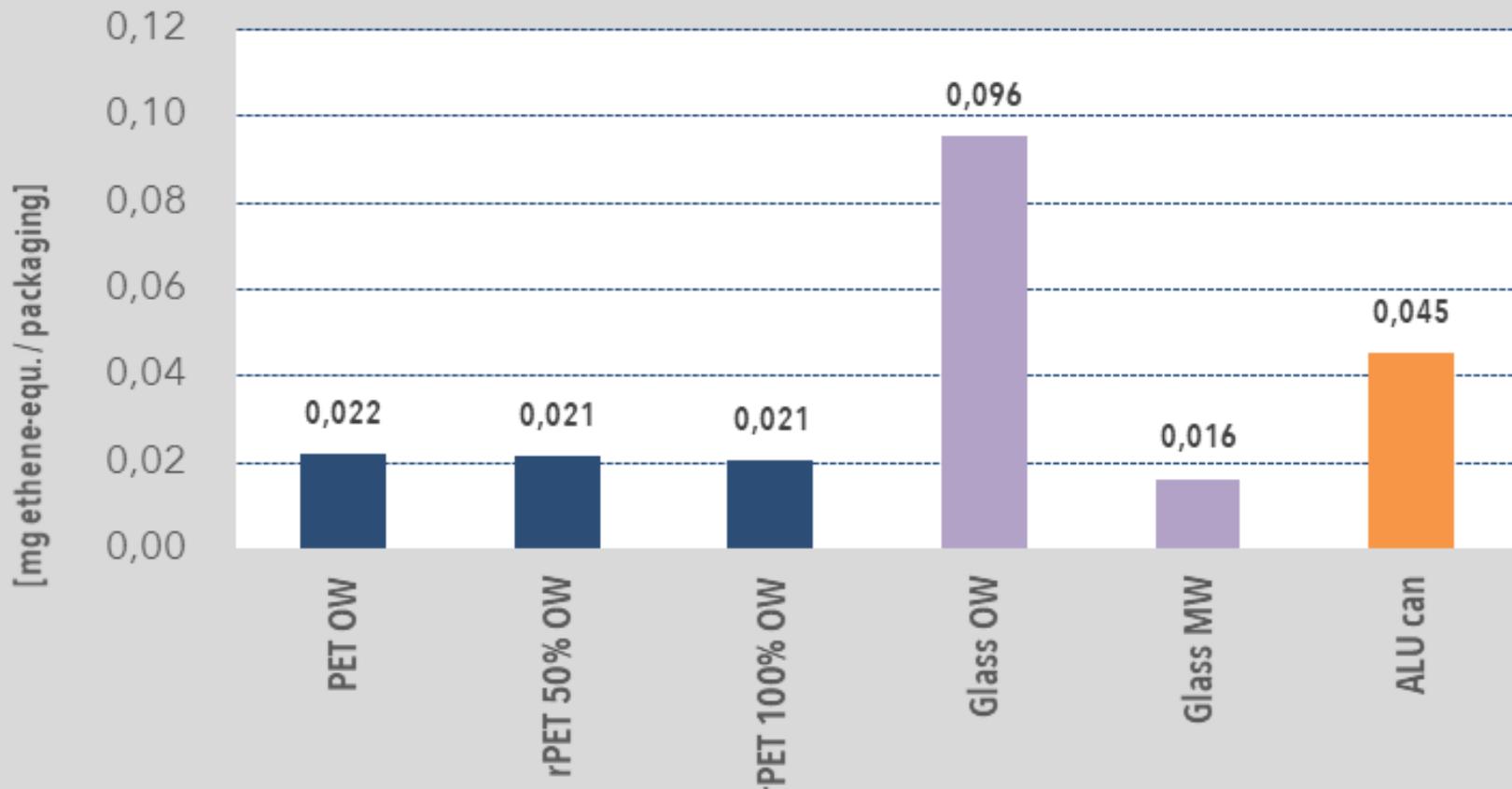
climate change - beer 0,5l - Poland



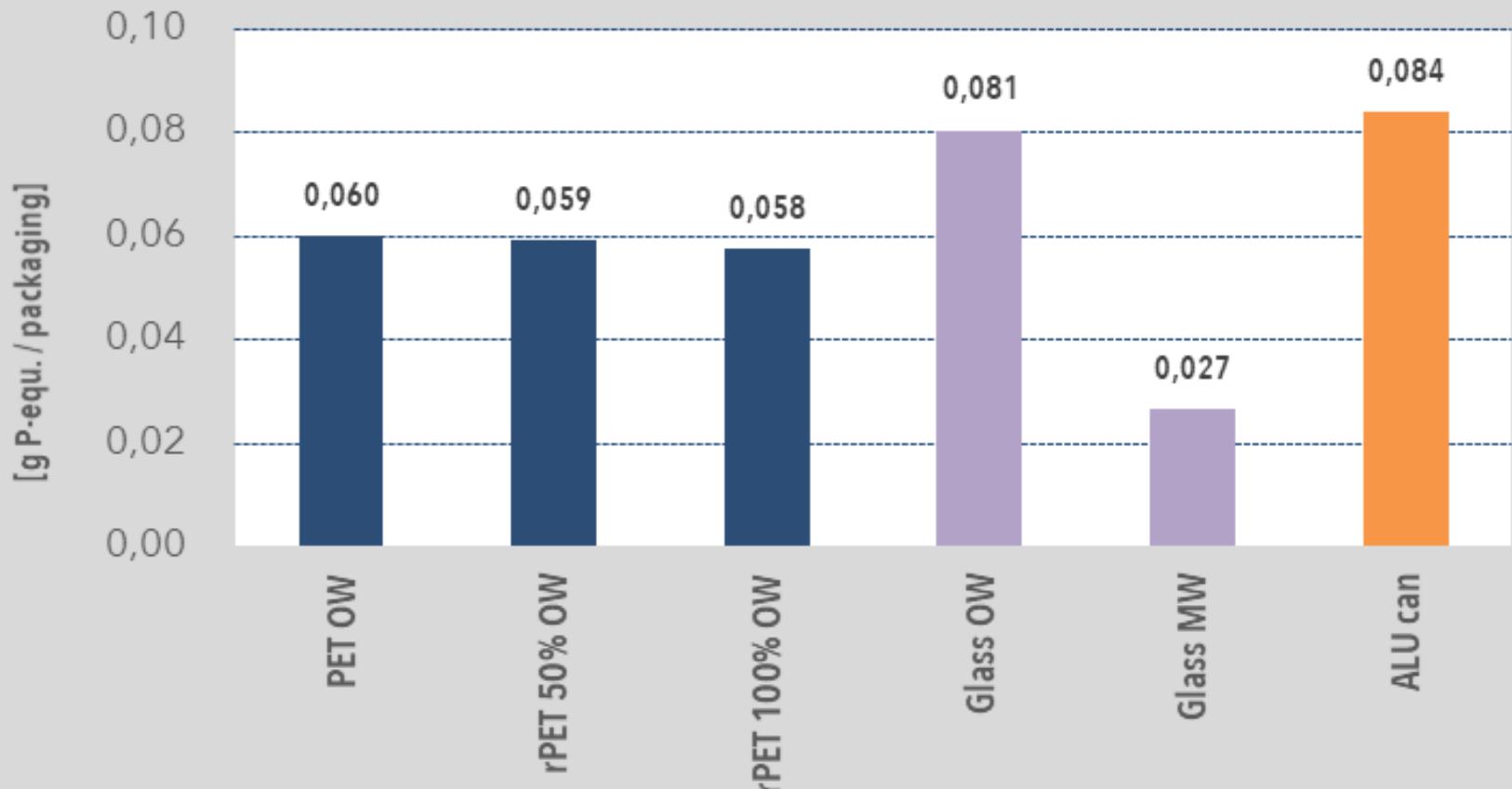
acidification potential - beer 0,5l - Poland



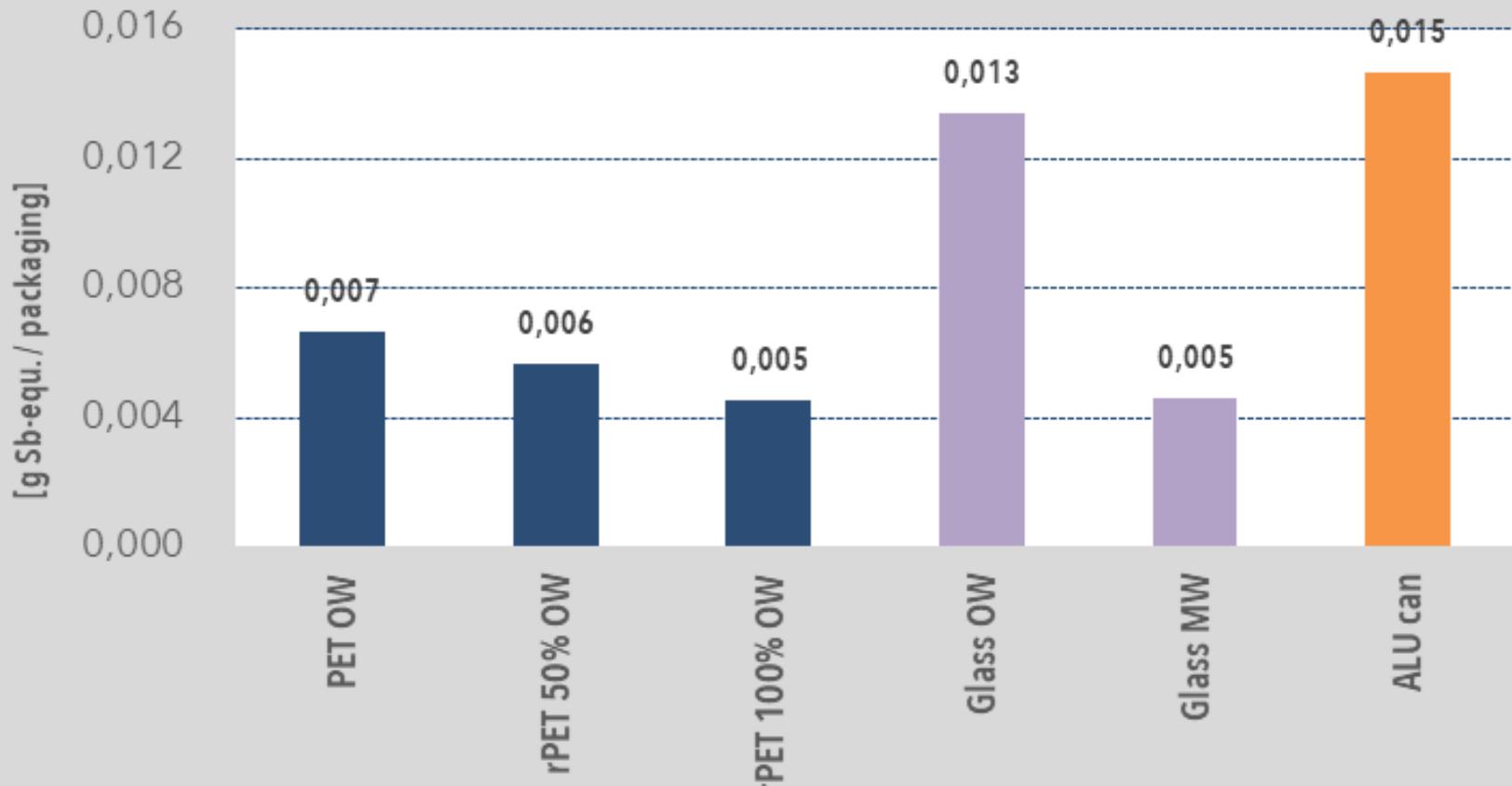
photochemical oxidation(summersmog)-beer0,5l - Poland



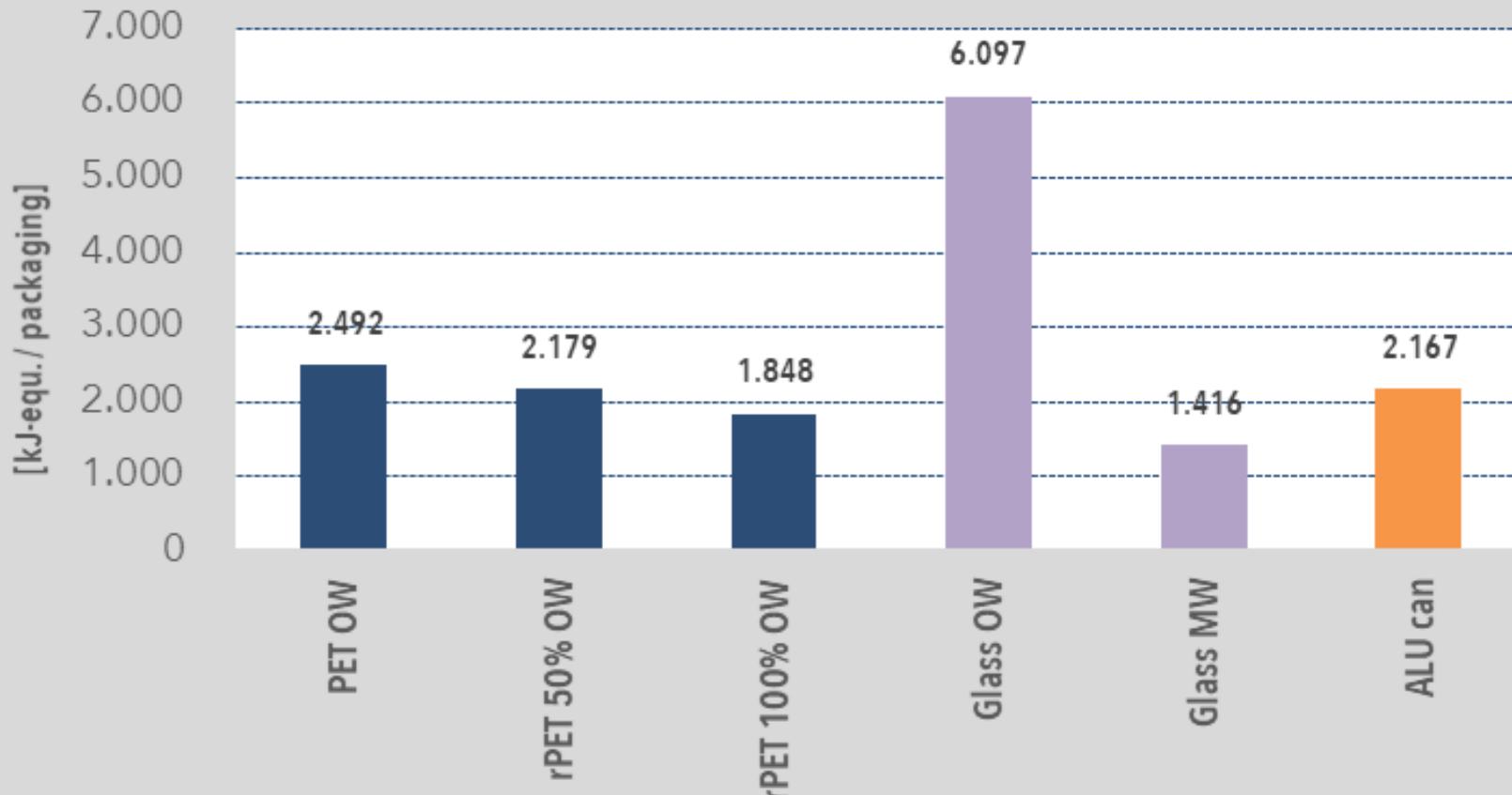
freshwater eutrophication - beer 0,5l - Poland



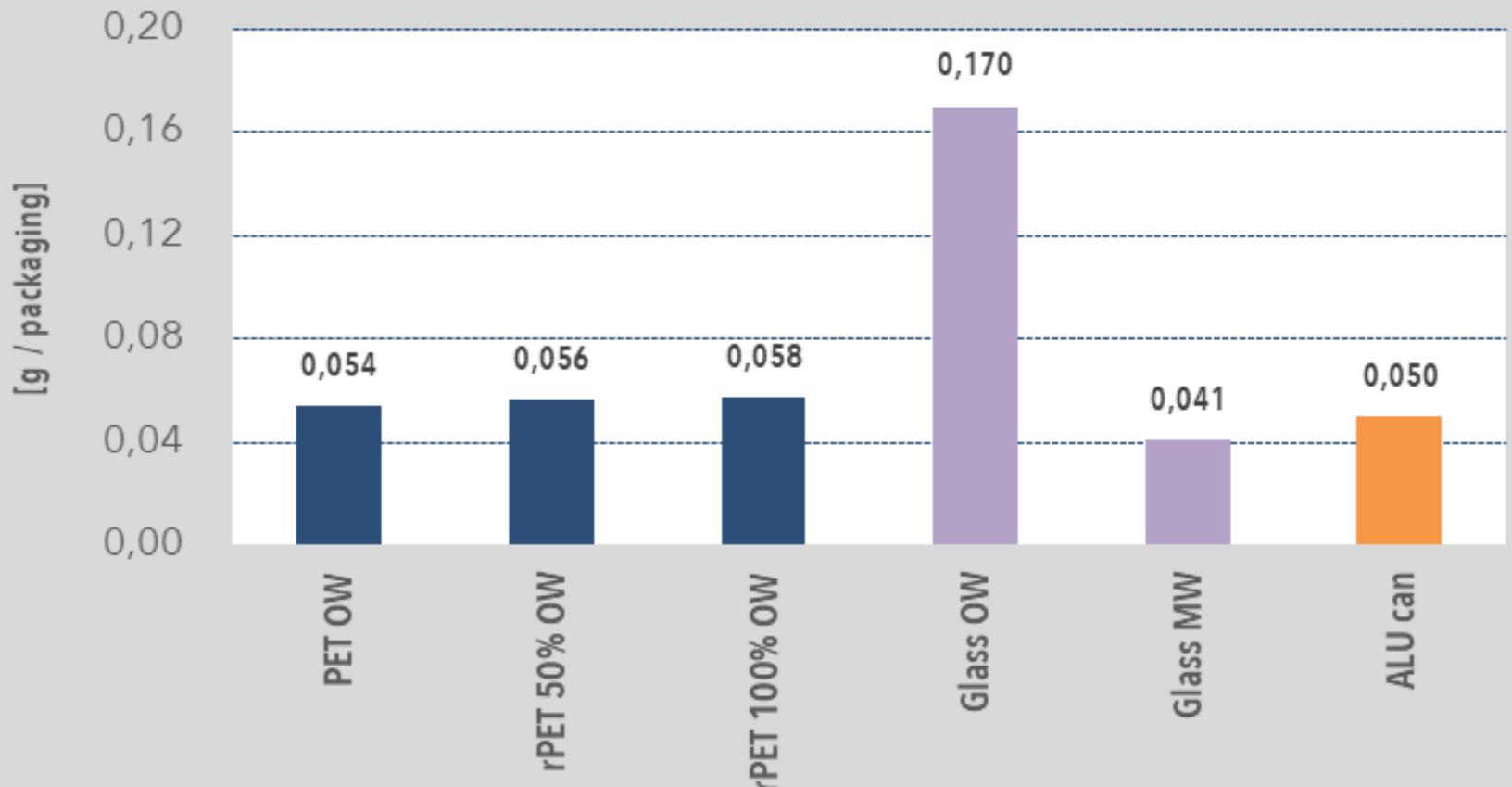
depletion of abiotic resources - elements - beer 0,5l - Poland



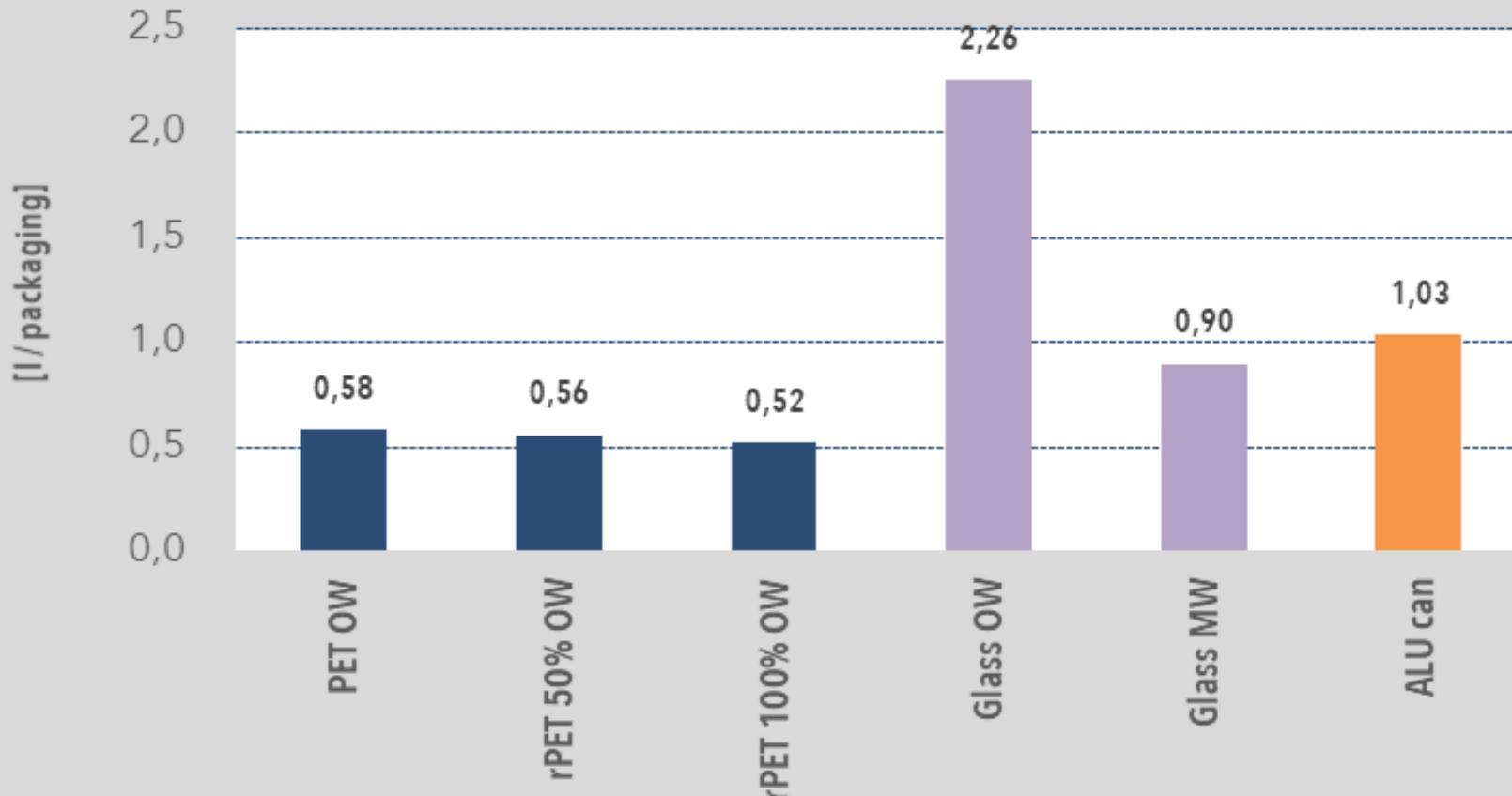
cumulative energy demand - beer 0,5l - Poland



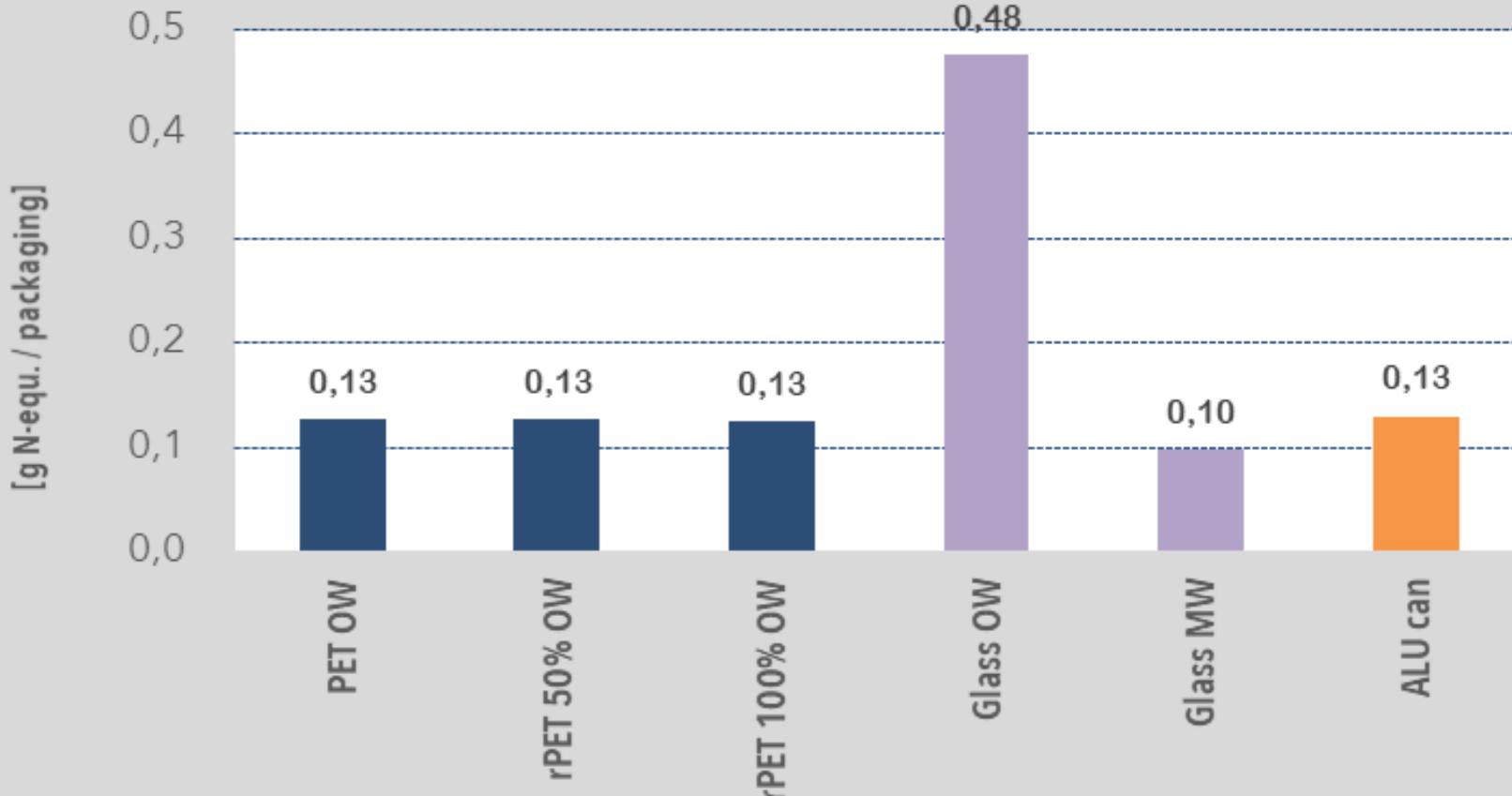
particulates < 2,5 µm - beer 0,5l - Poland



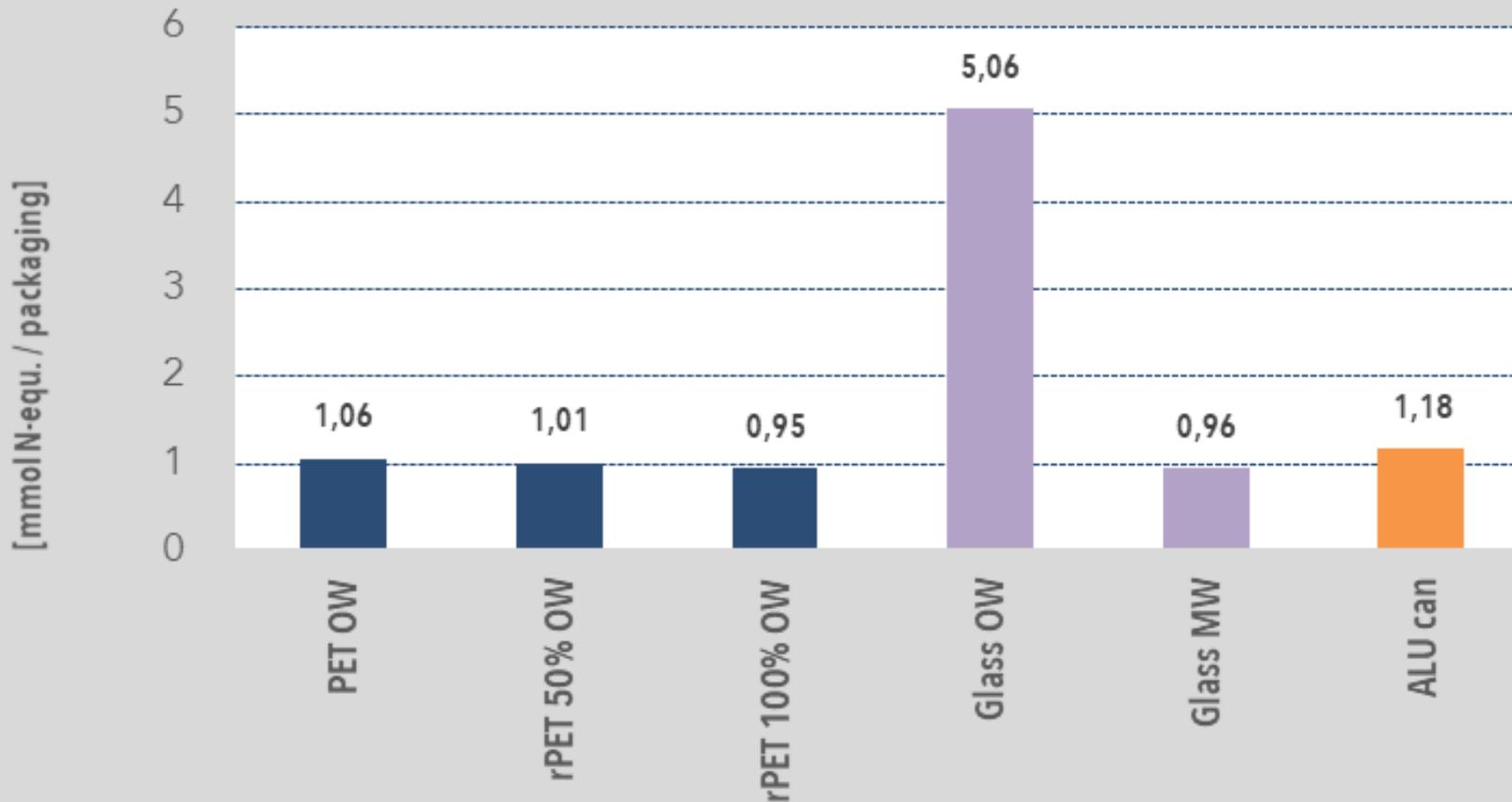
water-beer 0,5 l - Poland



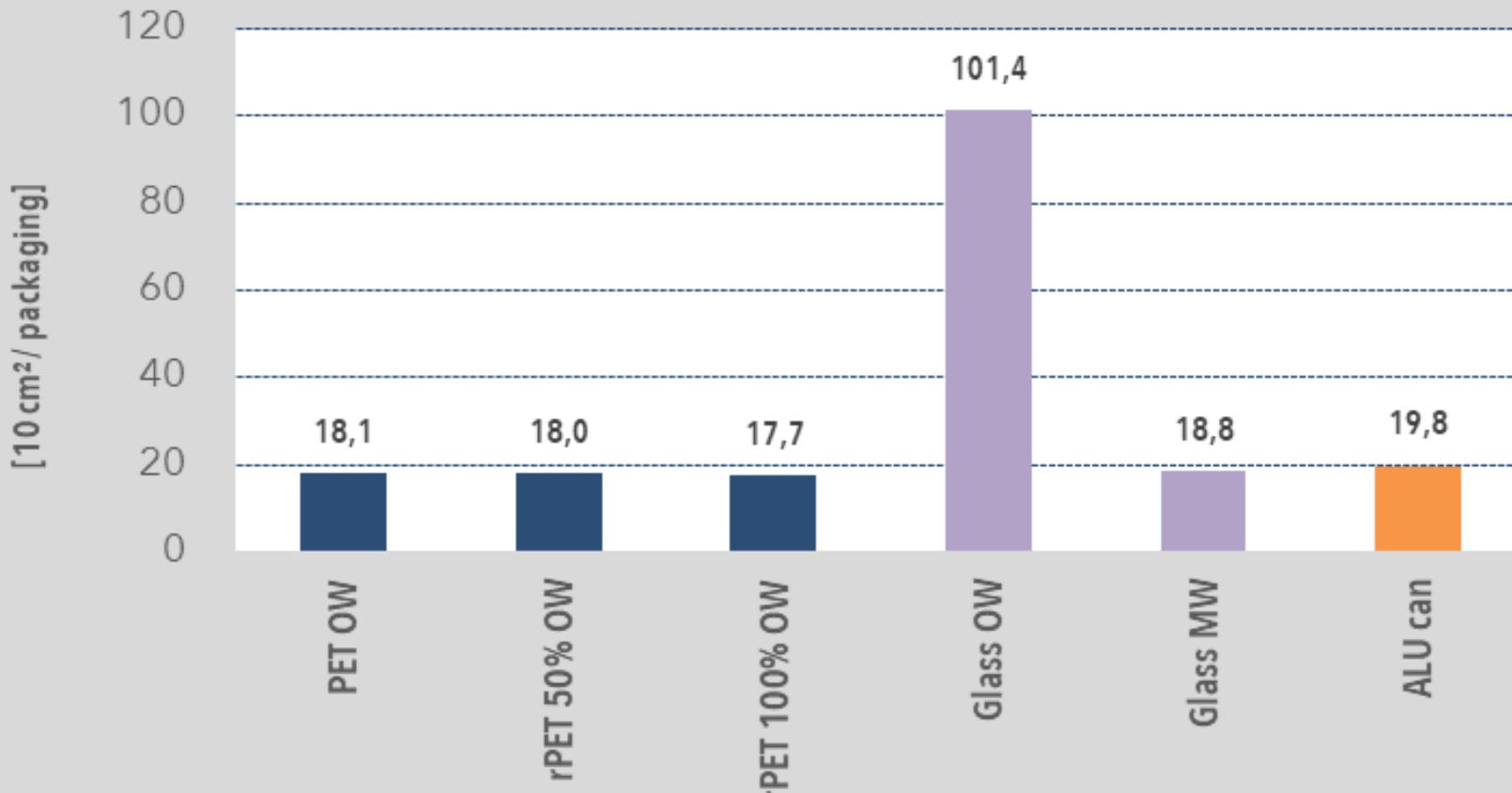
marine eutrophication - beer 0,5l - Poland



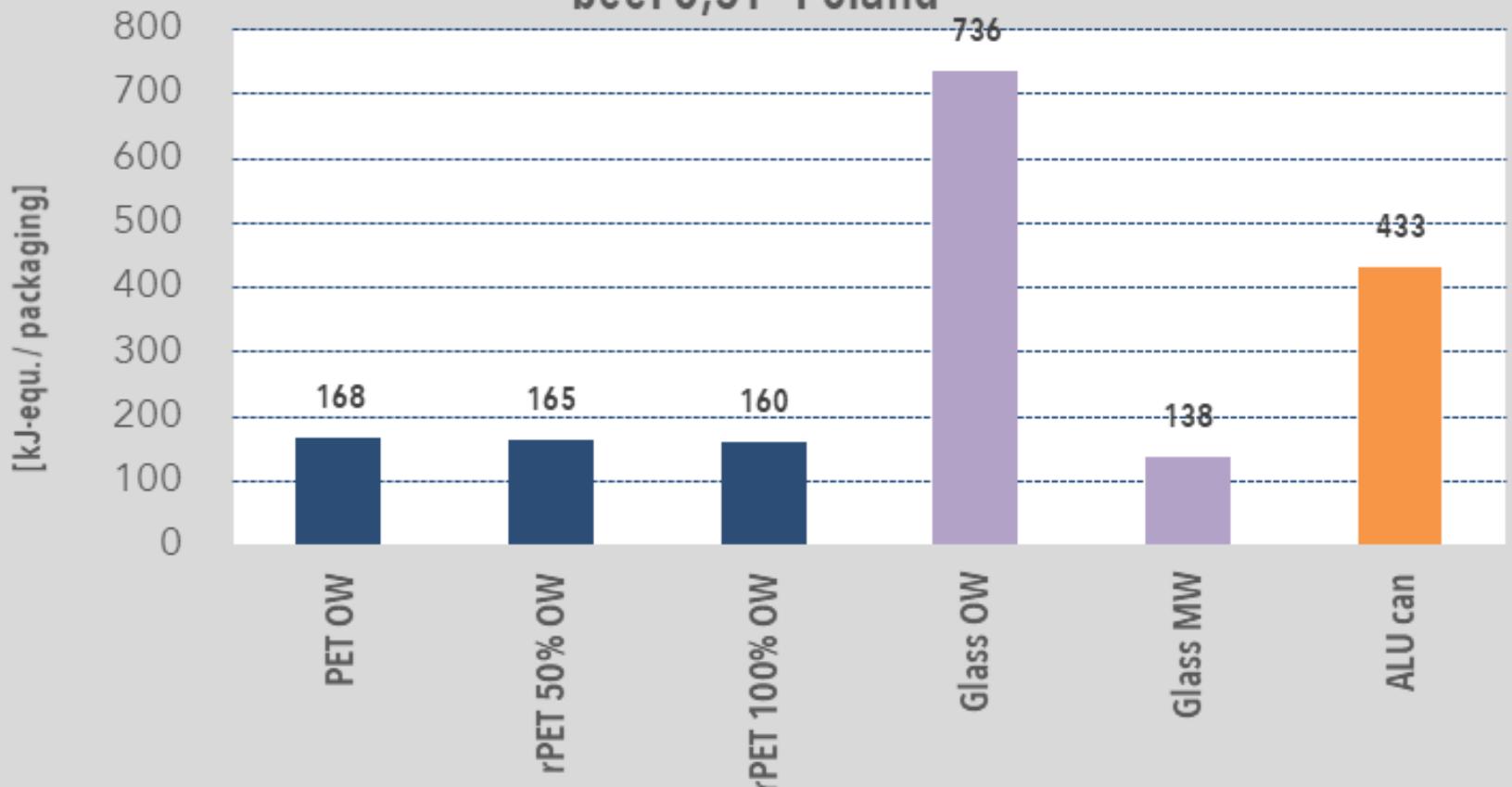
terrestrial eutrophication - beer 0,5l - Poland



land use - beer 0,5l - Poland

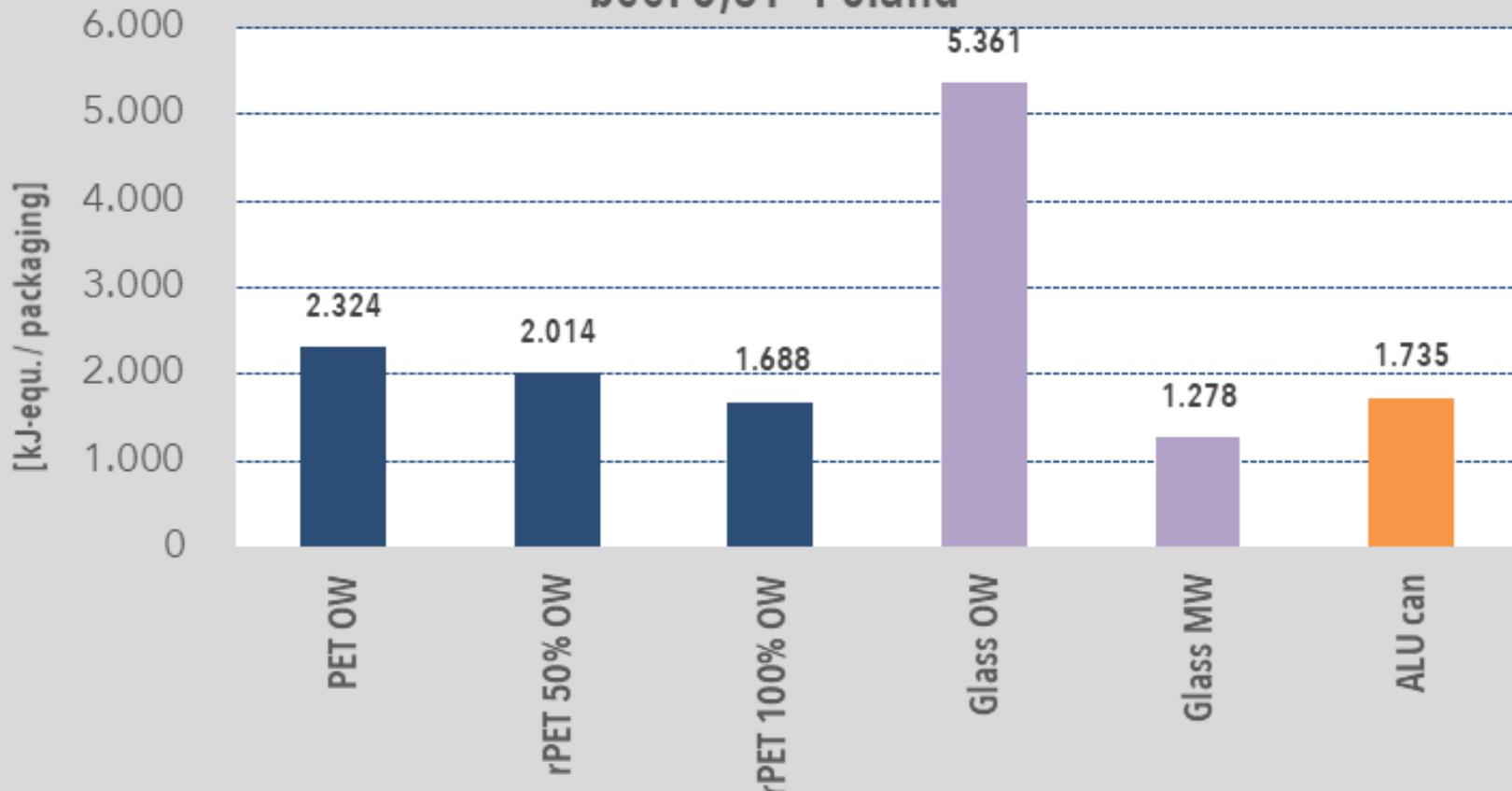


cumulative energy demand - renewable energy resources - beer 0,5l - Poland



cumulative energy demand - non-renewable energy resources

- beer 0,5l - Poland

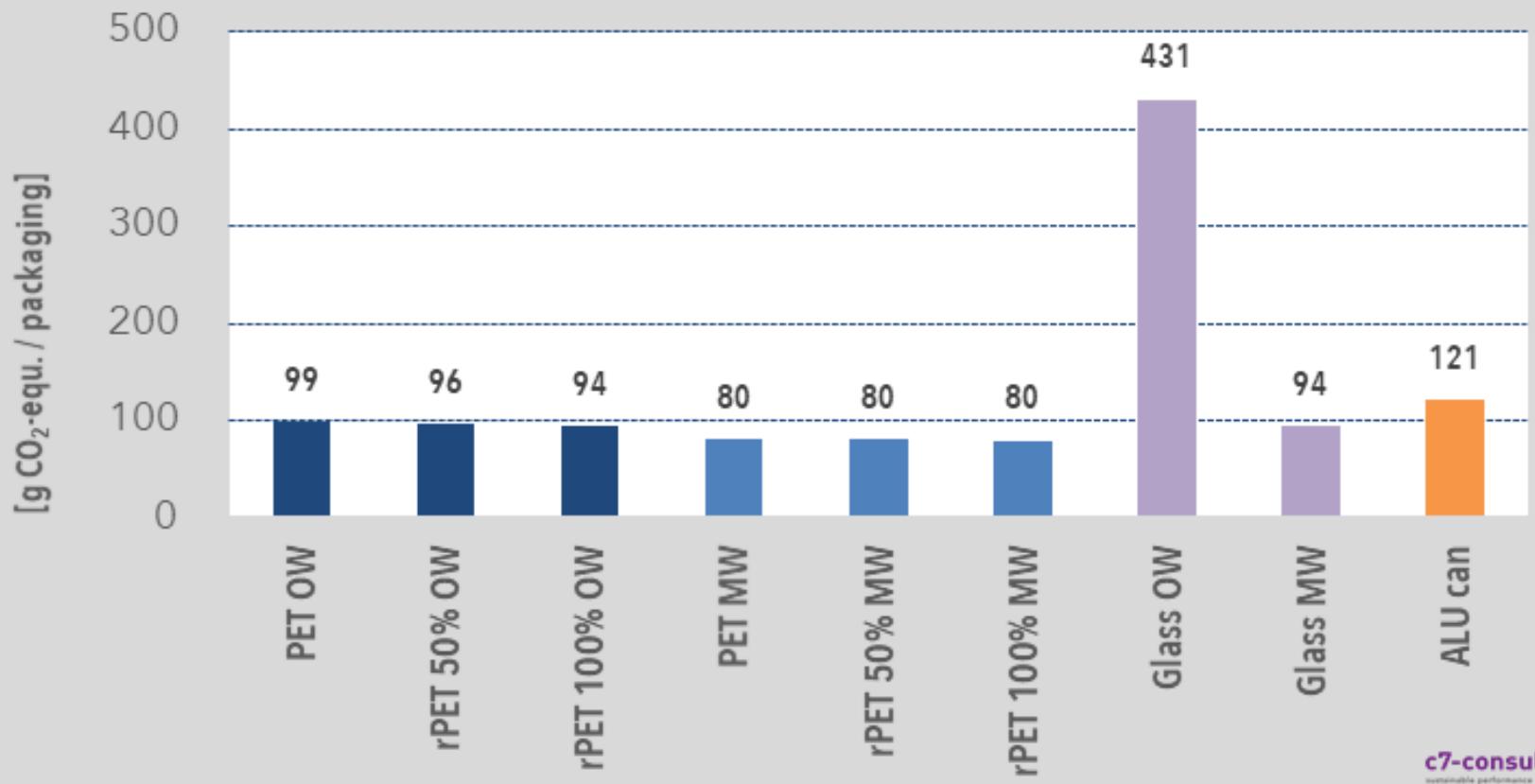




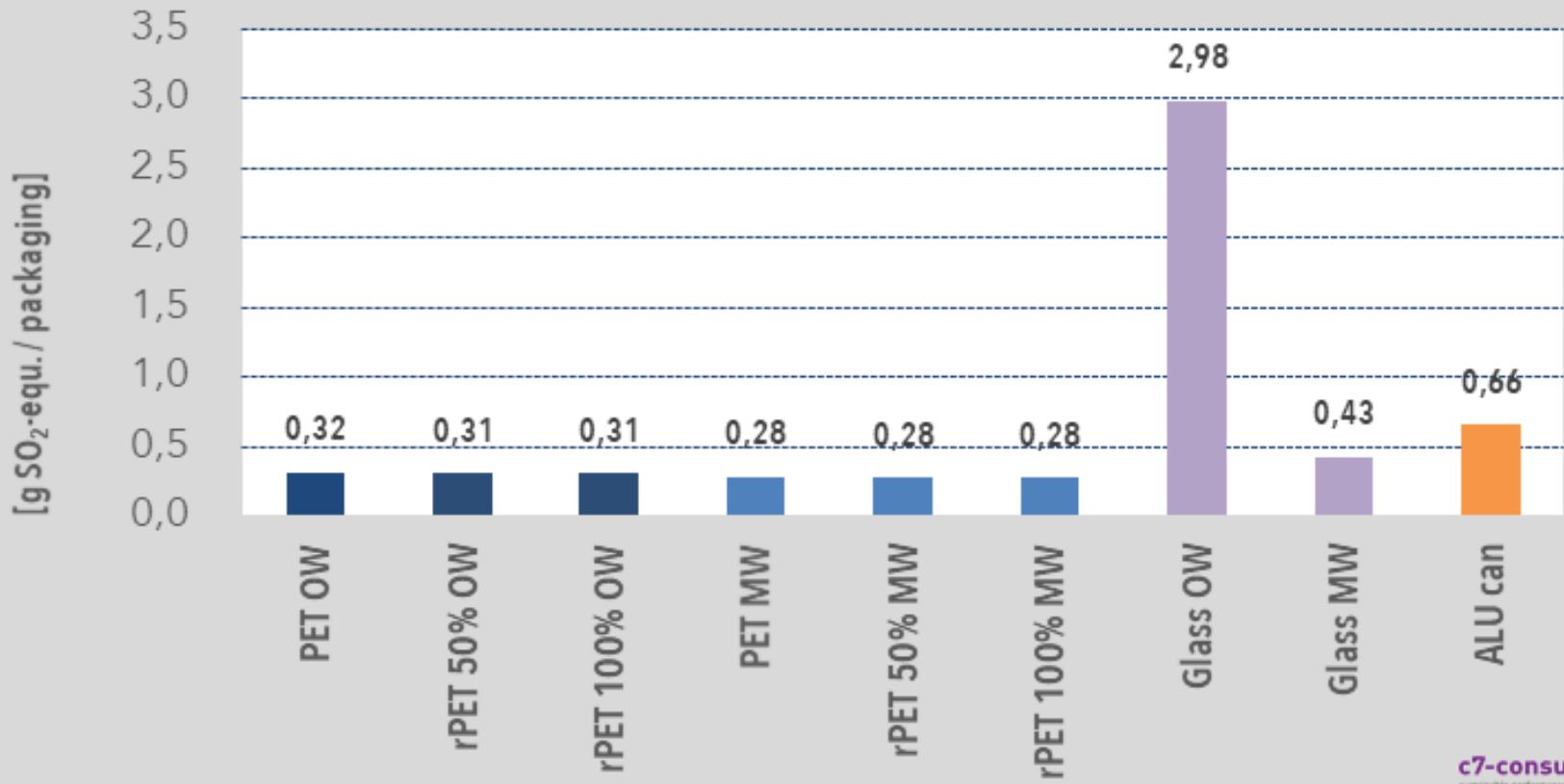
c7-consult
sustainable performance

Results Carbonated Soft Drinks 0,5 l

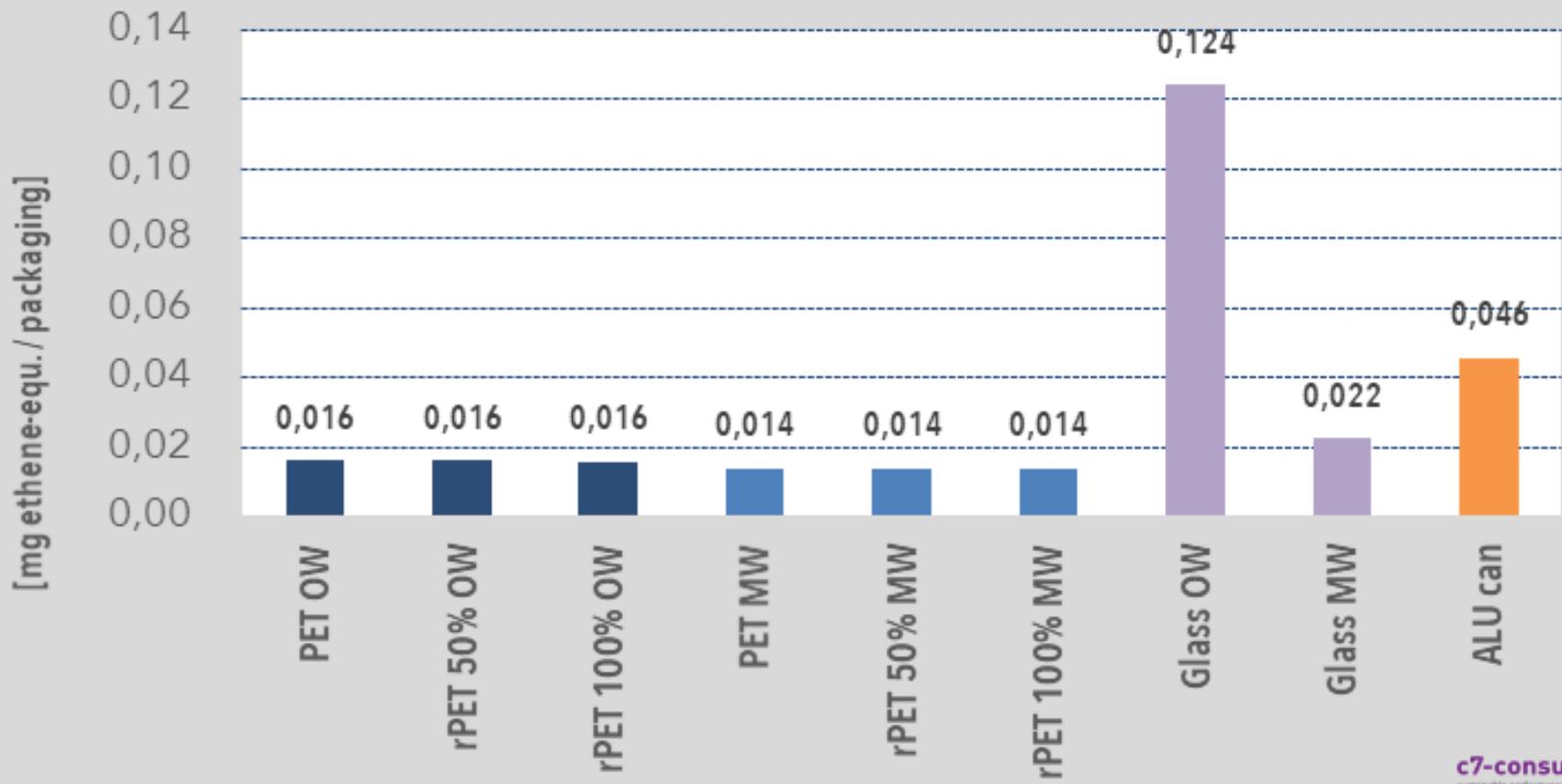
climate change - CSD 0,5 l - Poland



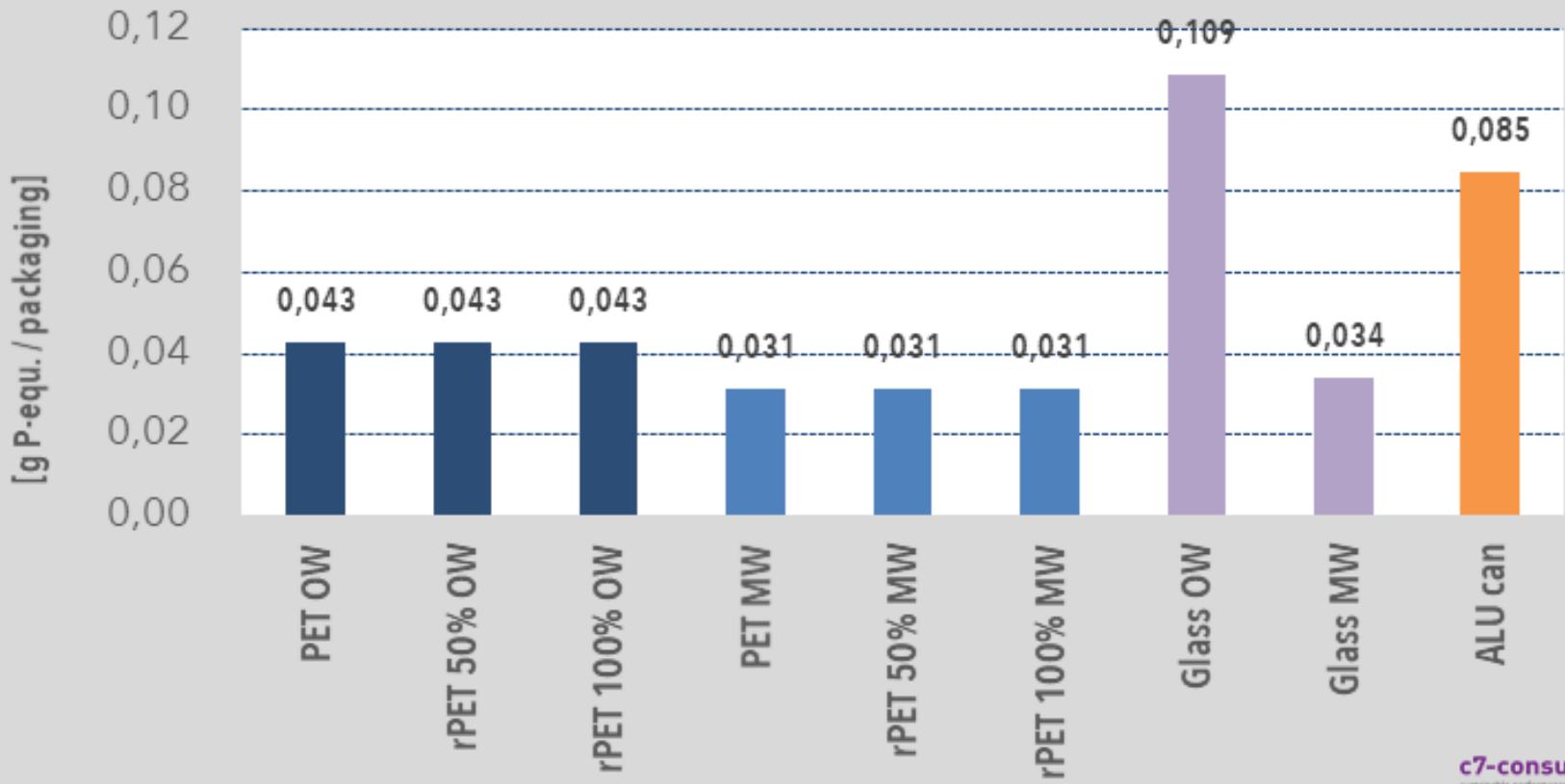
acidification potential - CSD 0,5 l - Poland



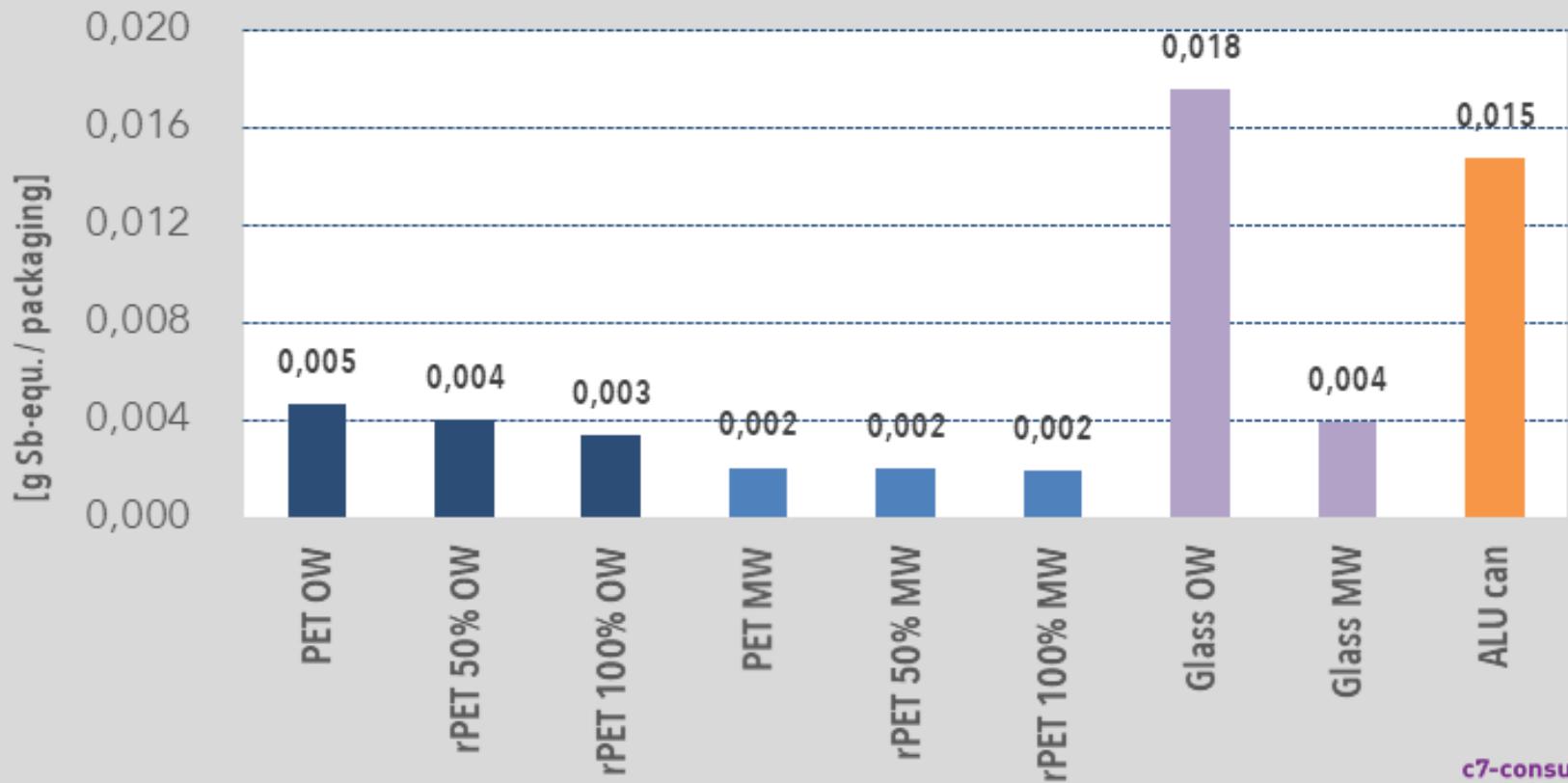
photochemical oxidation (summersmog) - CSD 0,5 l - Poland



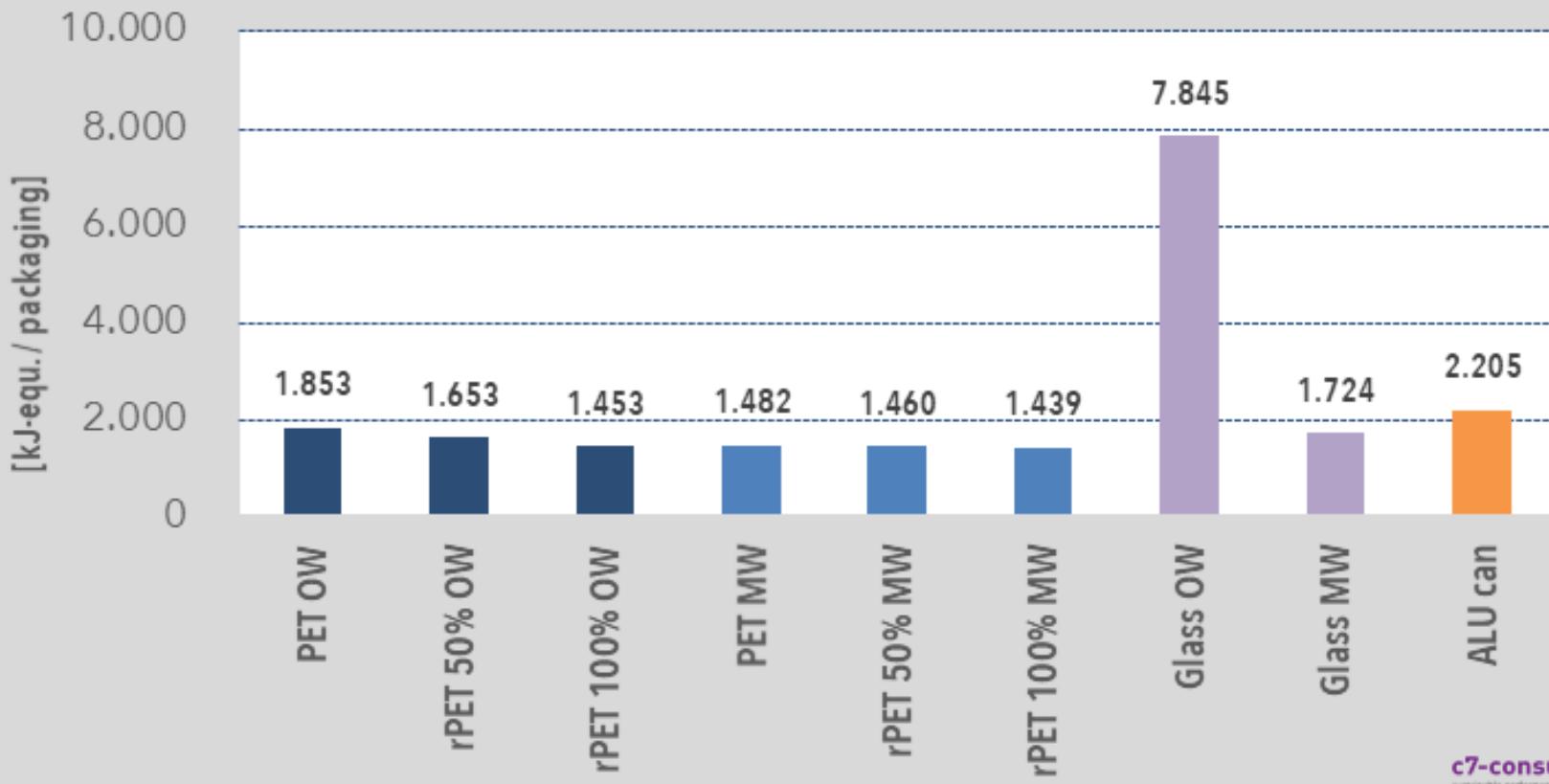
freshwater eutrophication - CSD 0,5 l - Poland



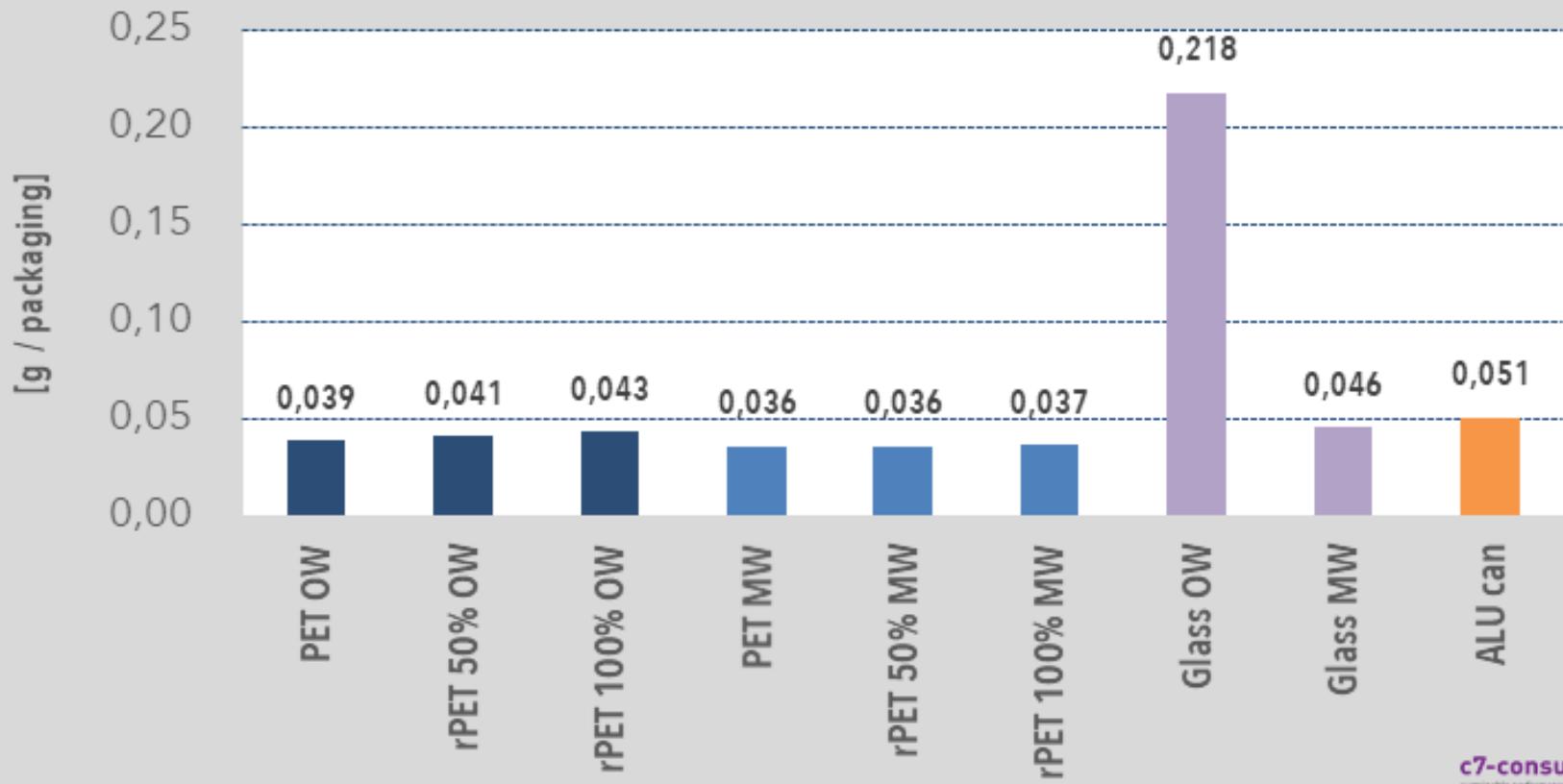
depletion of abiotic resources - elements - CSD 0,5 l - Poland



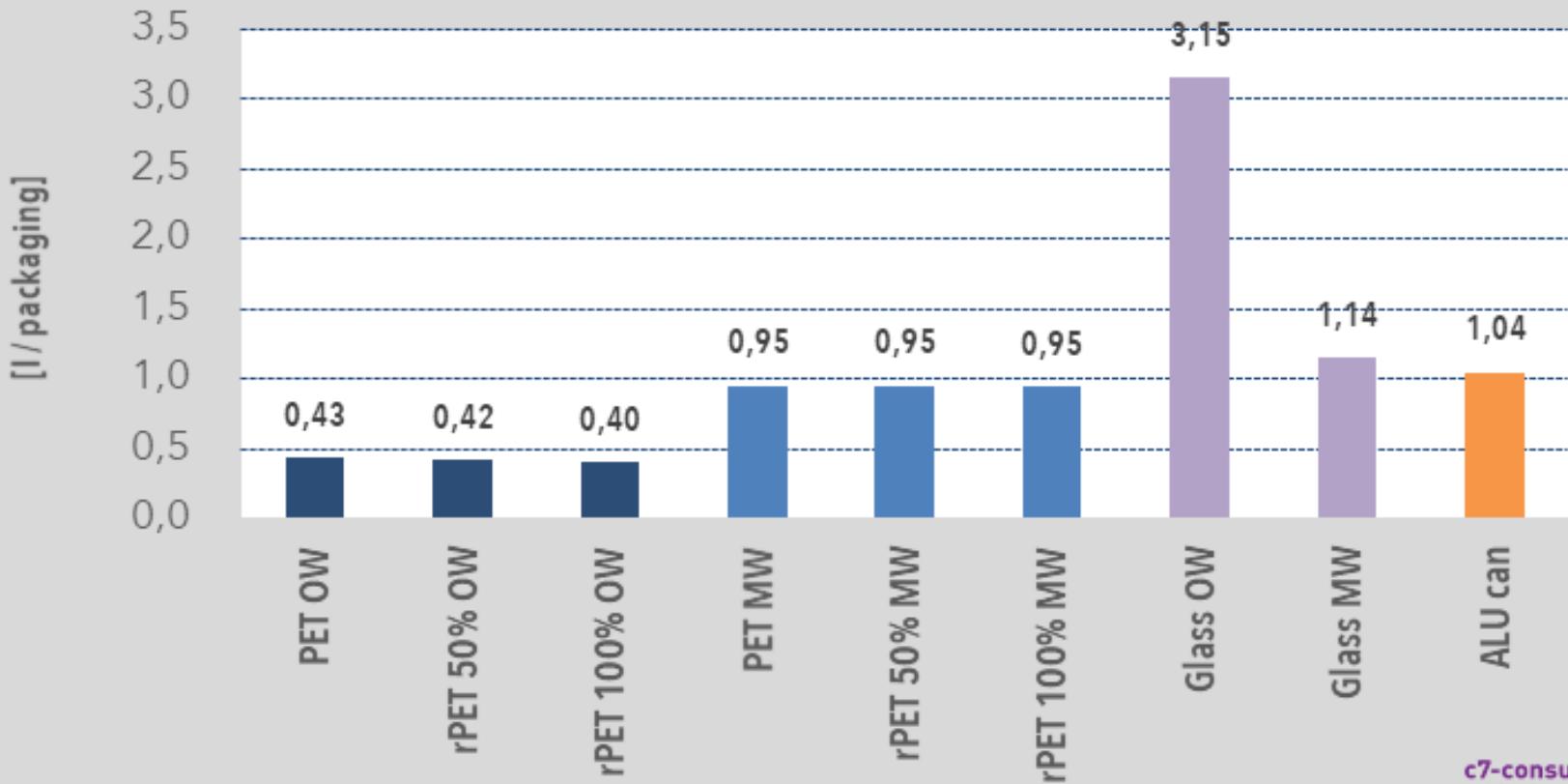
cumulative energy demand - CSD 0,5 l - Poland



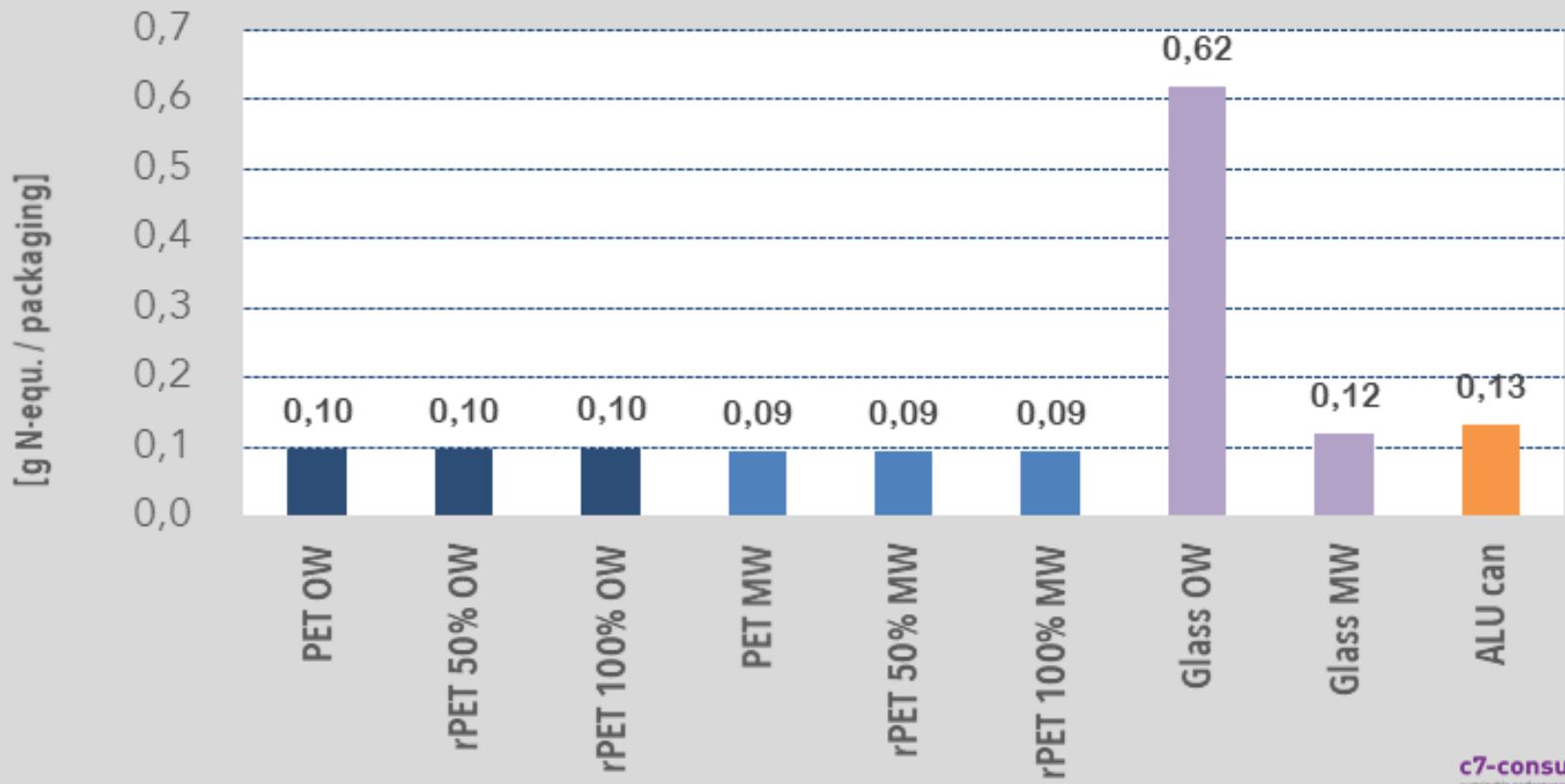
particulates < 2,5 µm - CSD 0,5 l - Poland



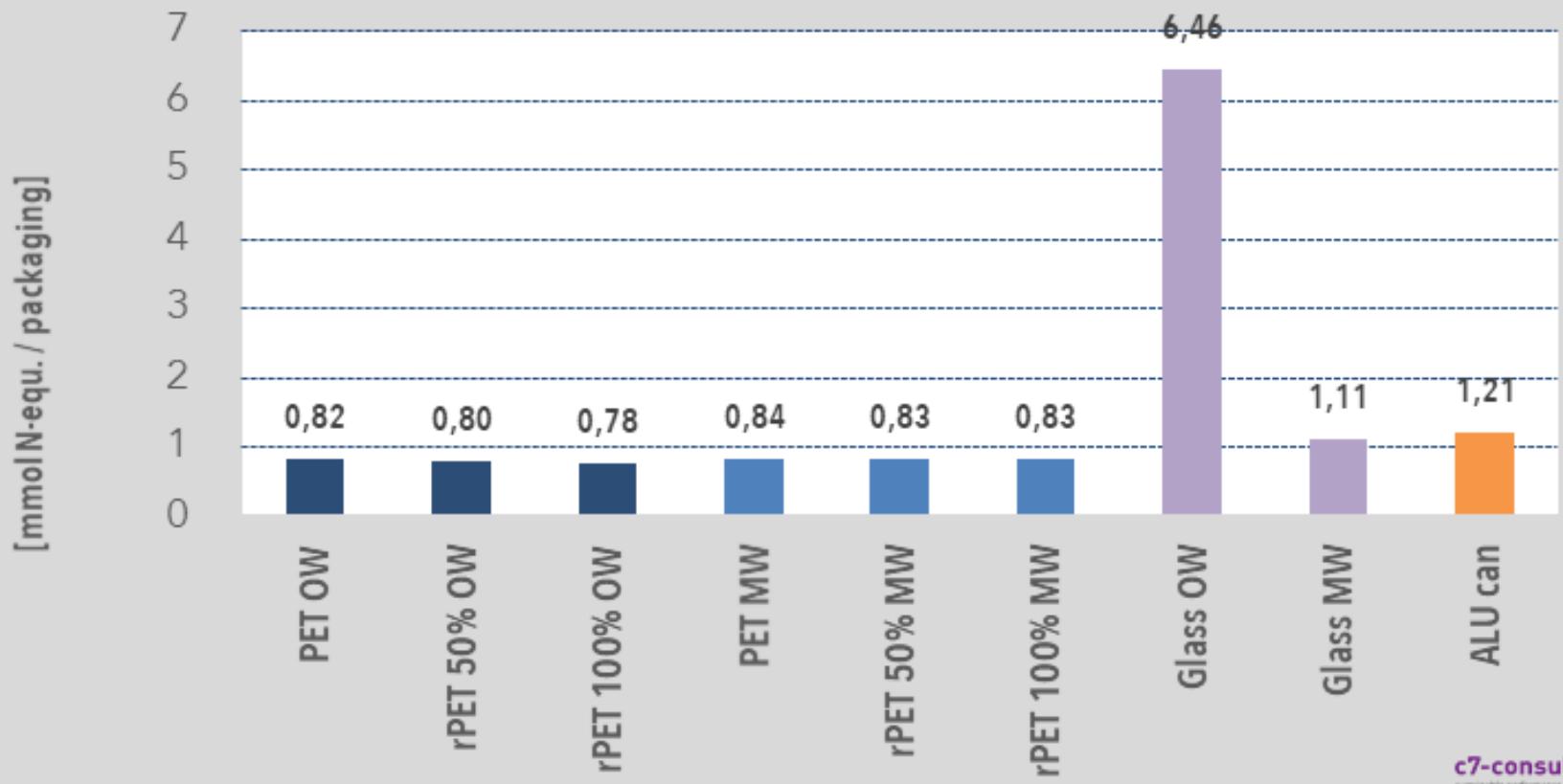
water - CSD 0,5 l - Poland



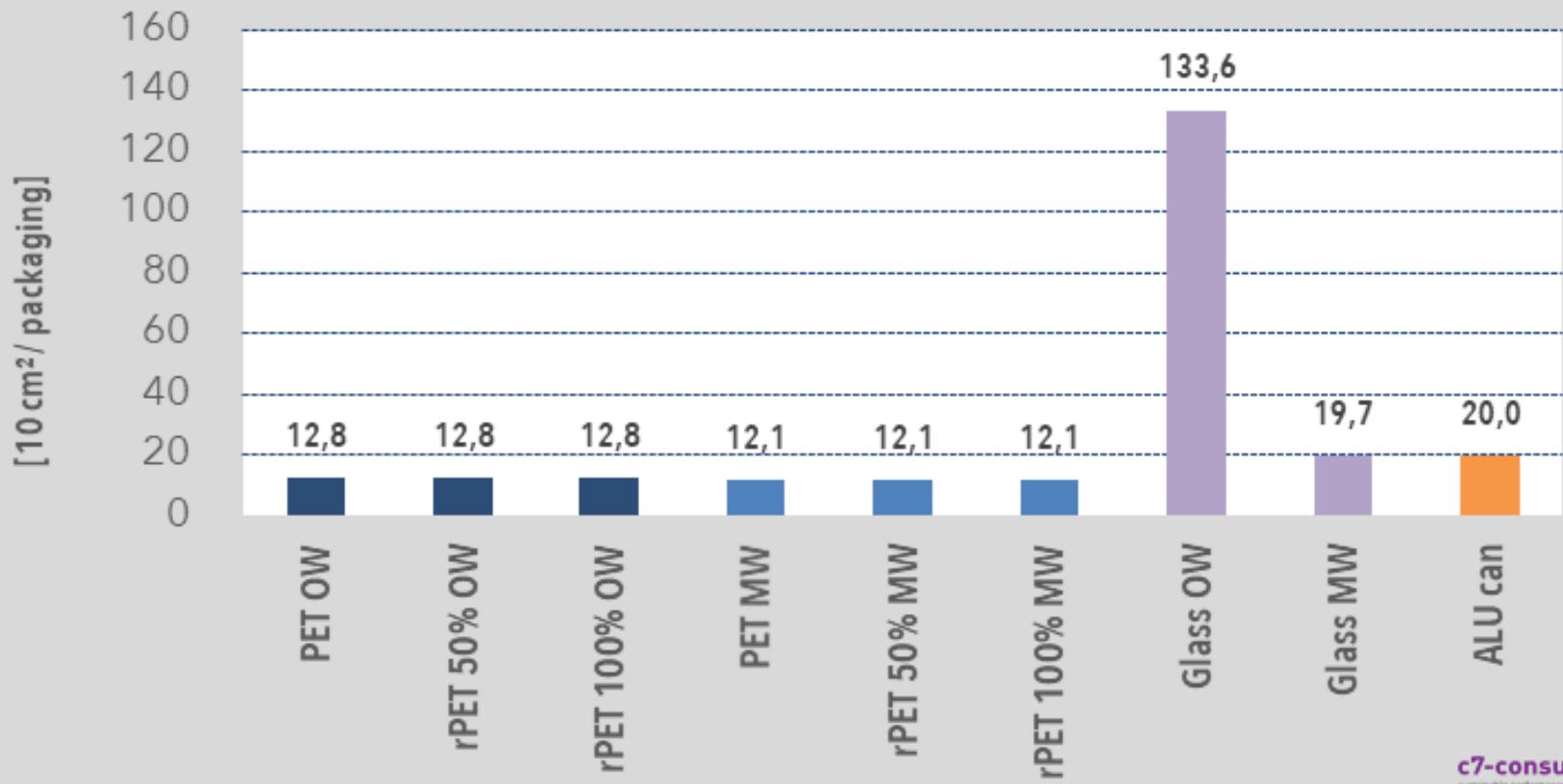
marine eutrophication - CSD 0,5 l - Poland



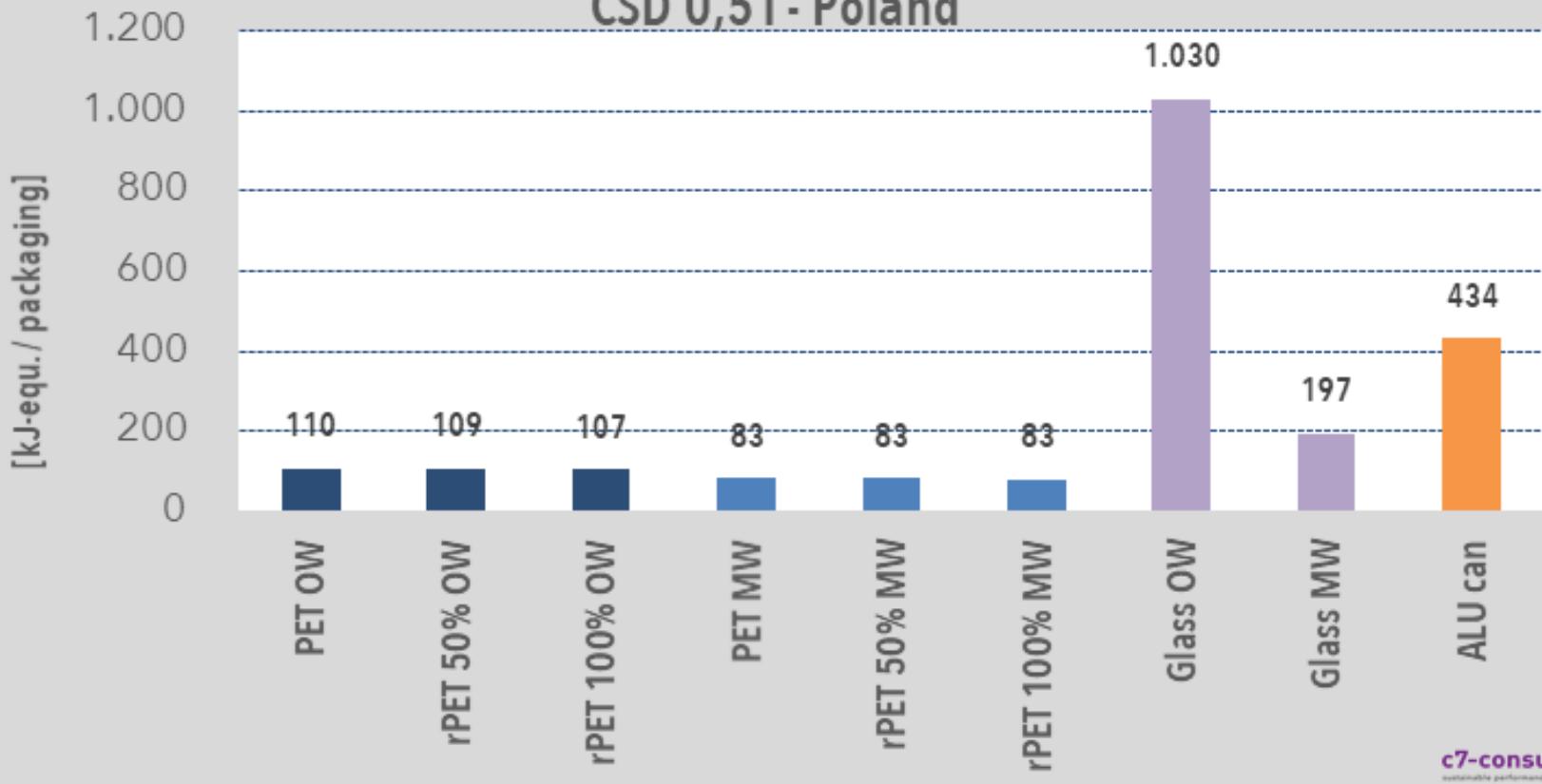
terrestrial eutrophication - CSD 0,5 l - Poland



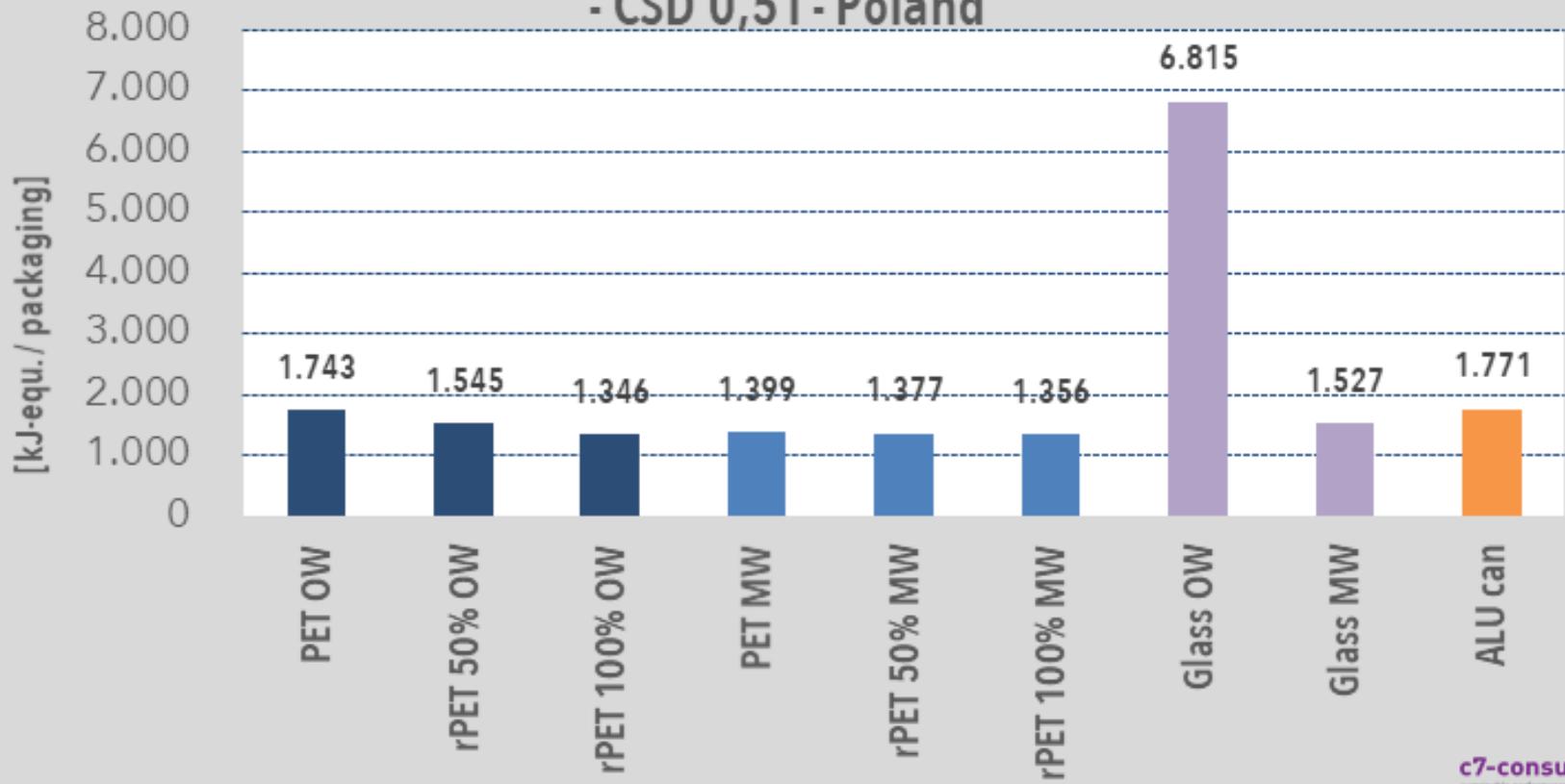
land use - CSD 0,5 l - Poland



cumulative energy demand - renewable energy resources -
CSD 0,5 l - Poland



cumulative energy demand -non-renewable energy resources - CSD 0,5 l - Poland

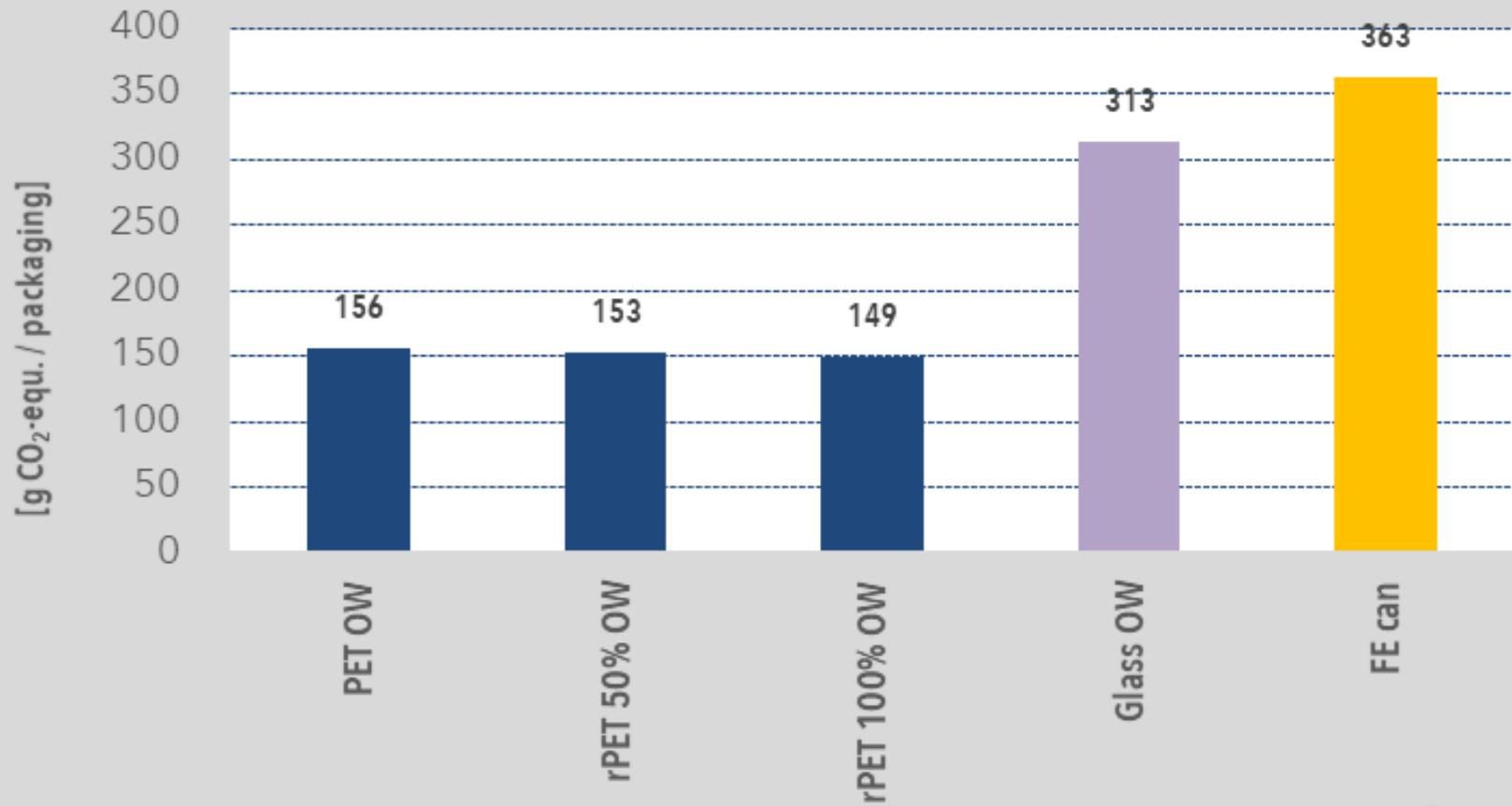




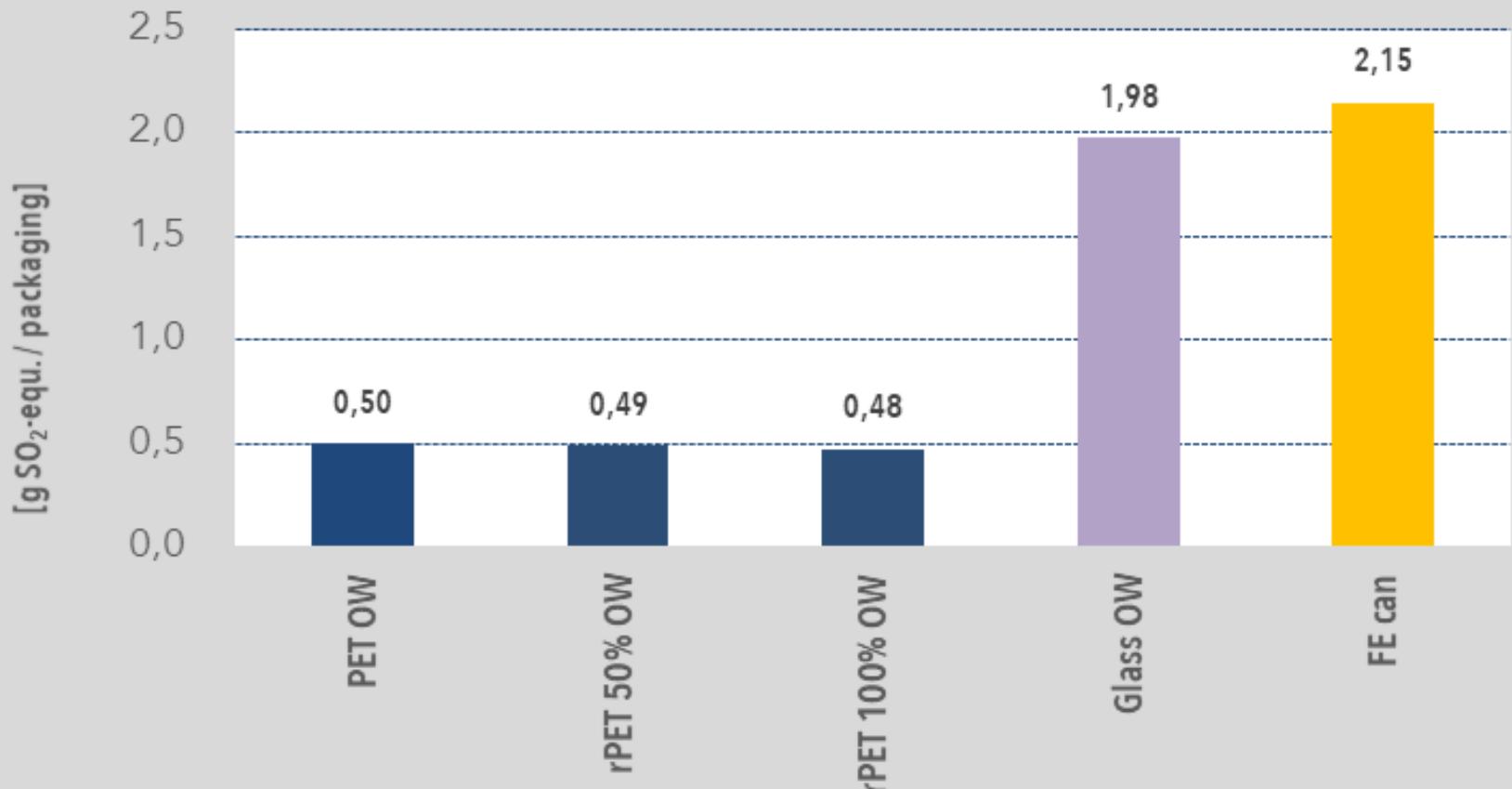
c7-consult
sustainable performance

Results Food 350 g

climate change - food jar 0,35 l - Poland

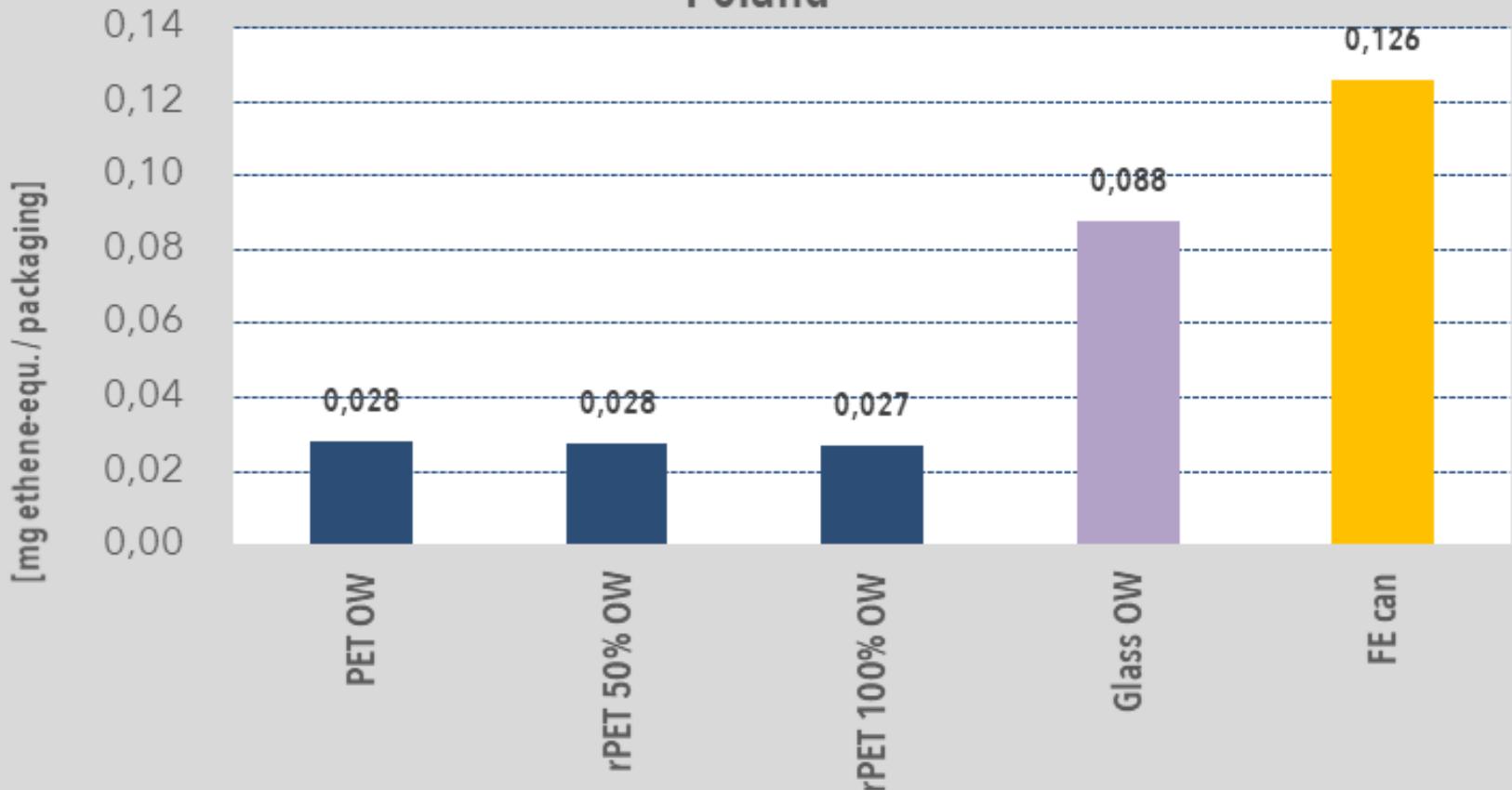


acidification potential - food jar 0,35 l - Poland

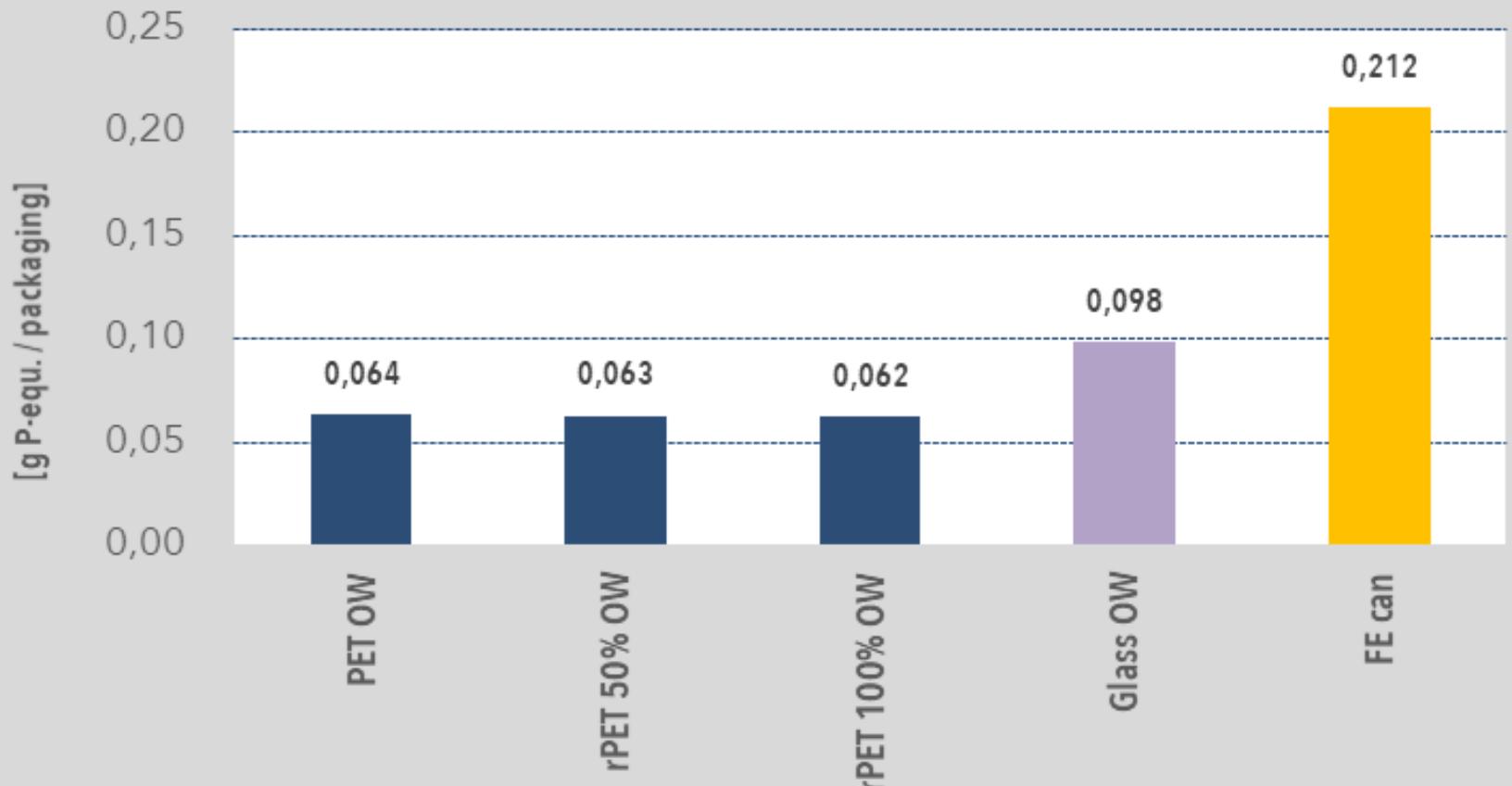


photochemical oxidation(summersmog)- food jar 0,35 l -

Poland

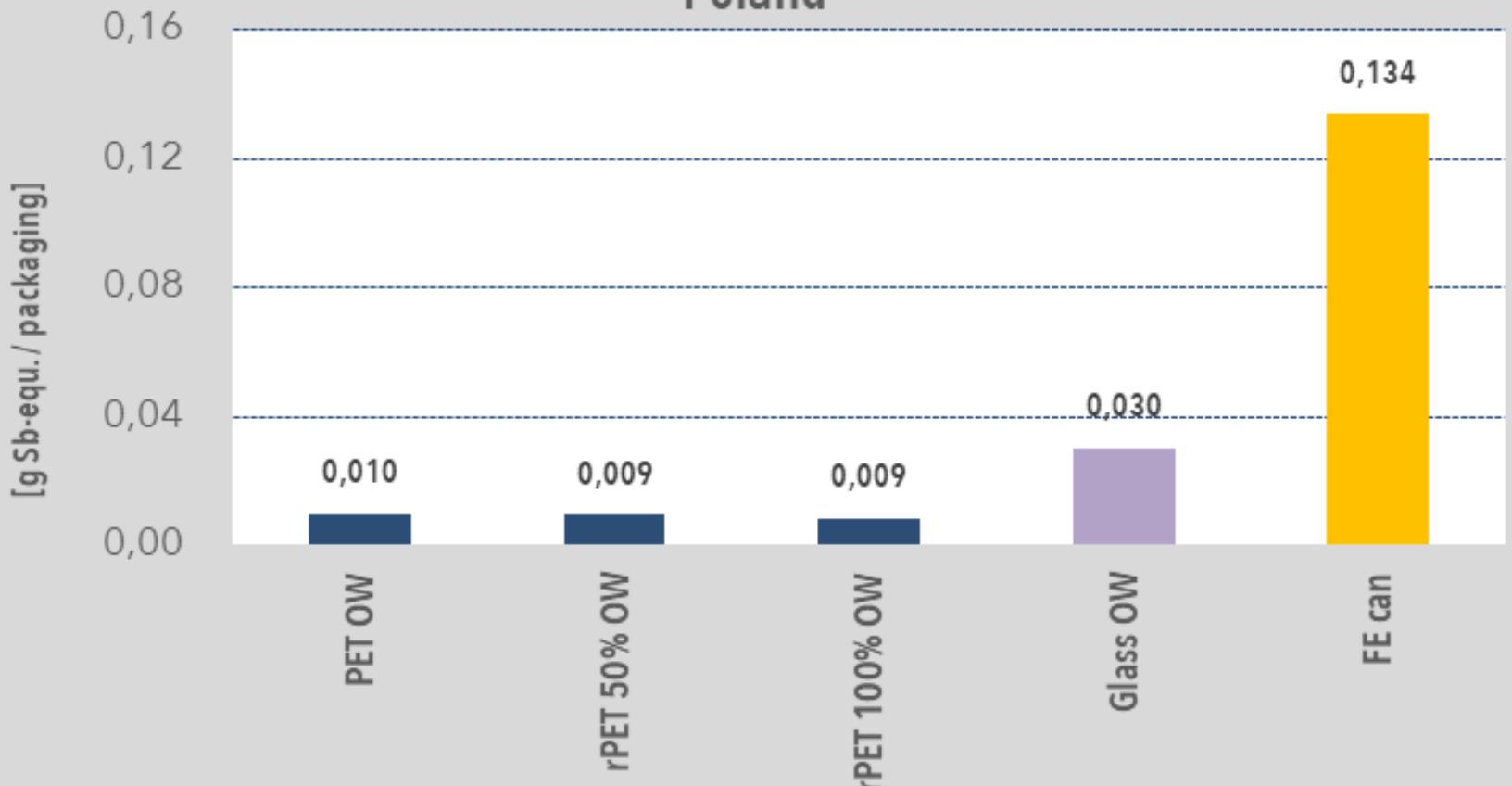


freshwater eutrophication - food jar 0,35l - Poland

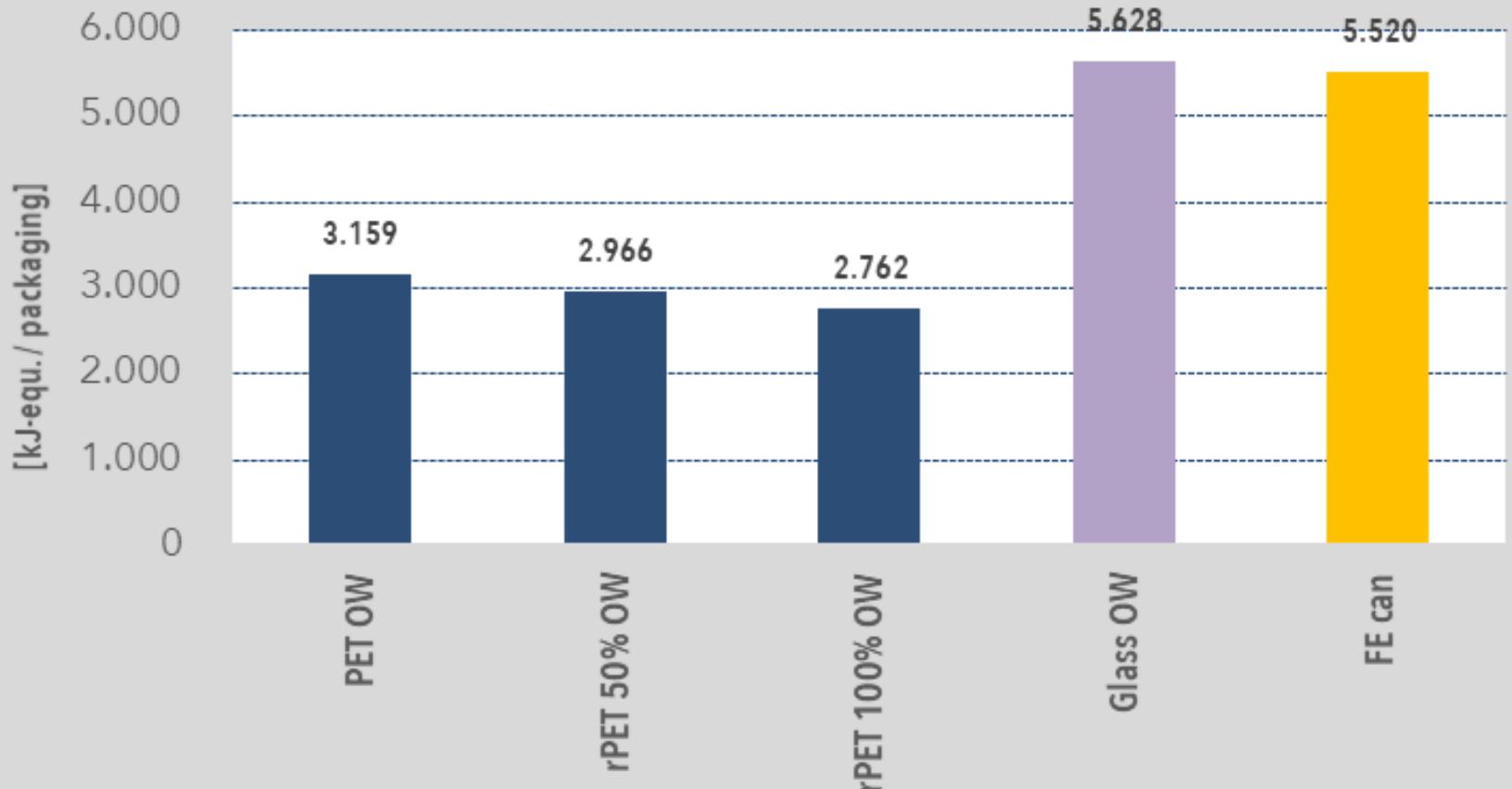


depletion of abiotic resources - elements - food jar 0,35 l -

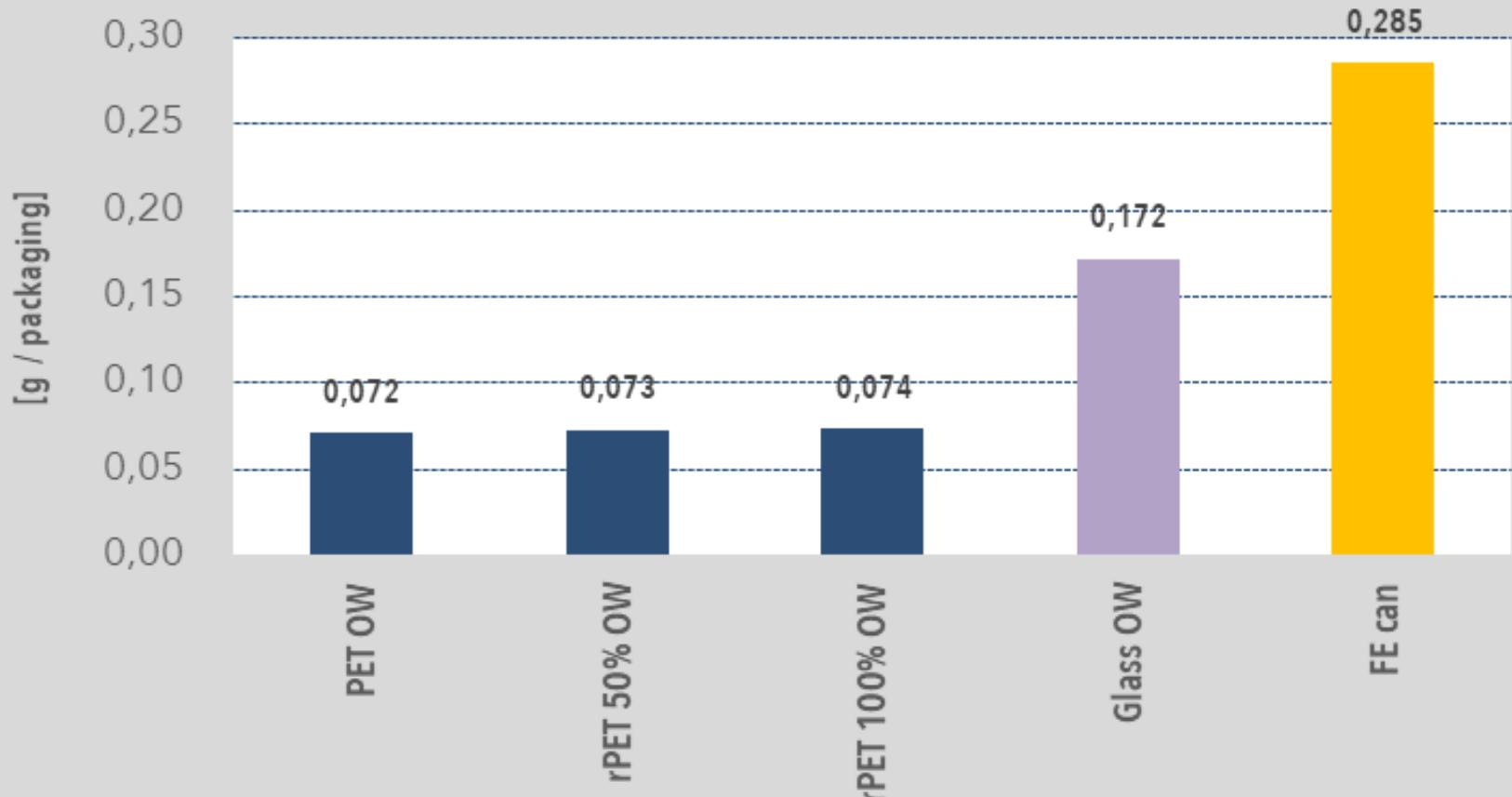
Poland



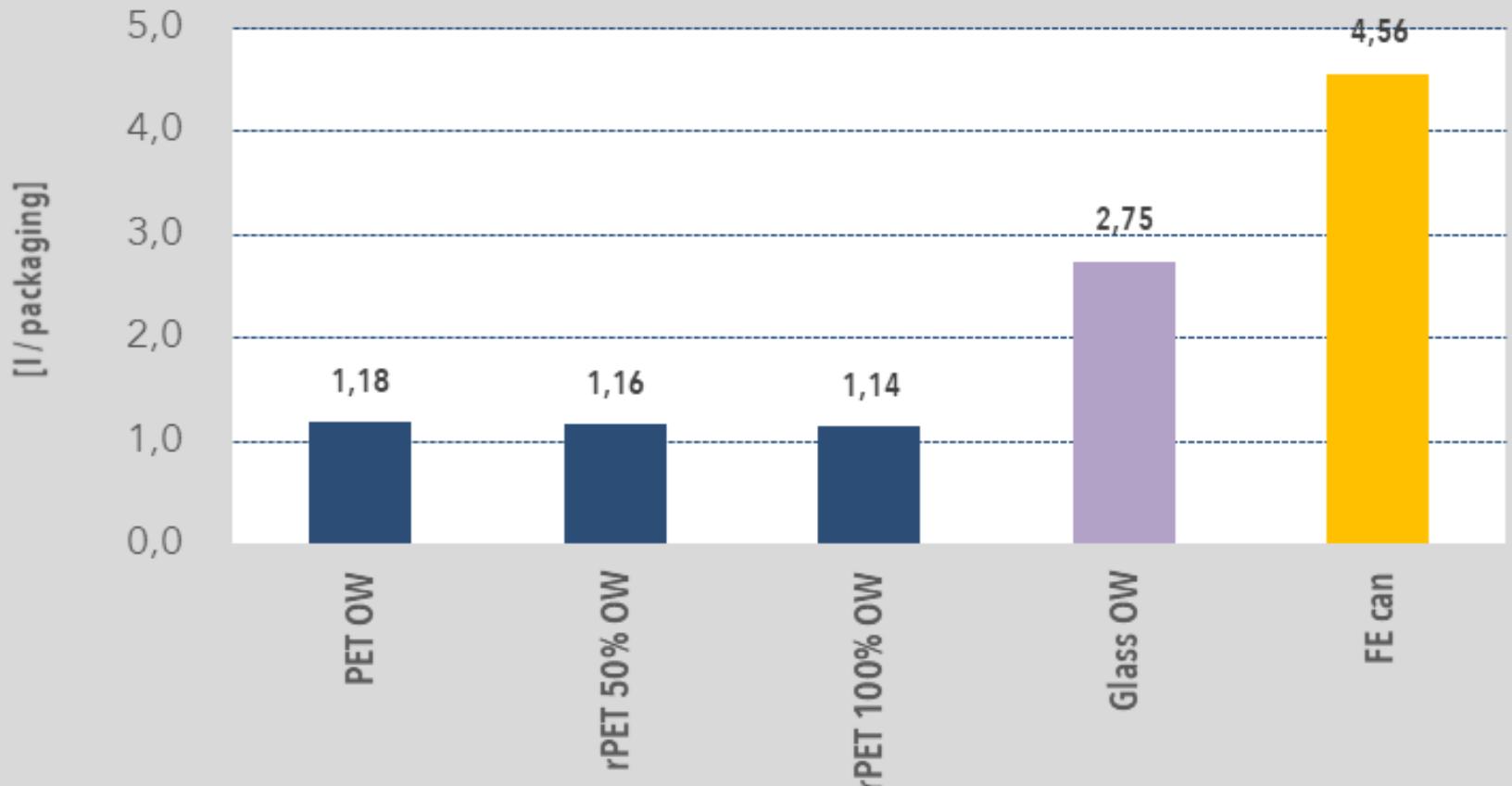
cumulative energy demand - food jar 0,35l - Poland



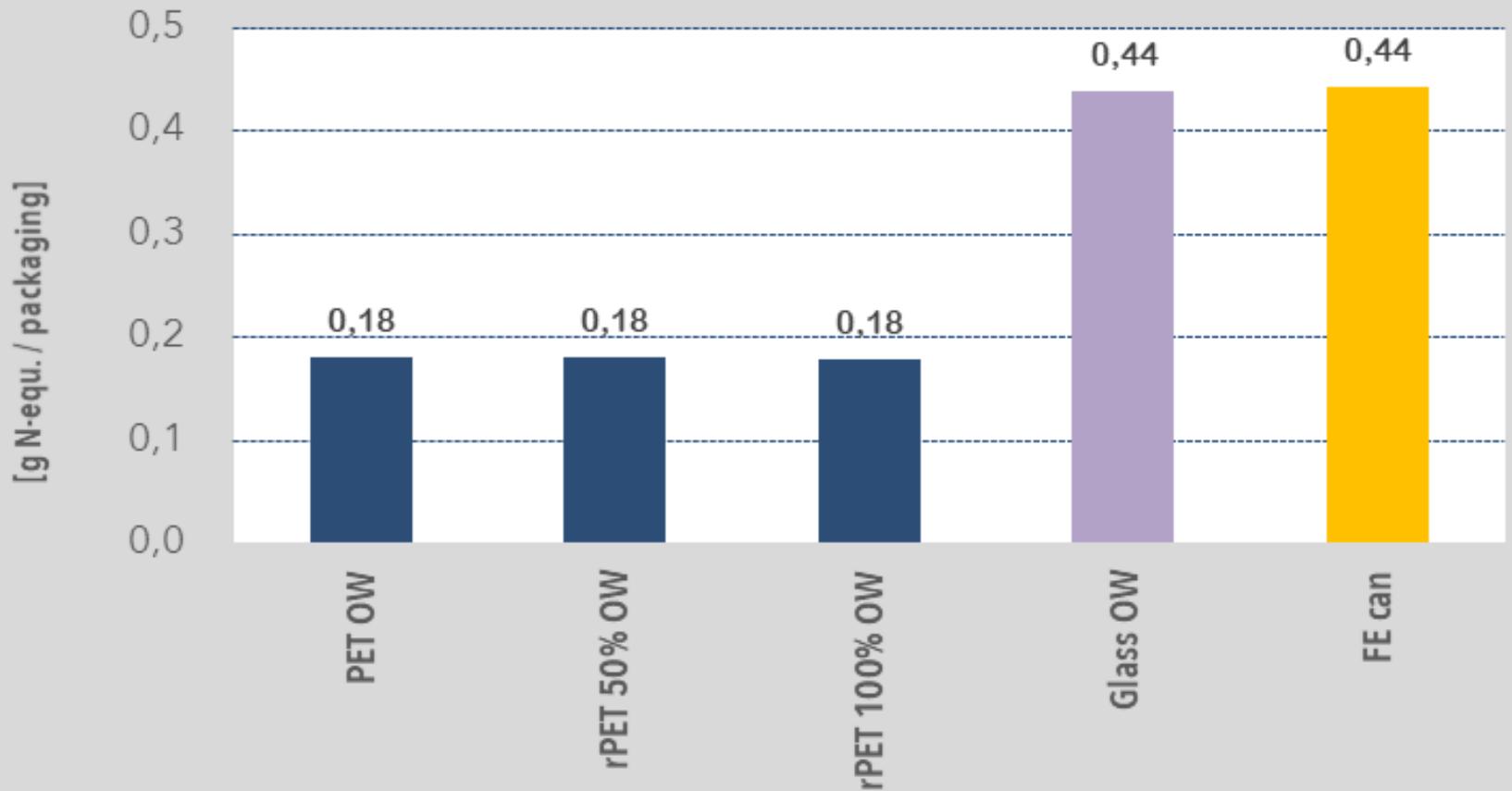
particulates < 2,5 µm · food jar 0,35l · Poland



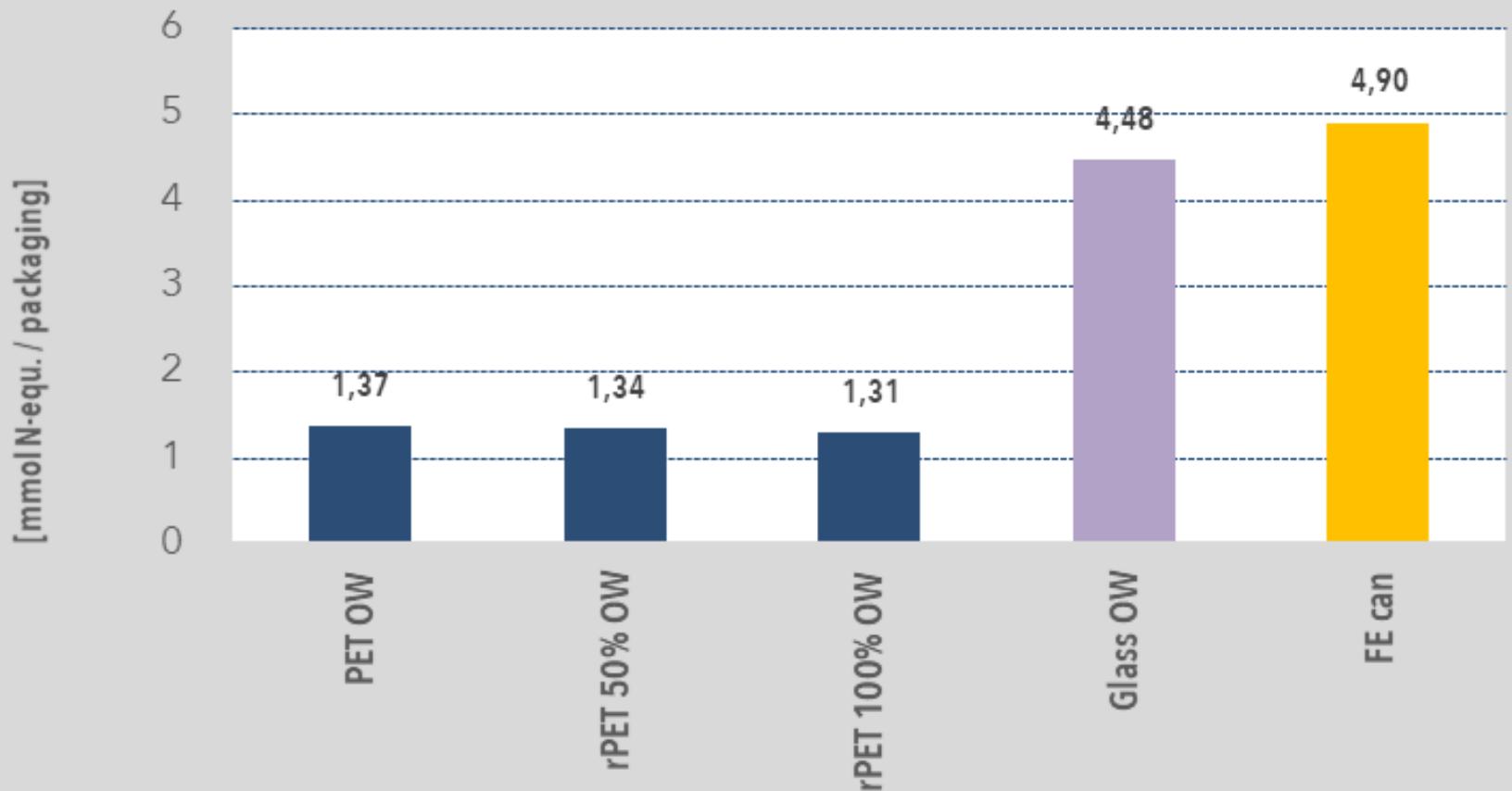
water · food jar 0,35l - Poland



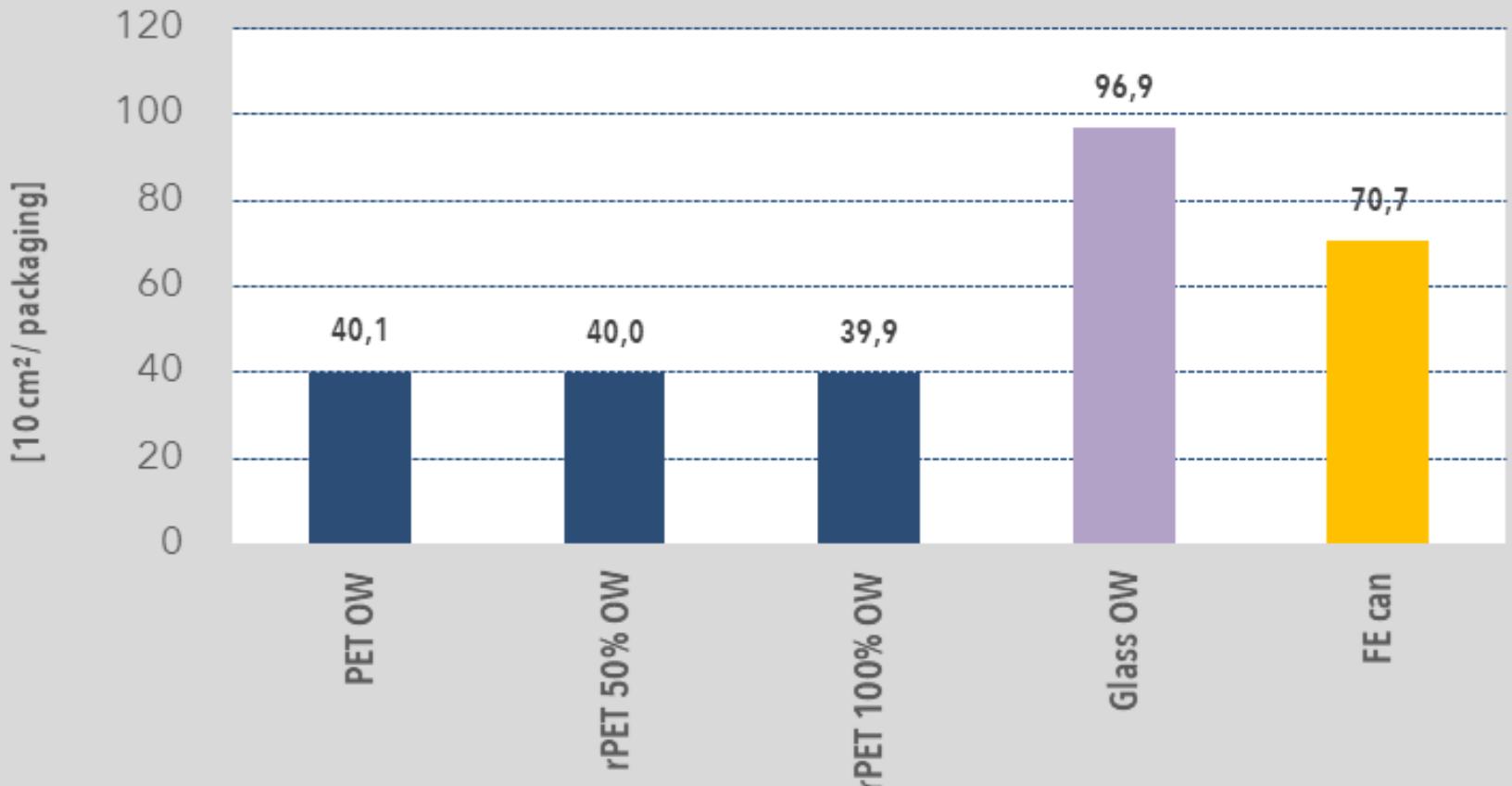
marine eutrophication - food jar 0,35l - Poland



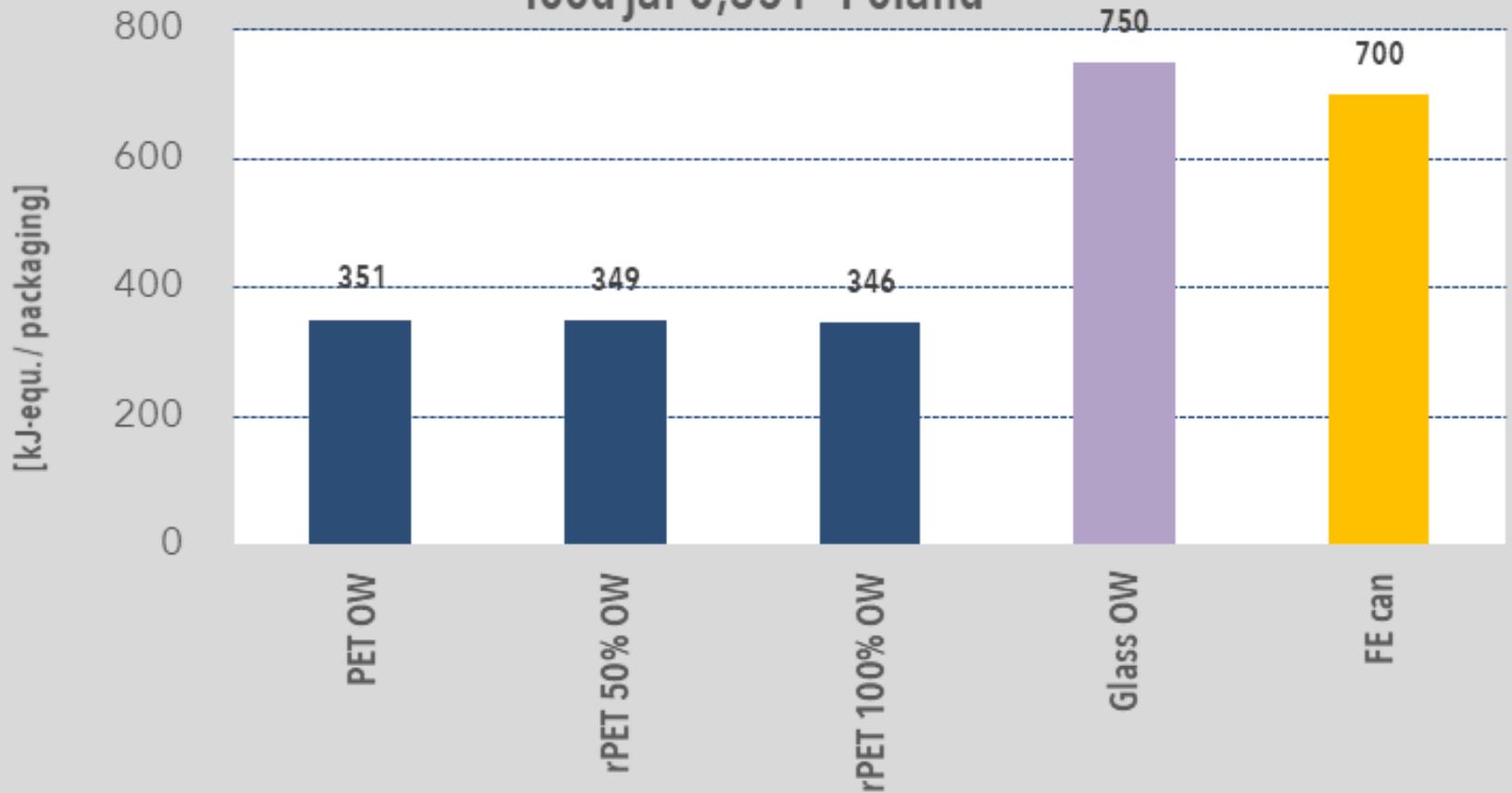
terrestrial eutrophication - food jar 0,35l - Poland



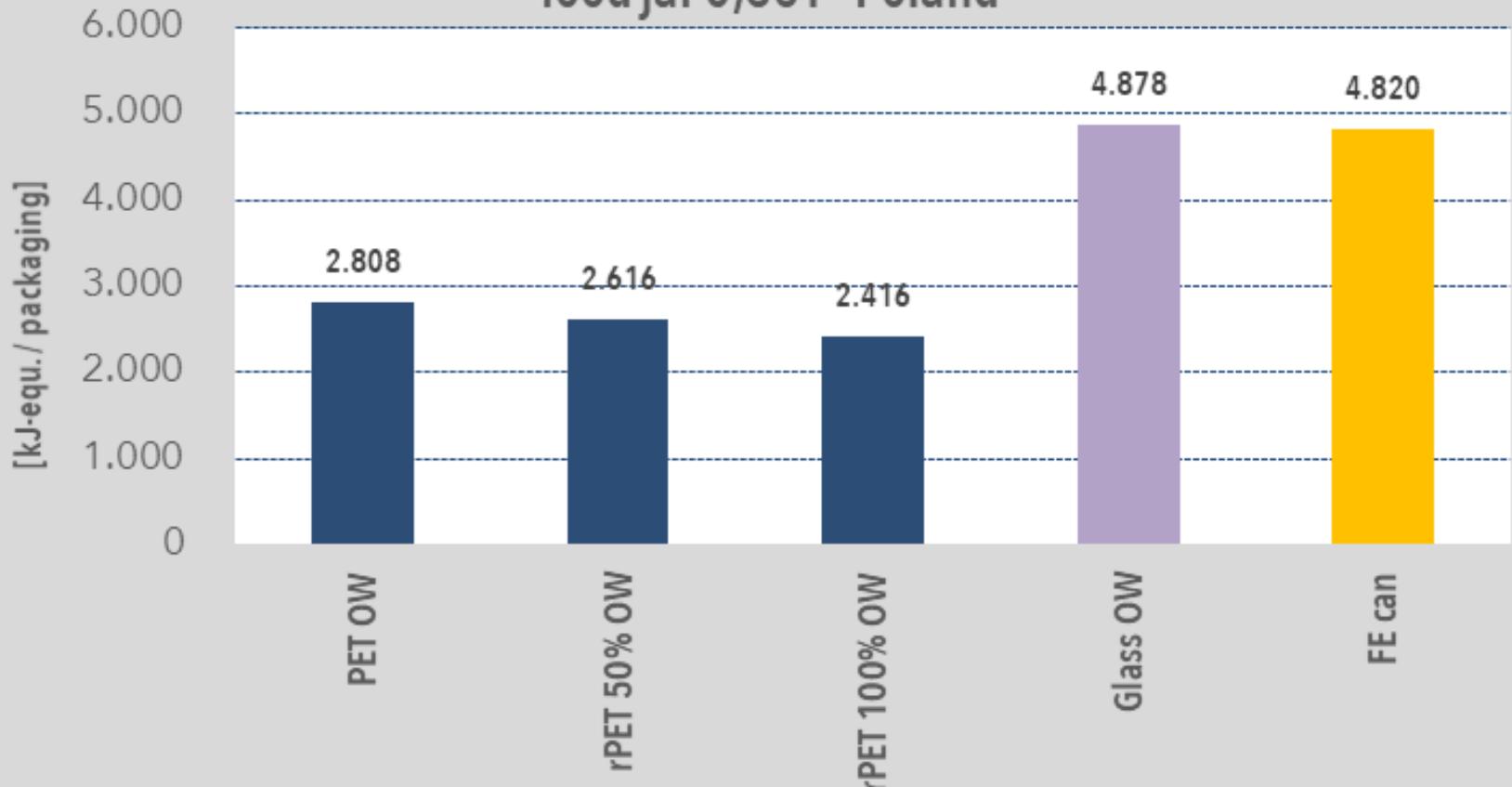
land use - food jar 0,35l - Poland



cumulative energy demand - renewable energy resources - food jar 0,35 l - Poland



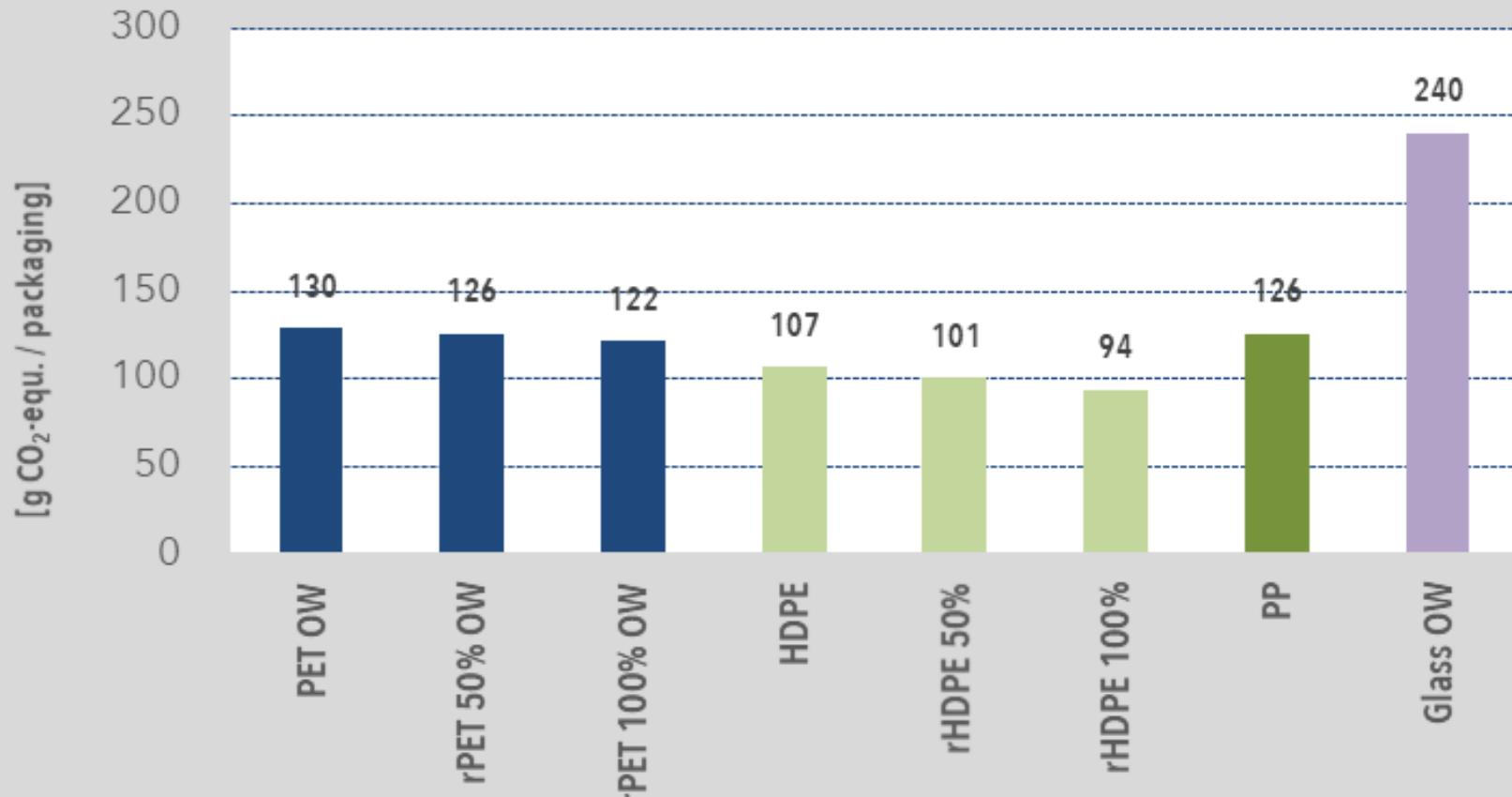
cumulative energy demand - non-renewable energy resources - food jar 0,35 l - Poland



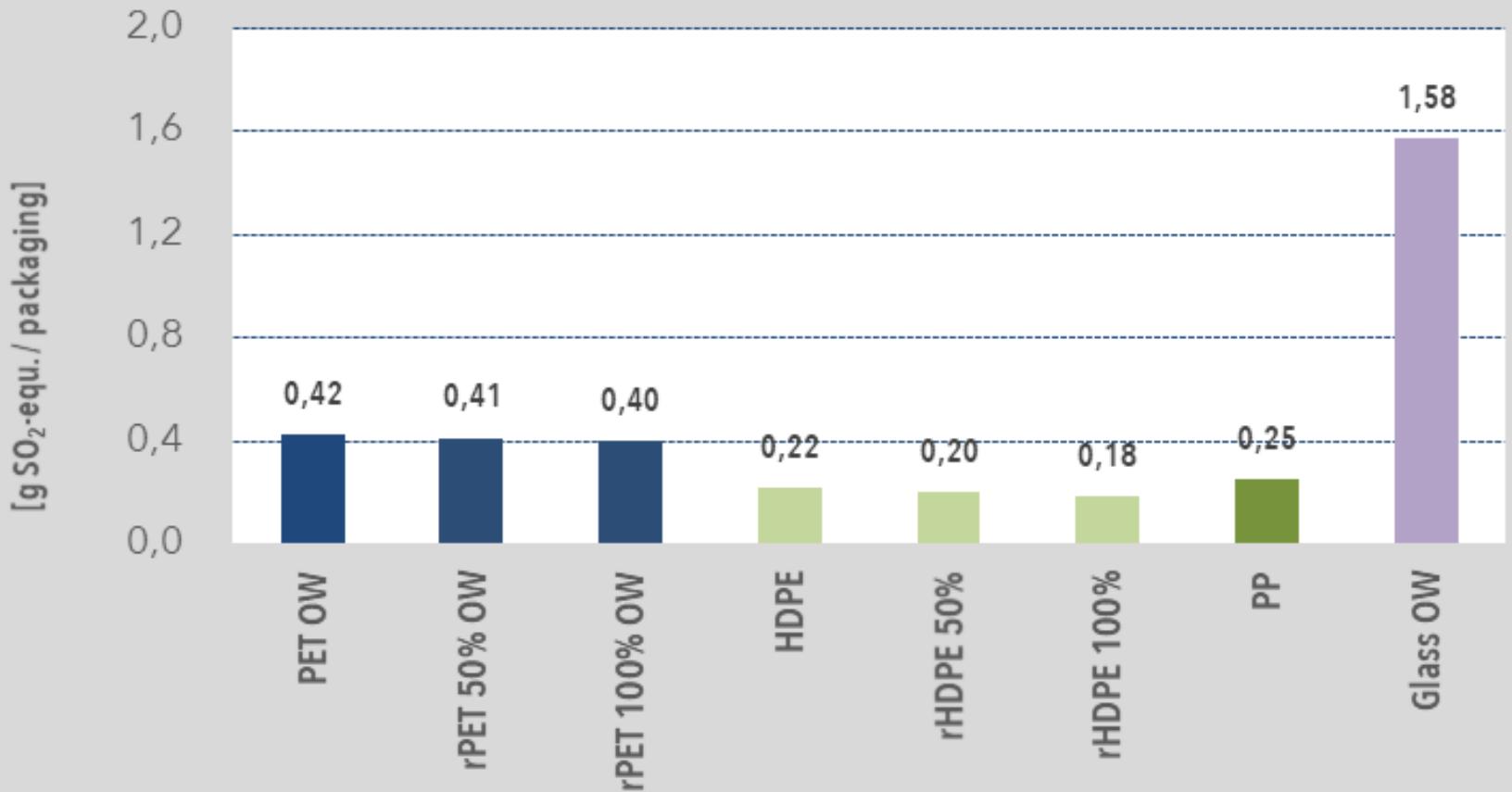


Results Ketchup 300 ml

climate change - ketchup 0,3 l - Poland

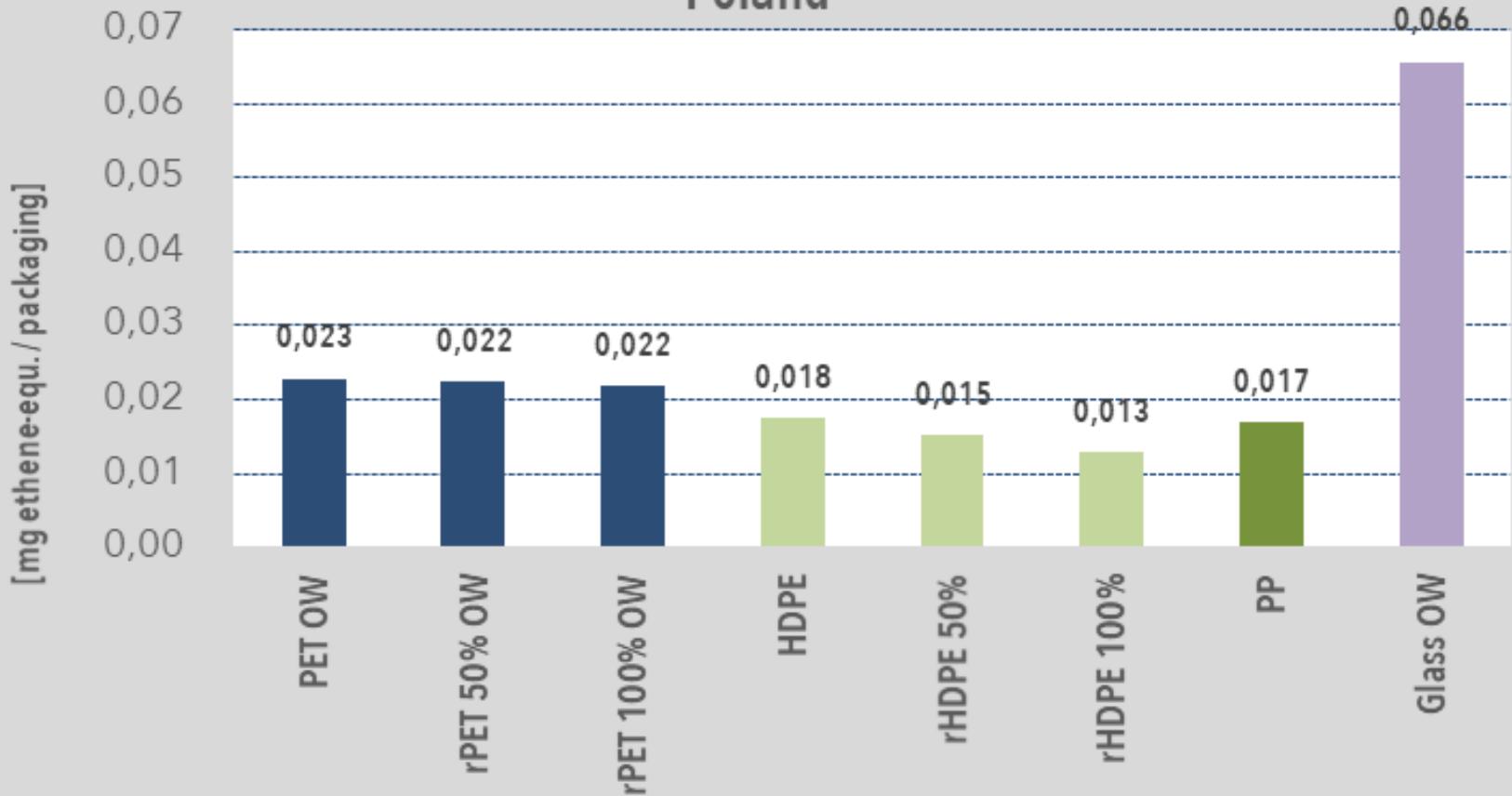


acidification potential - ketchup 0,3 l - Poland

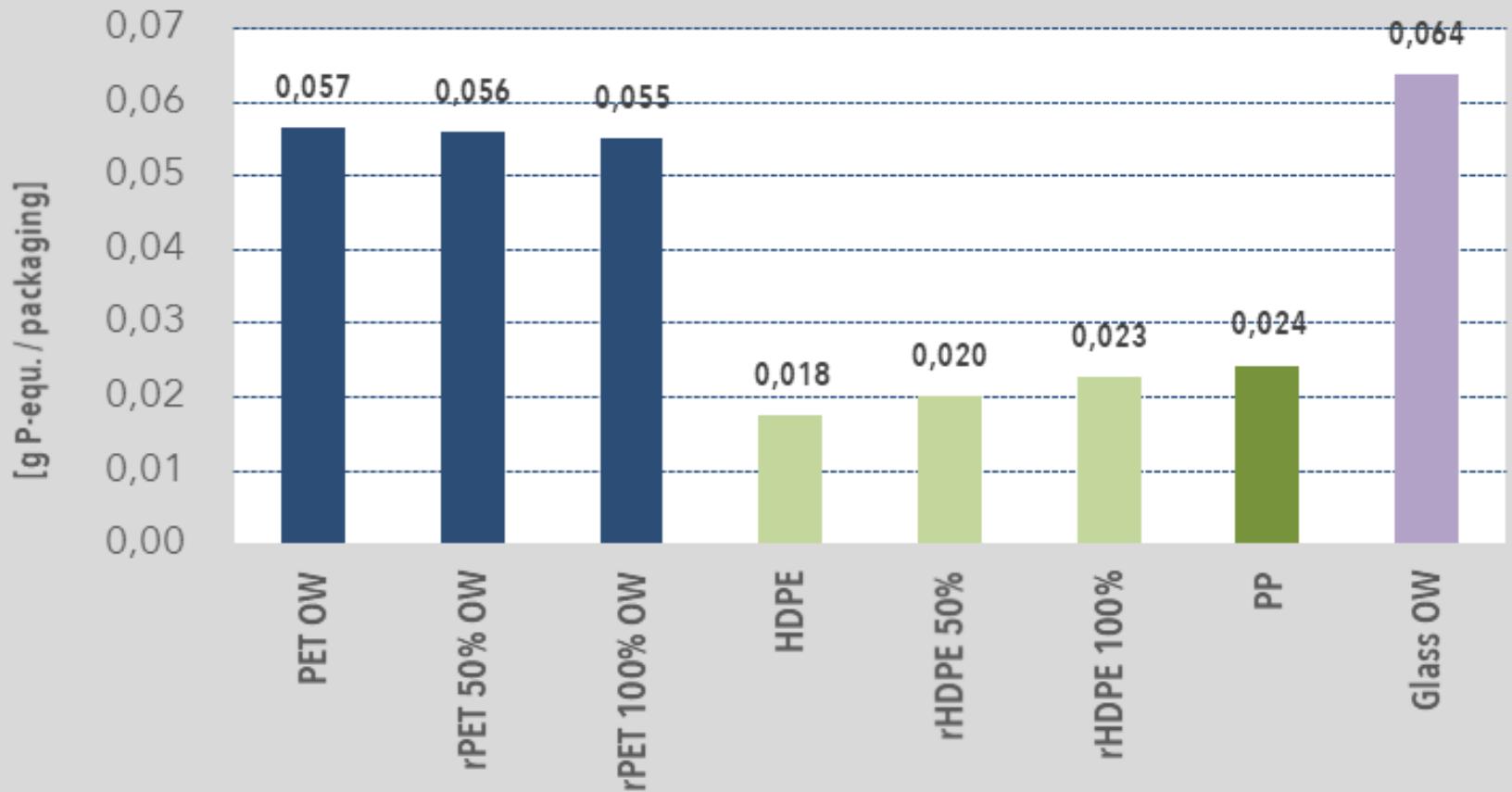


photochemical oxidation(summersmog)- ketchup 0,3 l -

Poland

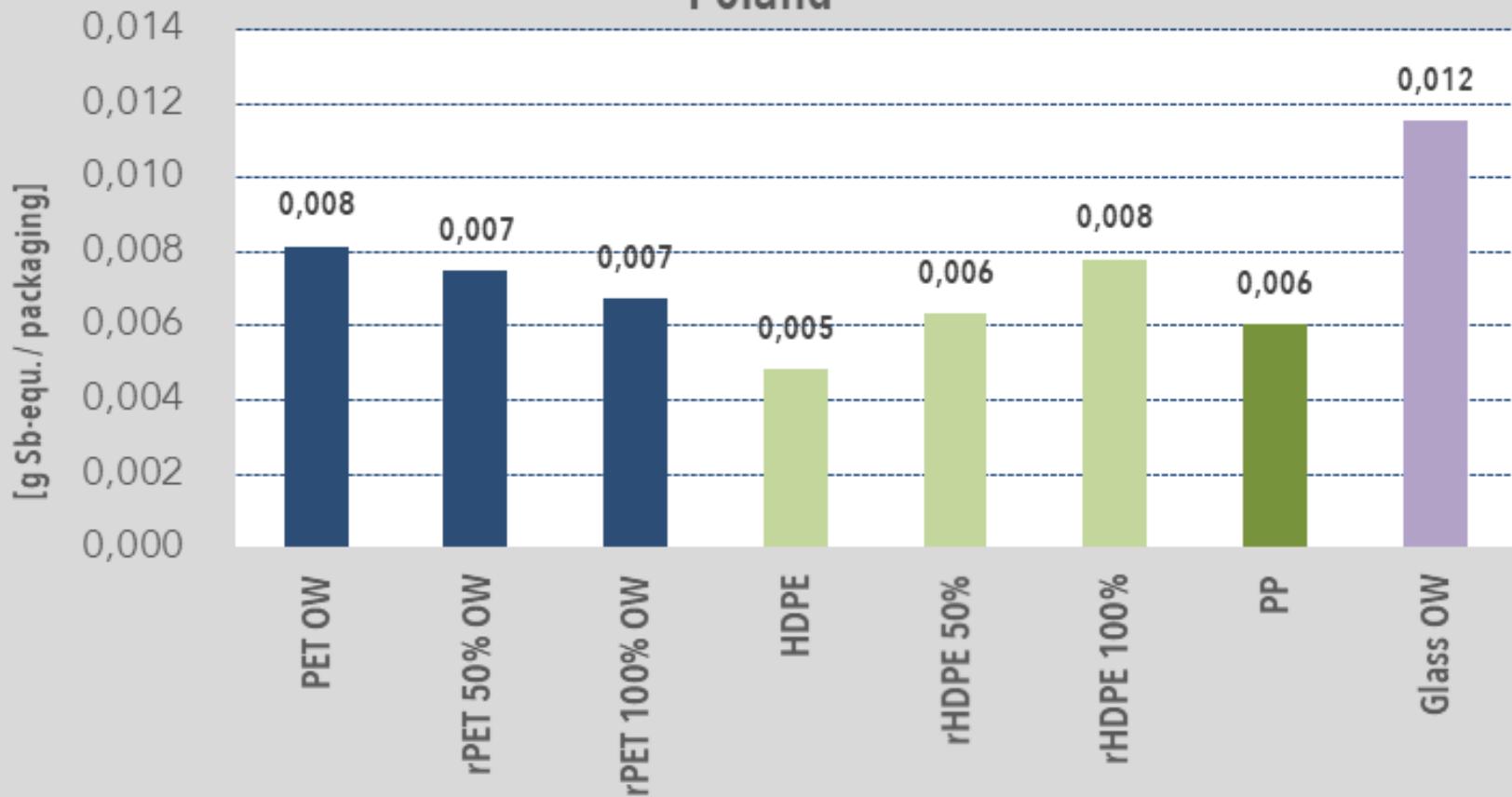


freshwater eutrophication - ketchup 0,3l - Poland

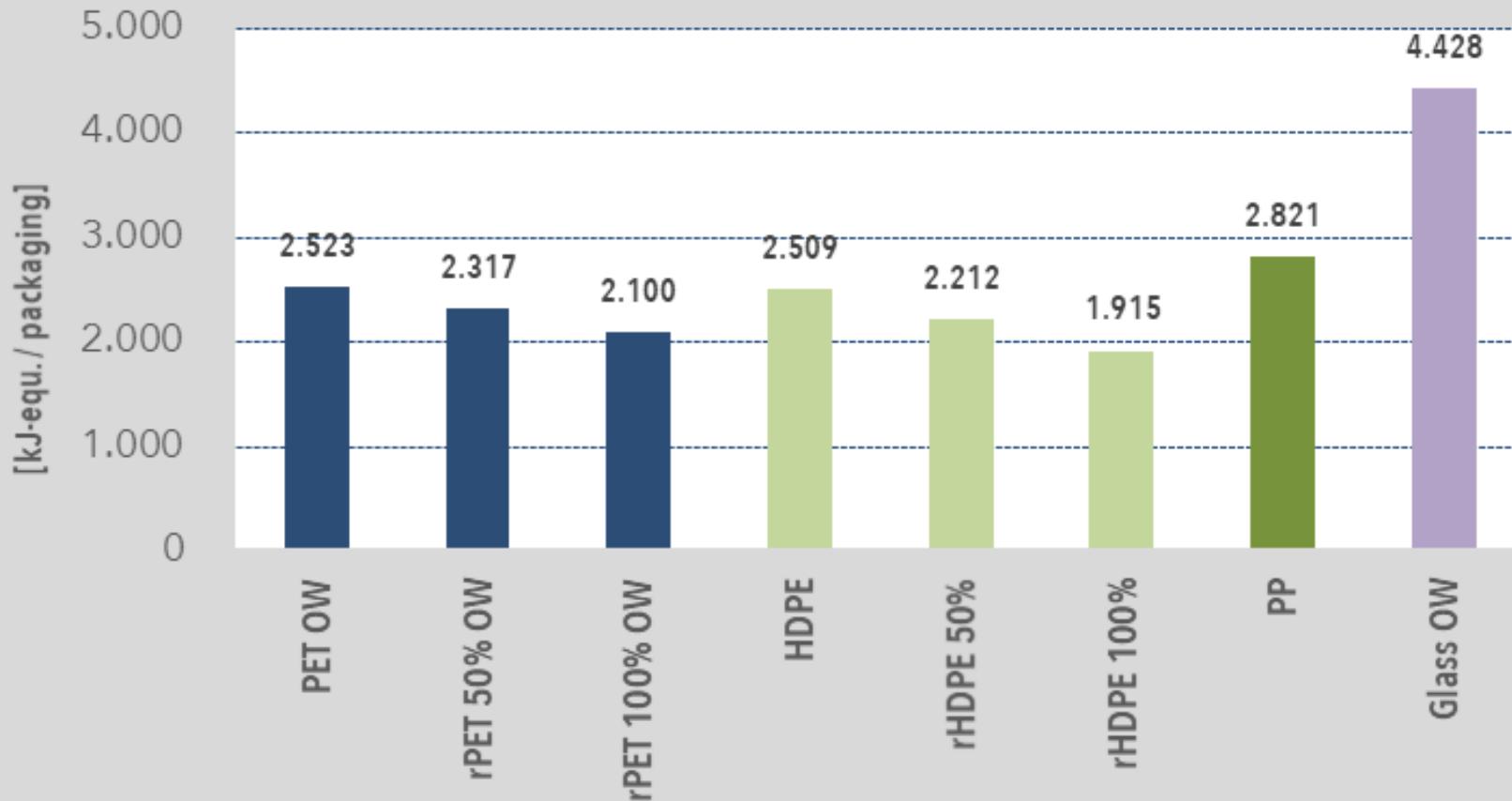


depletion of abiotic resources - elements - ketchup 0,3 l -

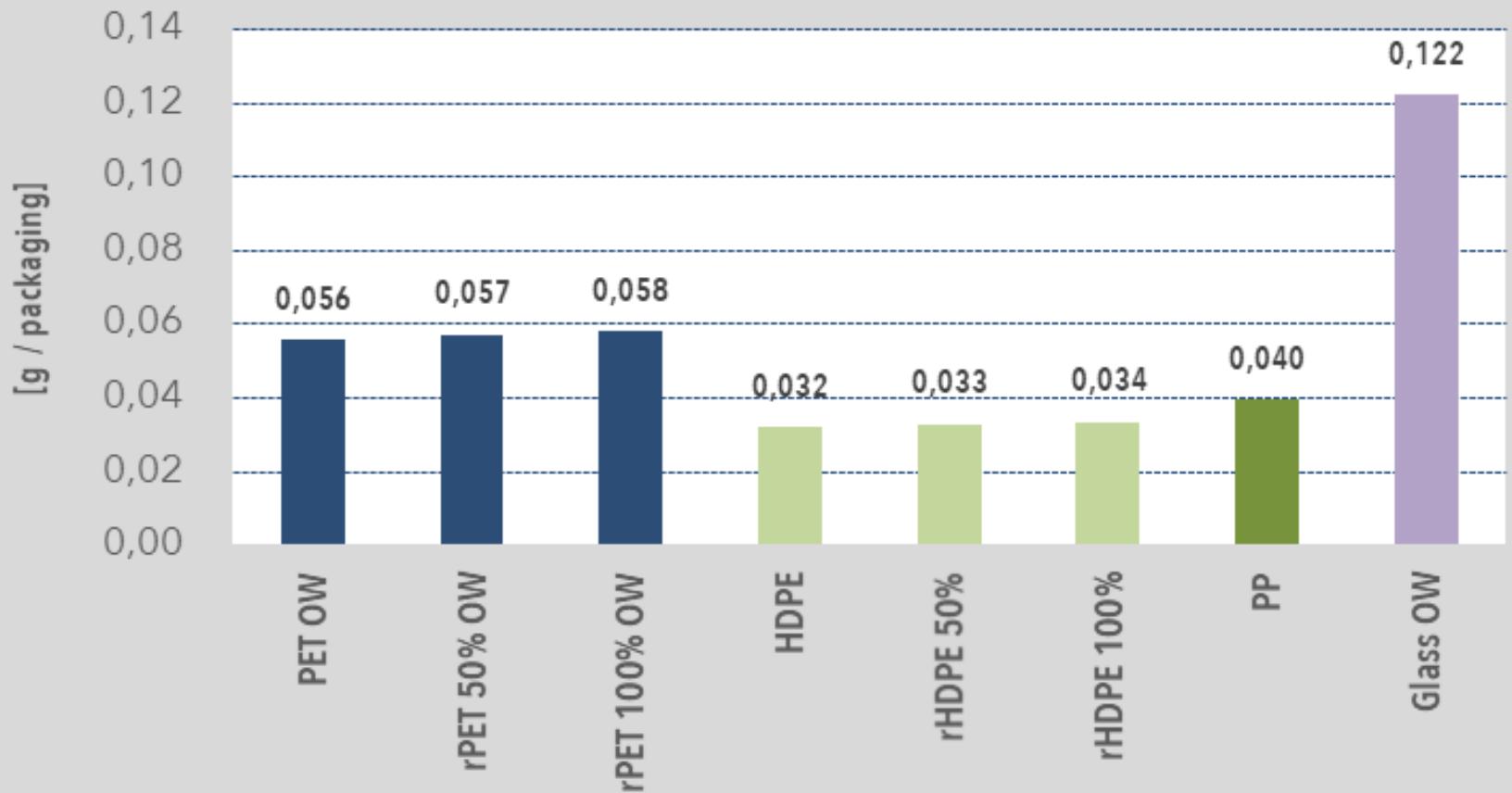
Poland



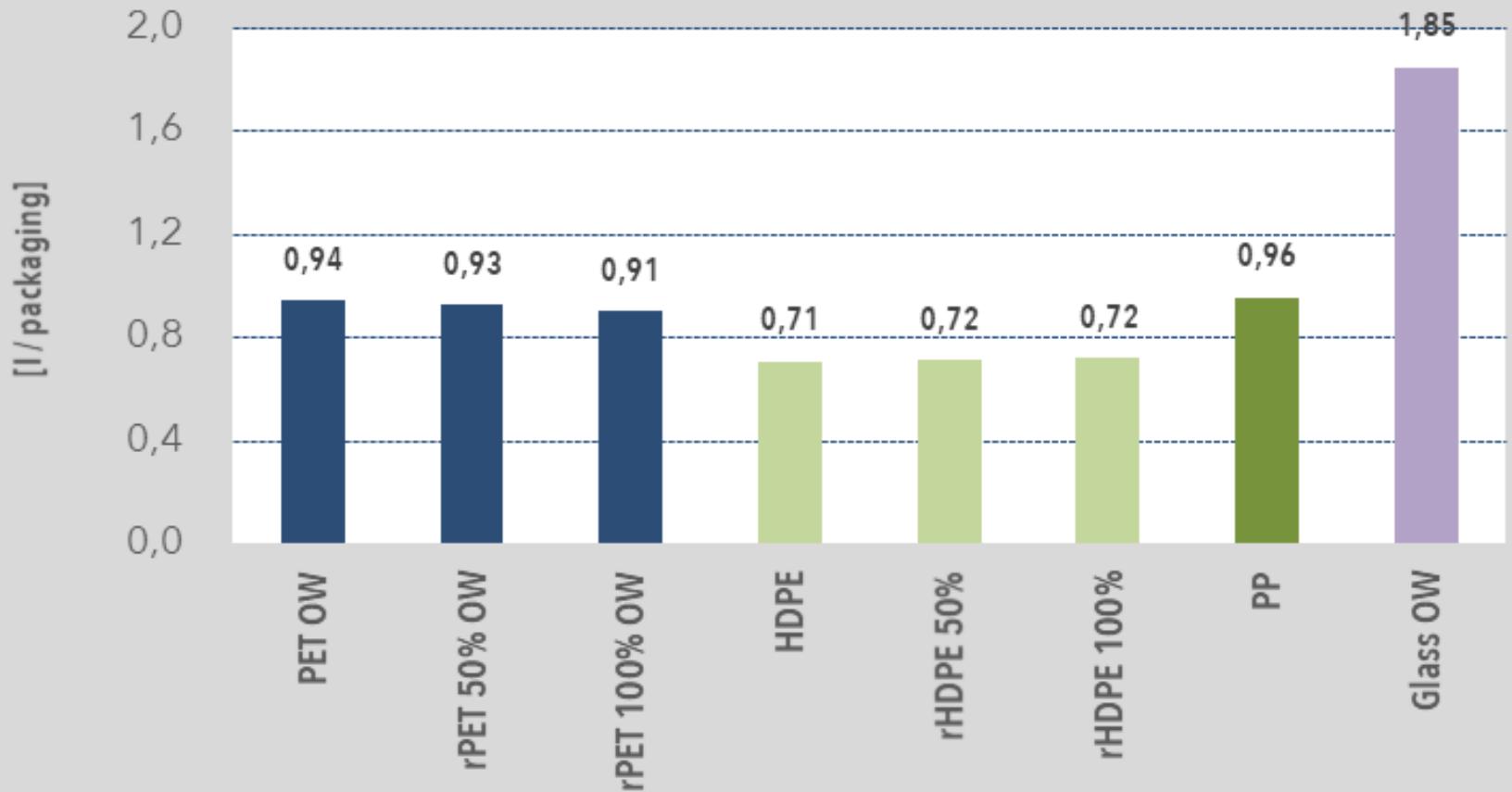
cumulative energy demand - ketchup 0,3 l - Poland



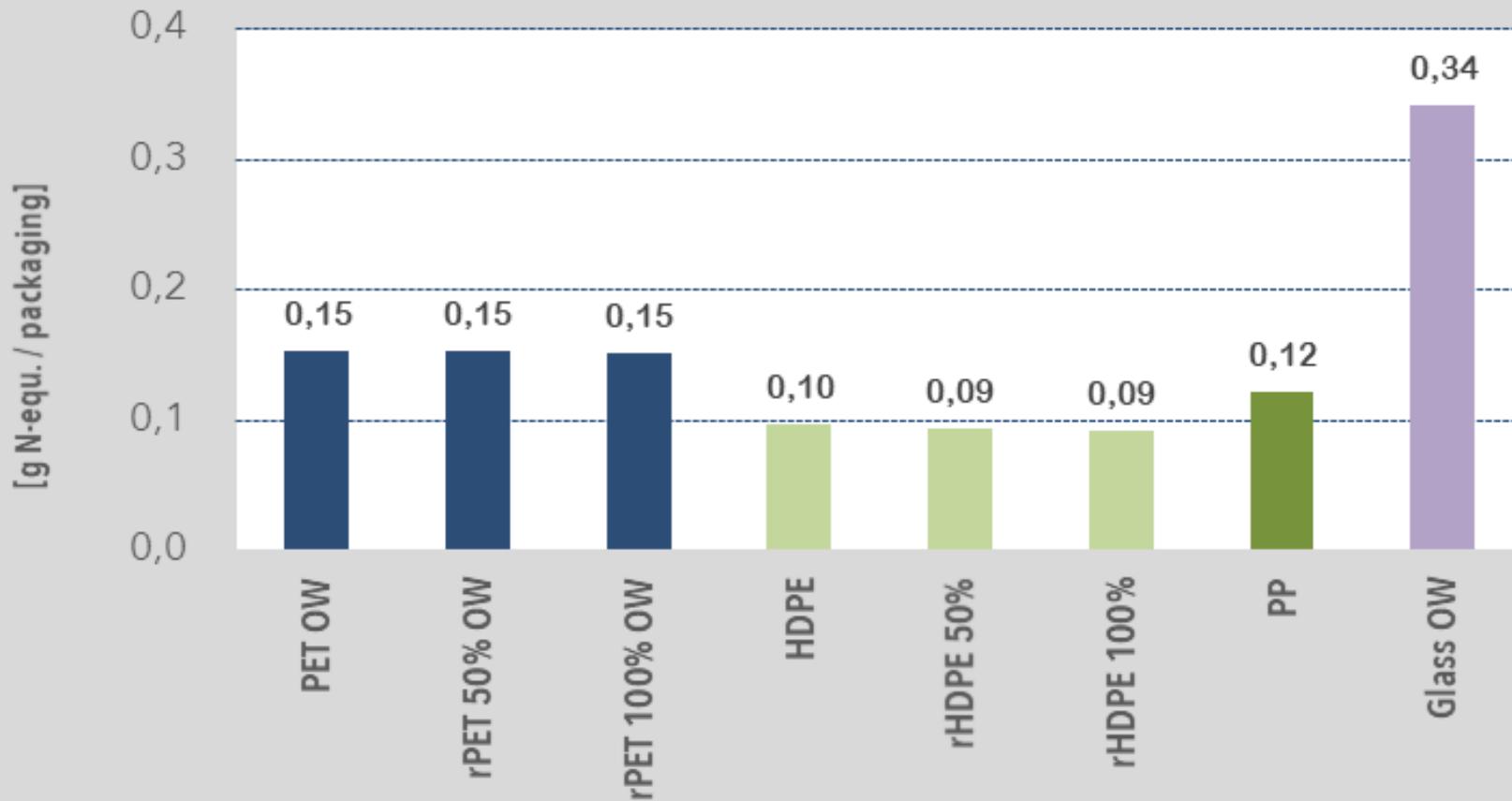
particulates < 2,5 µm - ketchup 0,3 l - Poland



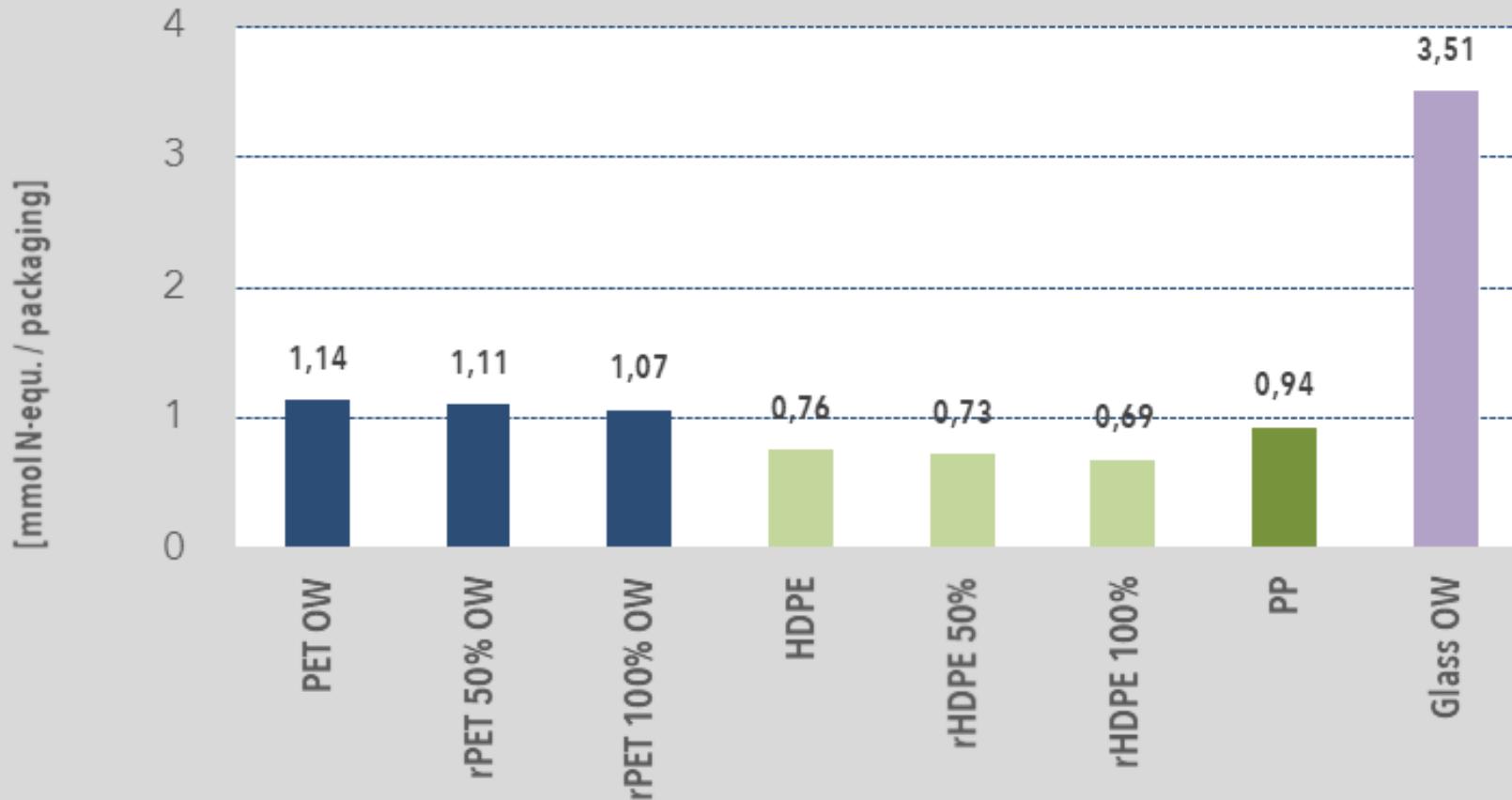
water - ketchup 0,3 l - Poland



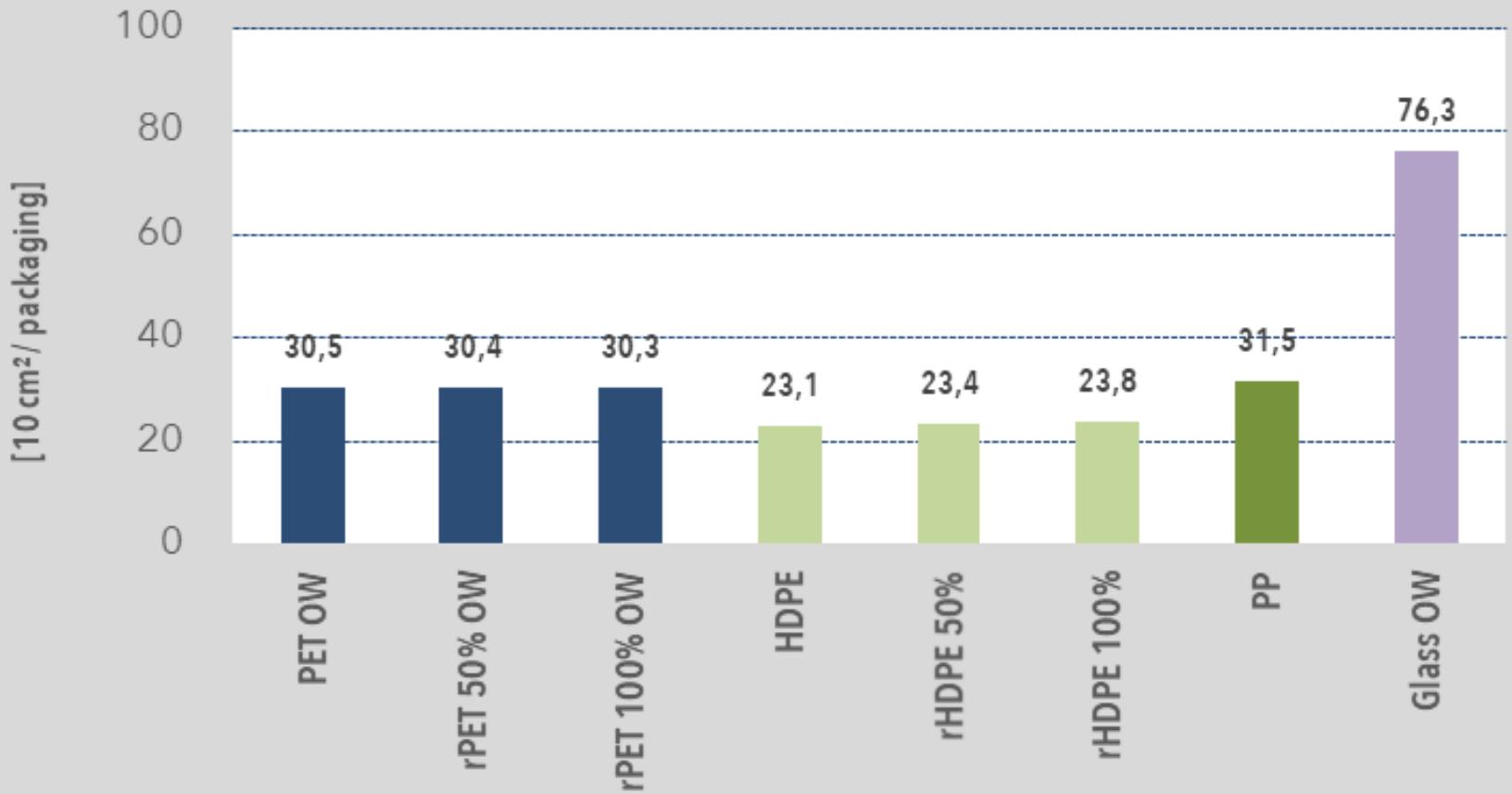
marine eutrophication - ketchup 0,3 l - Poland



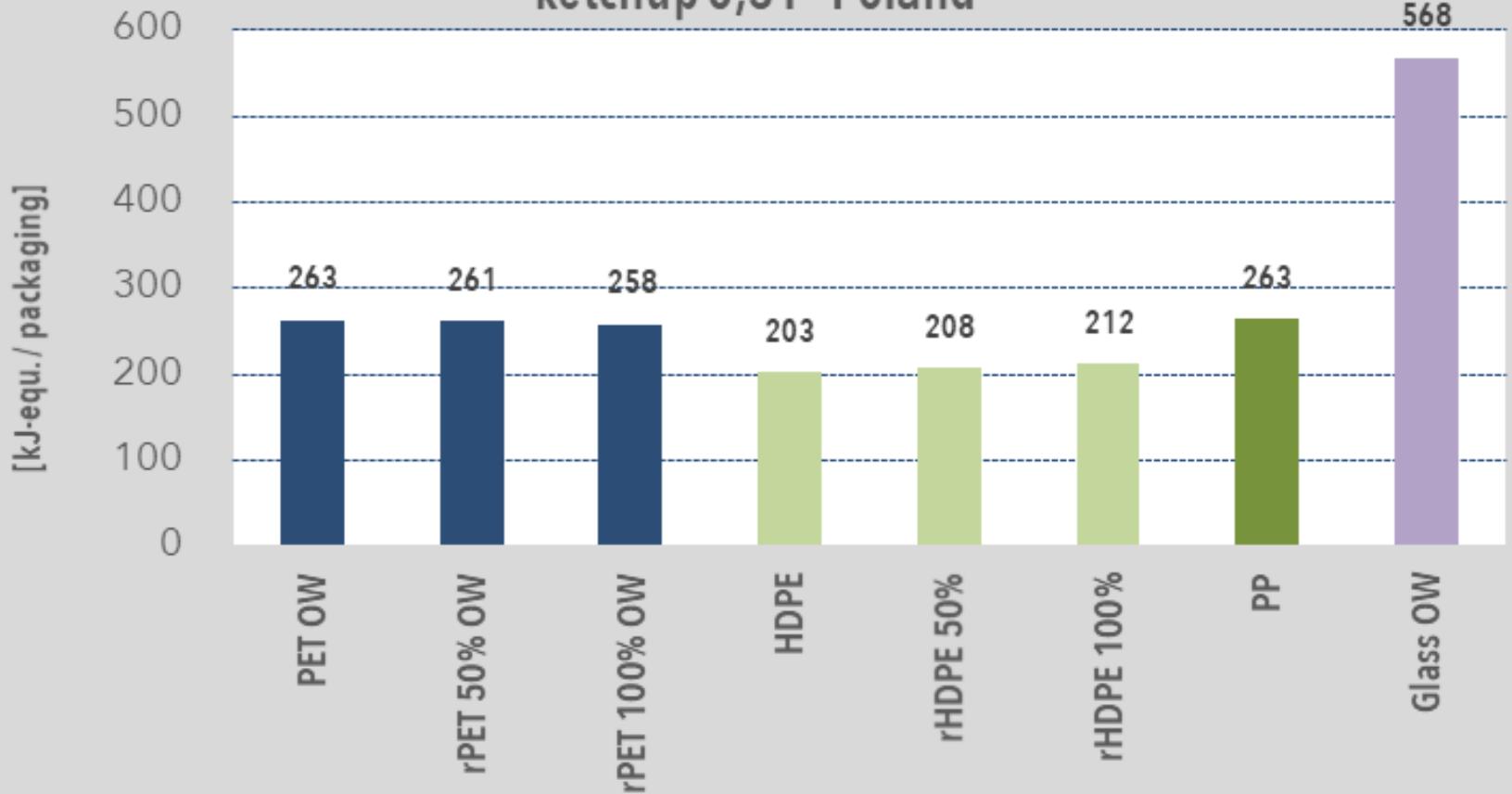
terrestrial eutrophication - ketchup 0,3l - Poland



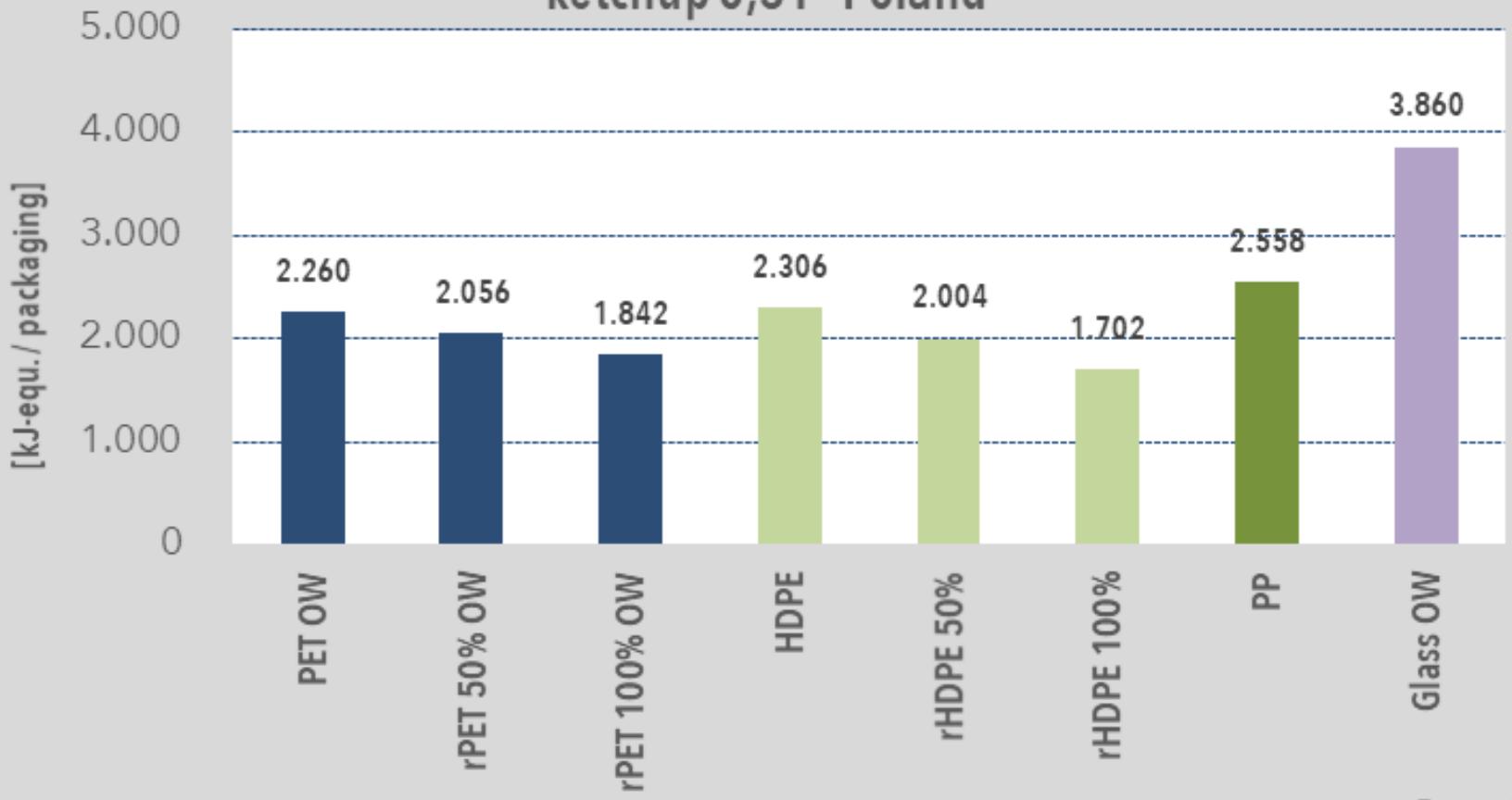
land use - ketchup 0,3 l - Poland



cumulative energy demand - renewable energy resources - ketchup 0,3 l - Poland



cumulative energy demand - non-renewable energy resources - ketchup 0,3 l - Poland

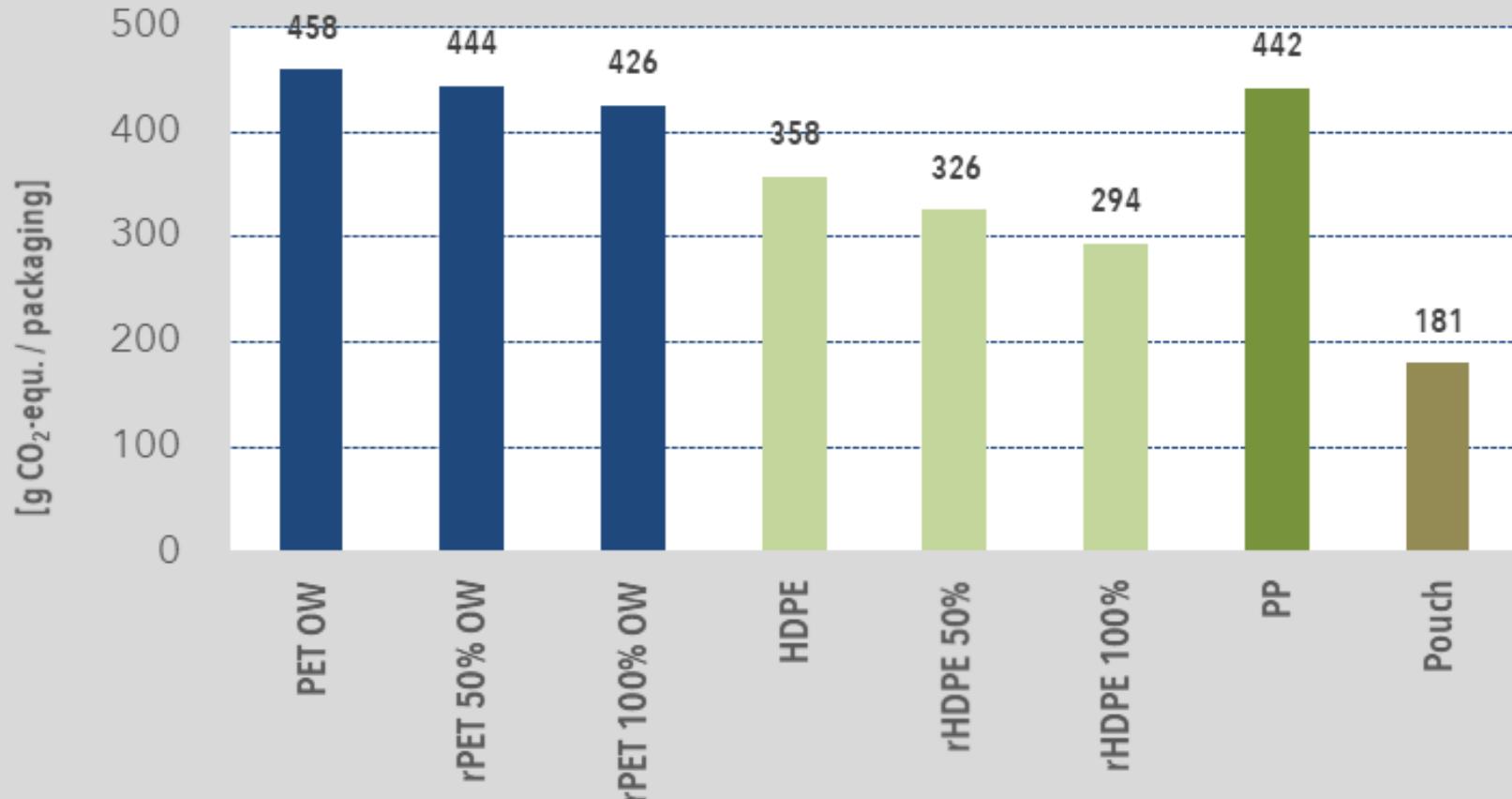




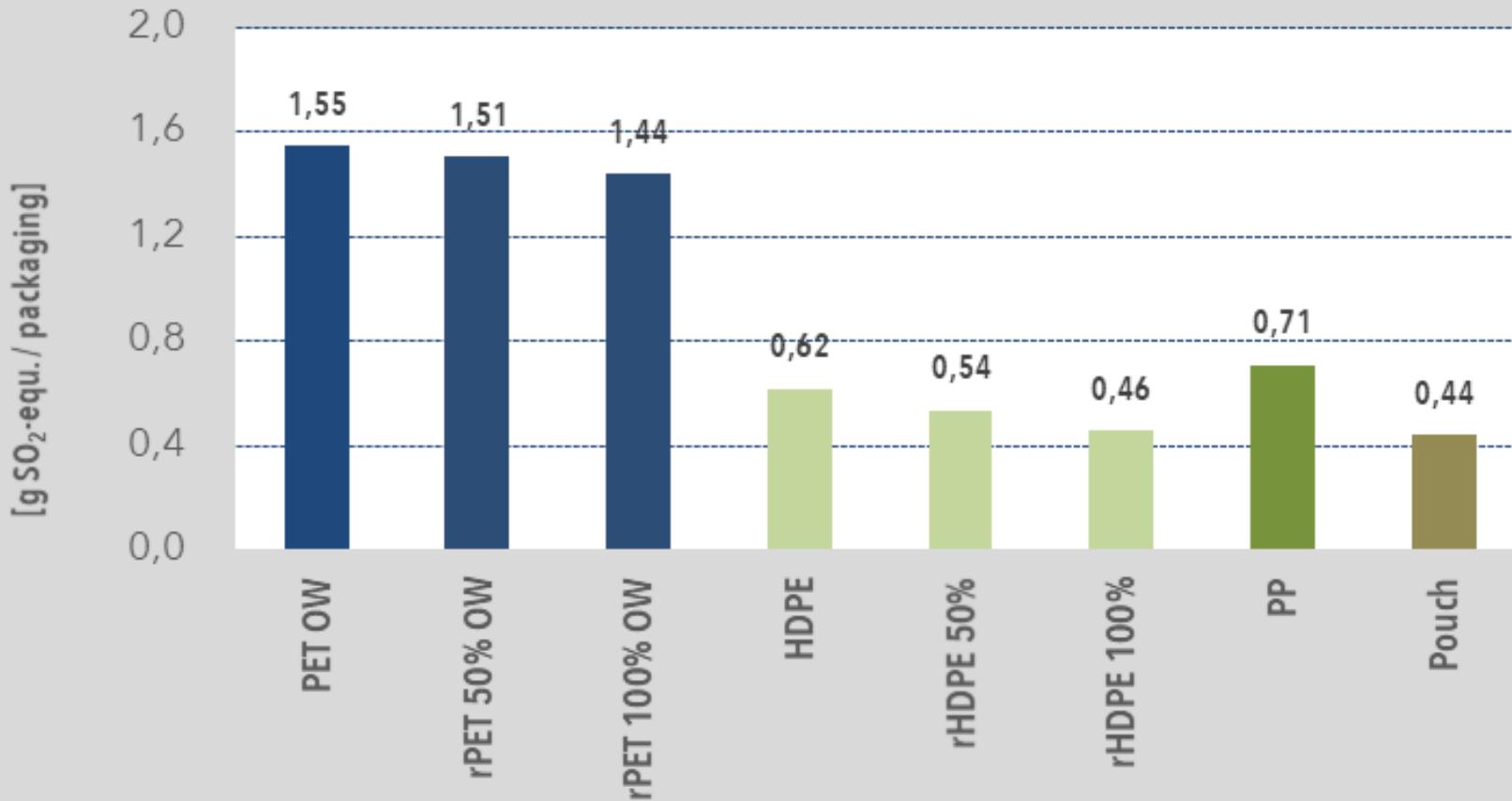
c7-consult
sustainable performance

Results Liquid Detergent 1,5 l

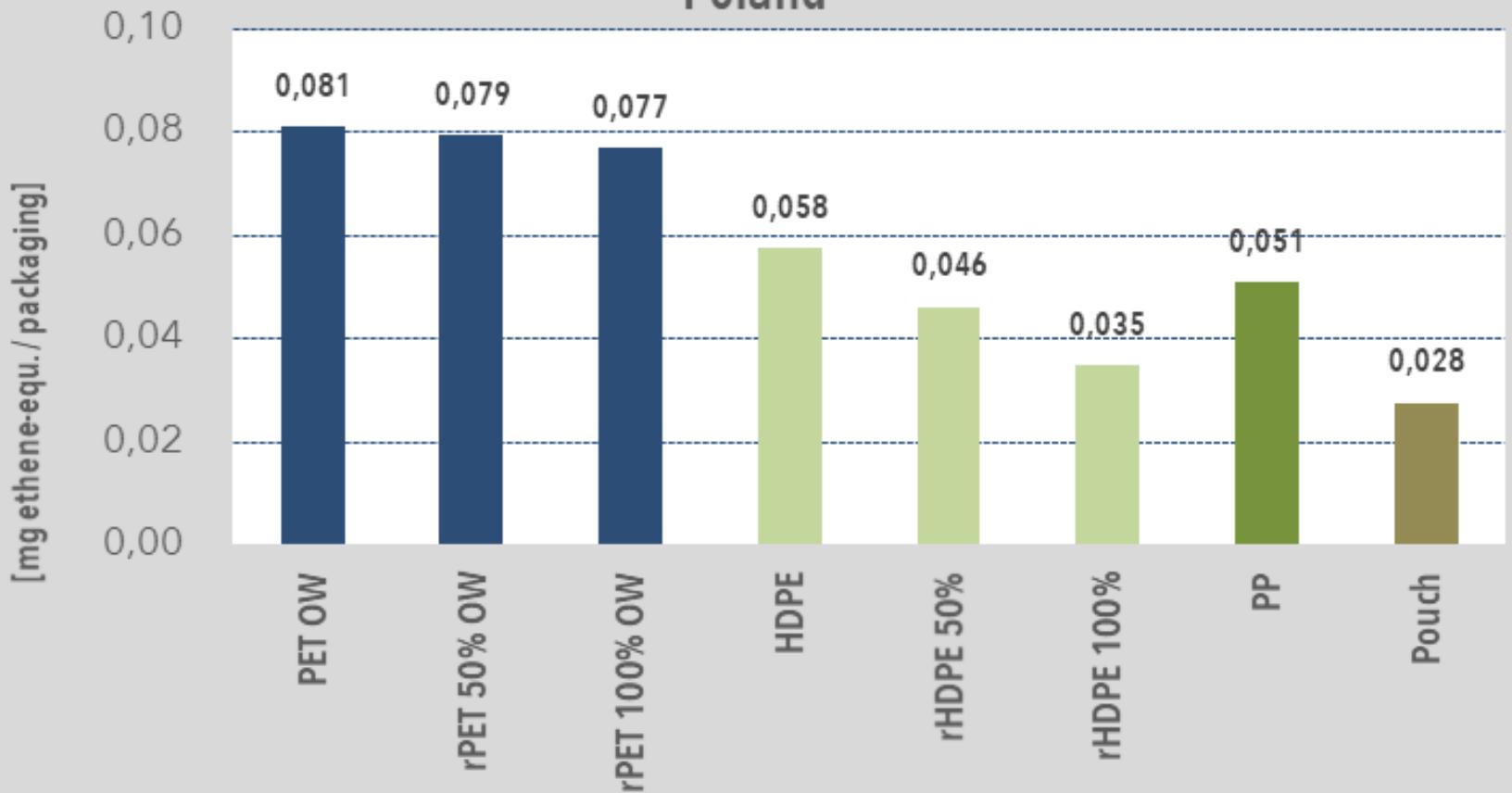
climate change - detergent 1,5l - Poland



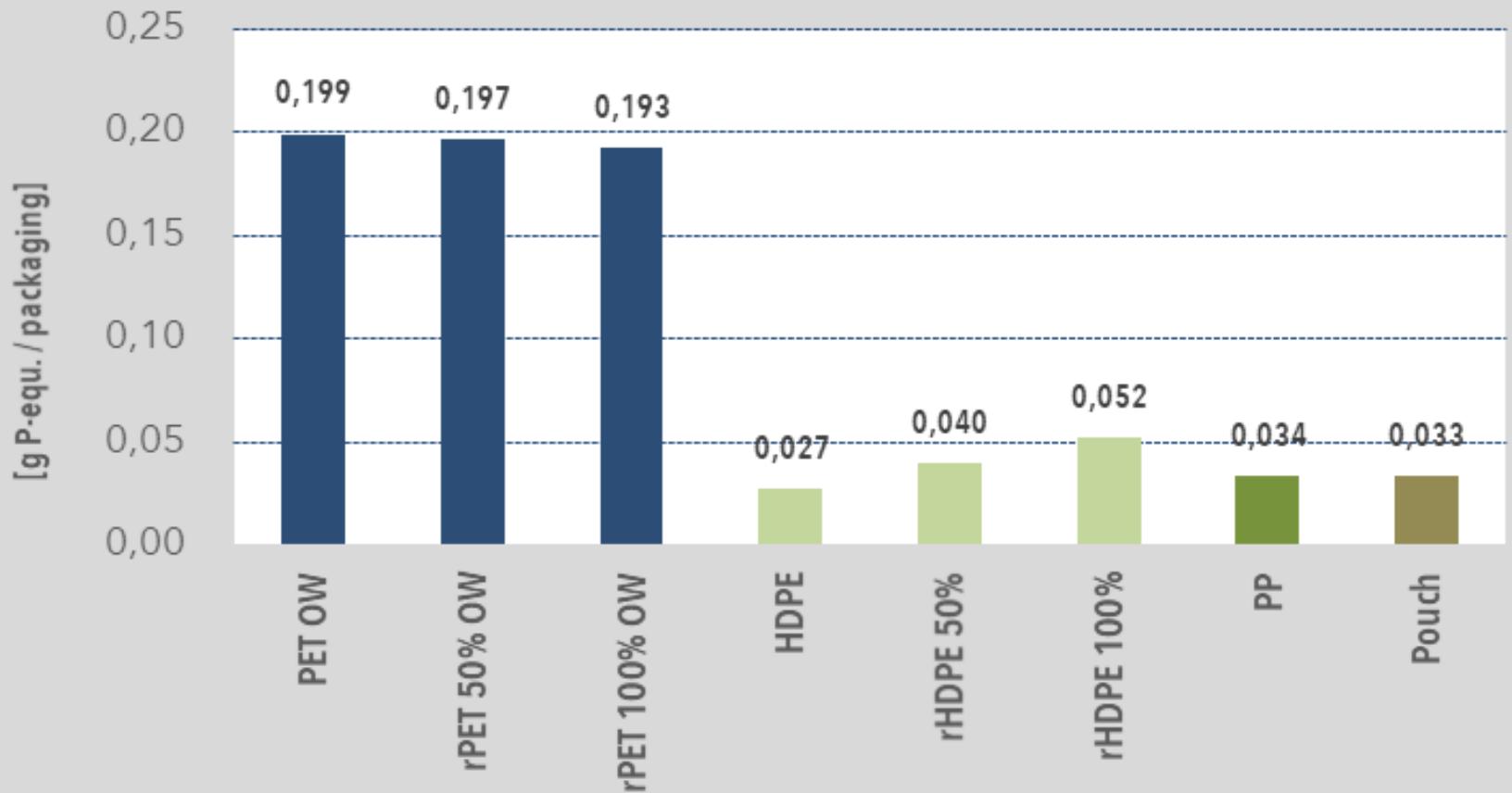
acidification potential - detergent 1,5l - Poland



photochemical oxidation(summersmog)- detergent 1,5 l - Poland

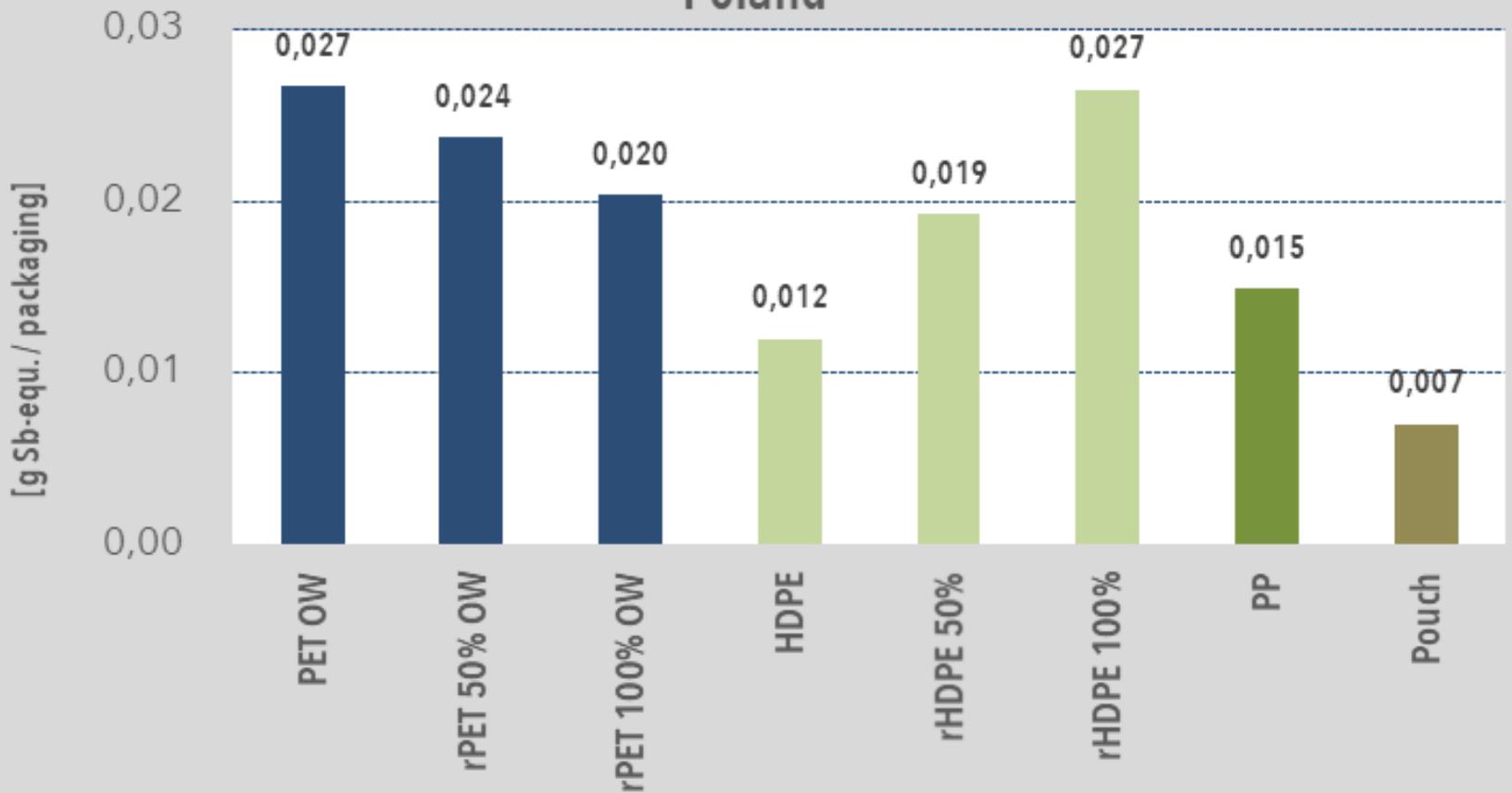


freshwater eutrophication - detergent 1,5l - Poland



depletion of abiotic resources - elements - detergent 1,5 l -

Poland

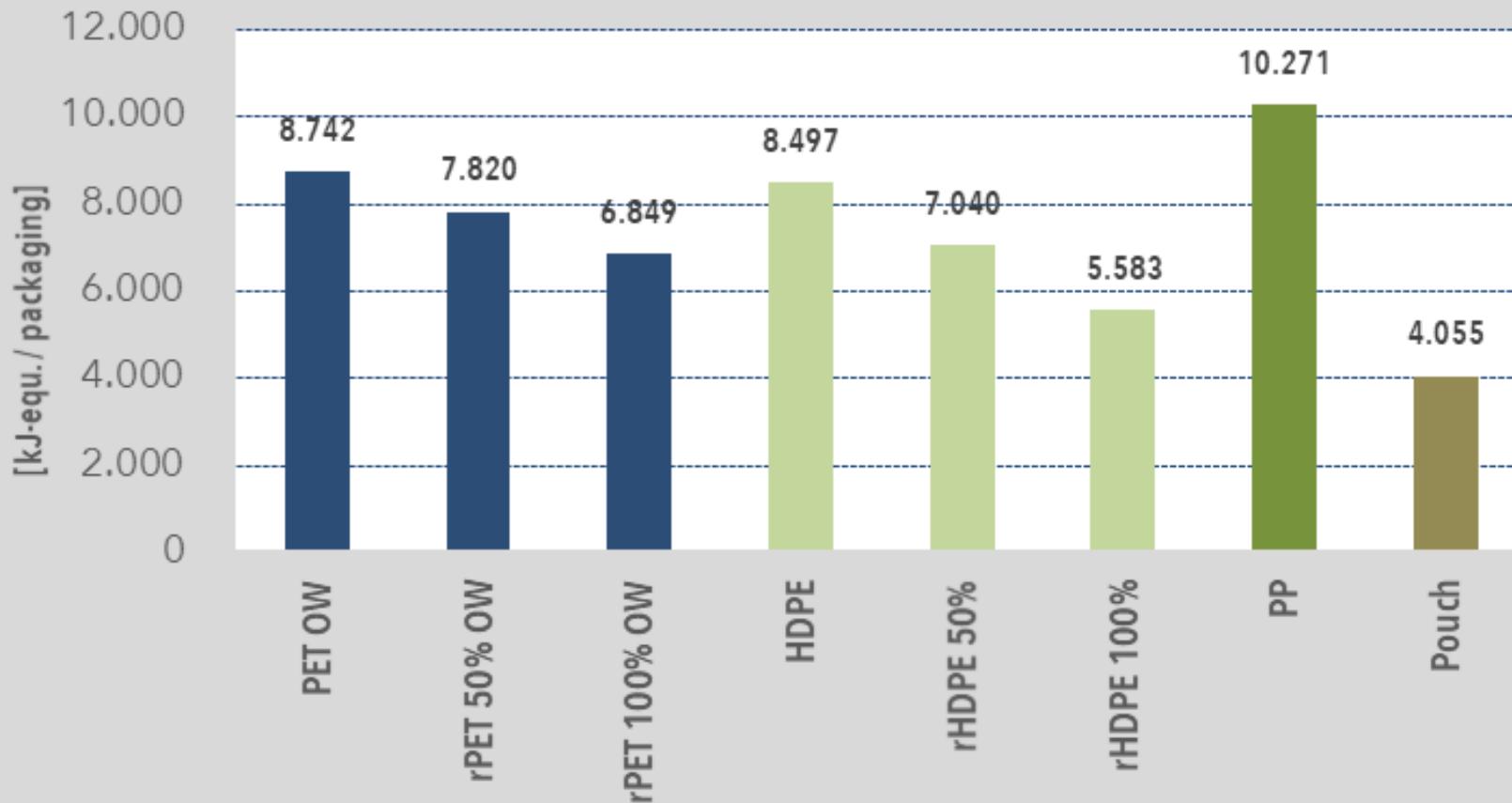


Liquid Detergent

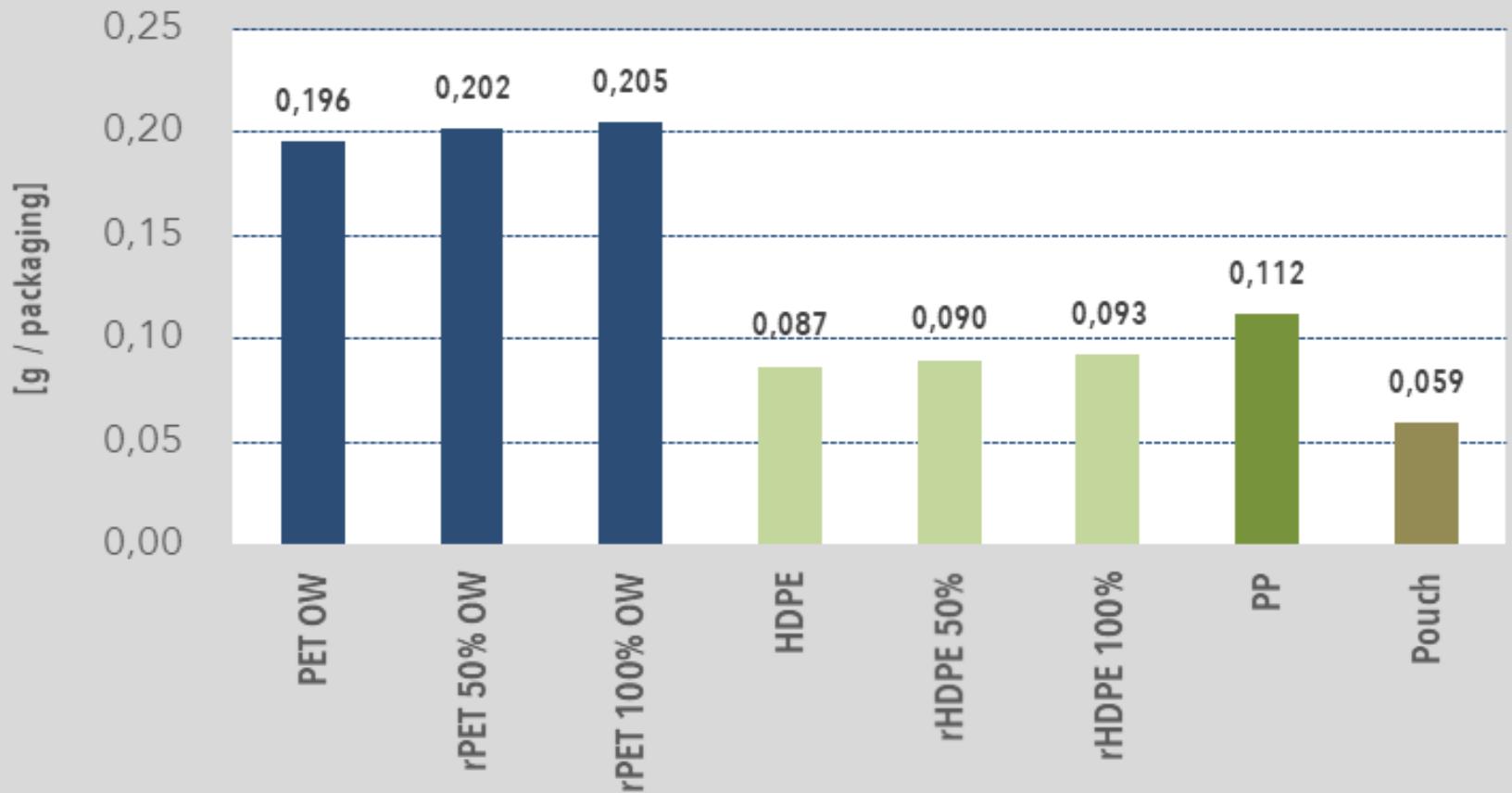


c7-consult
sustainable performance

cumulative energy demand - detergent 1,5l - Poland

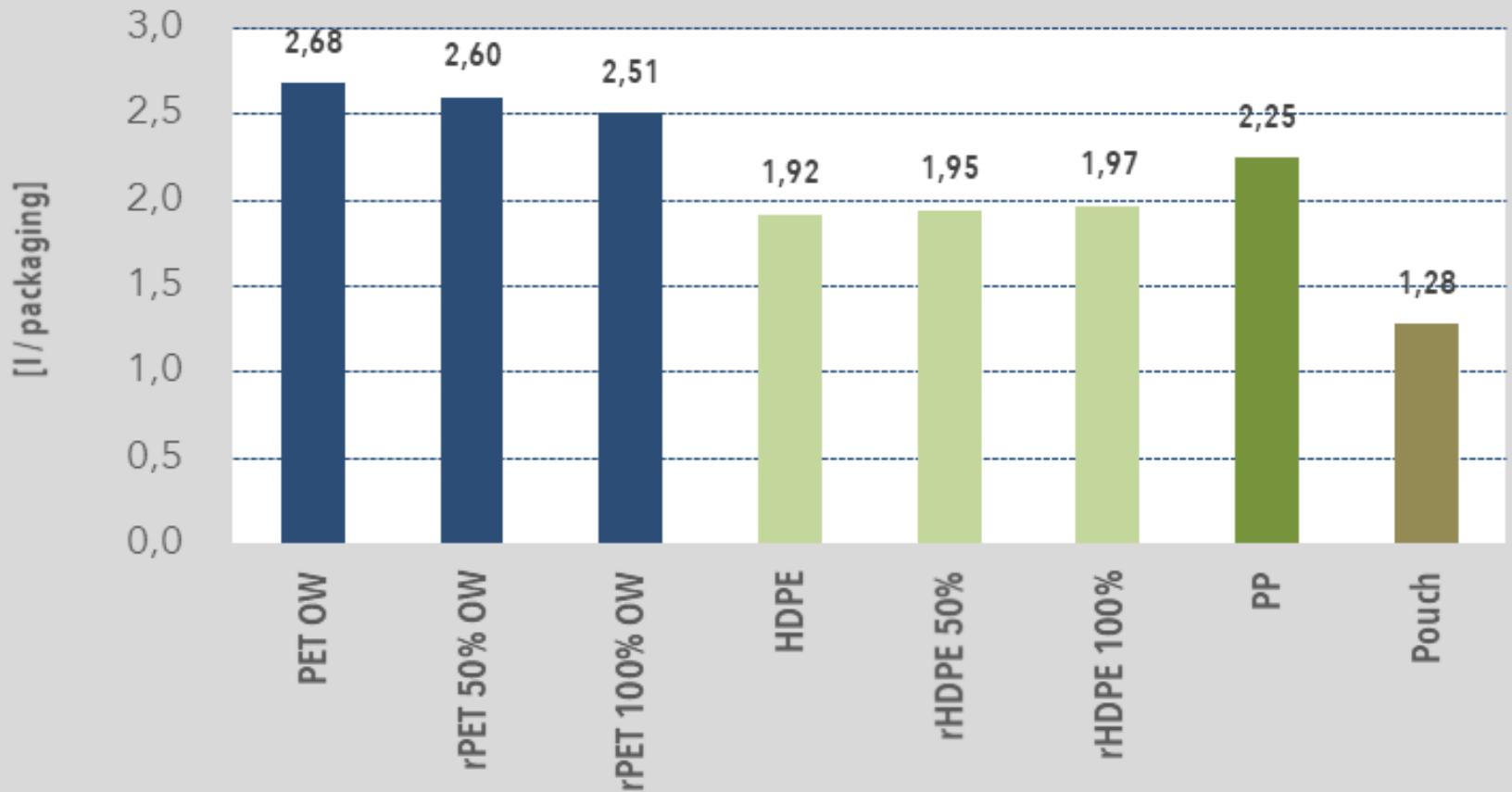


particulates < 2,5 µm - detergent 1,5l - Poland

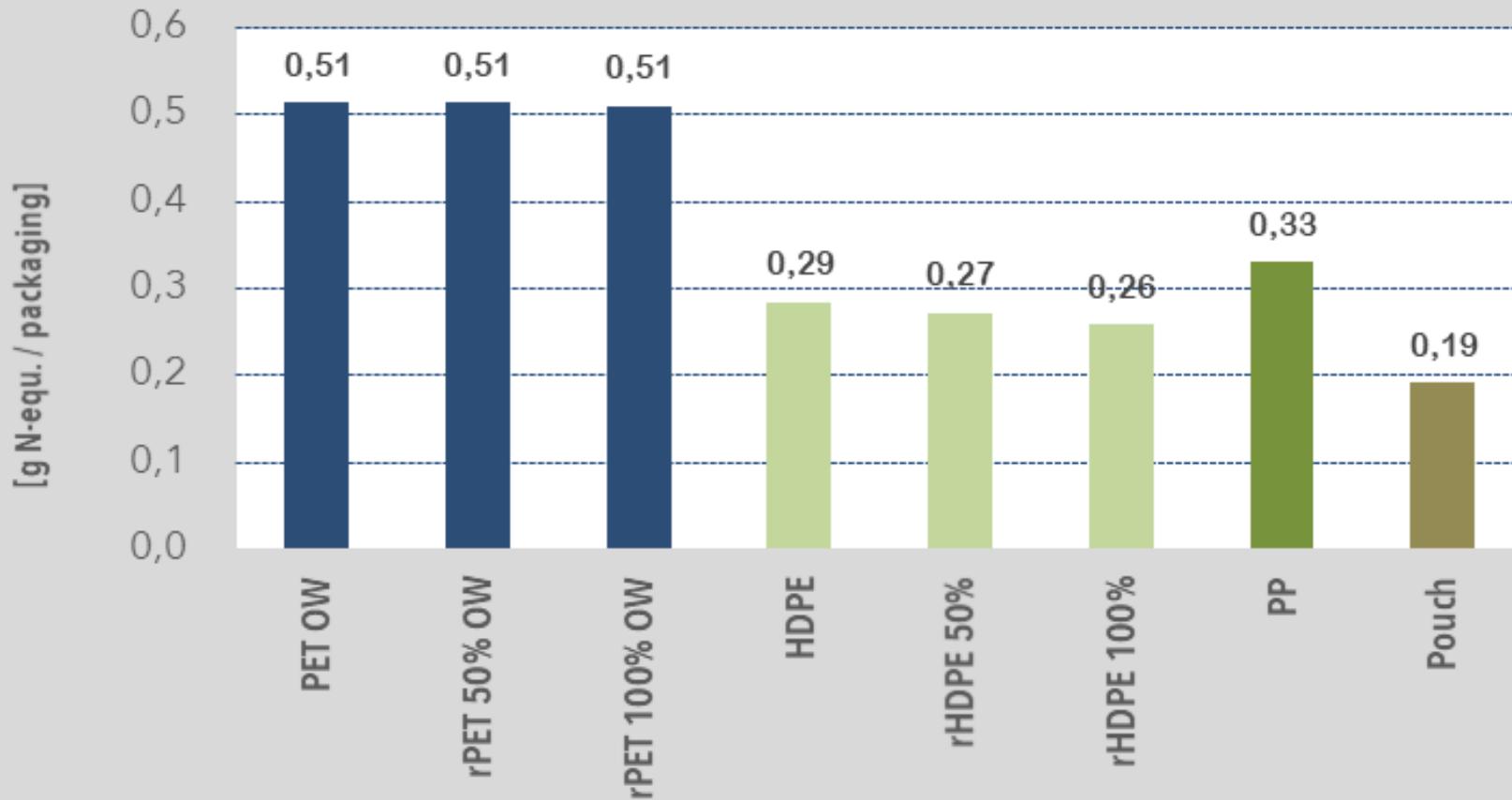


Liquid Detergent

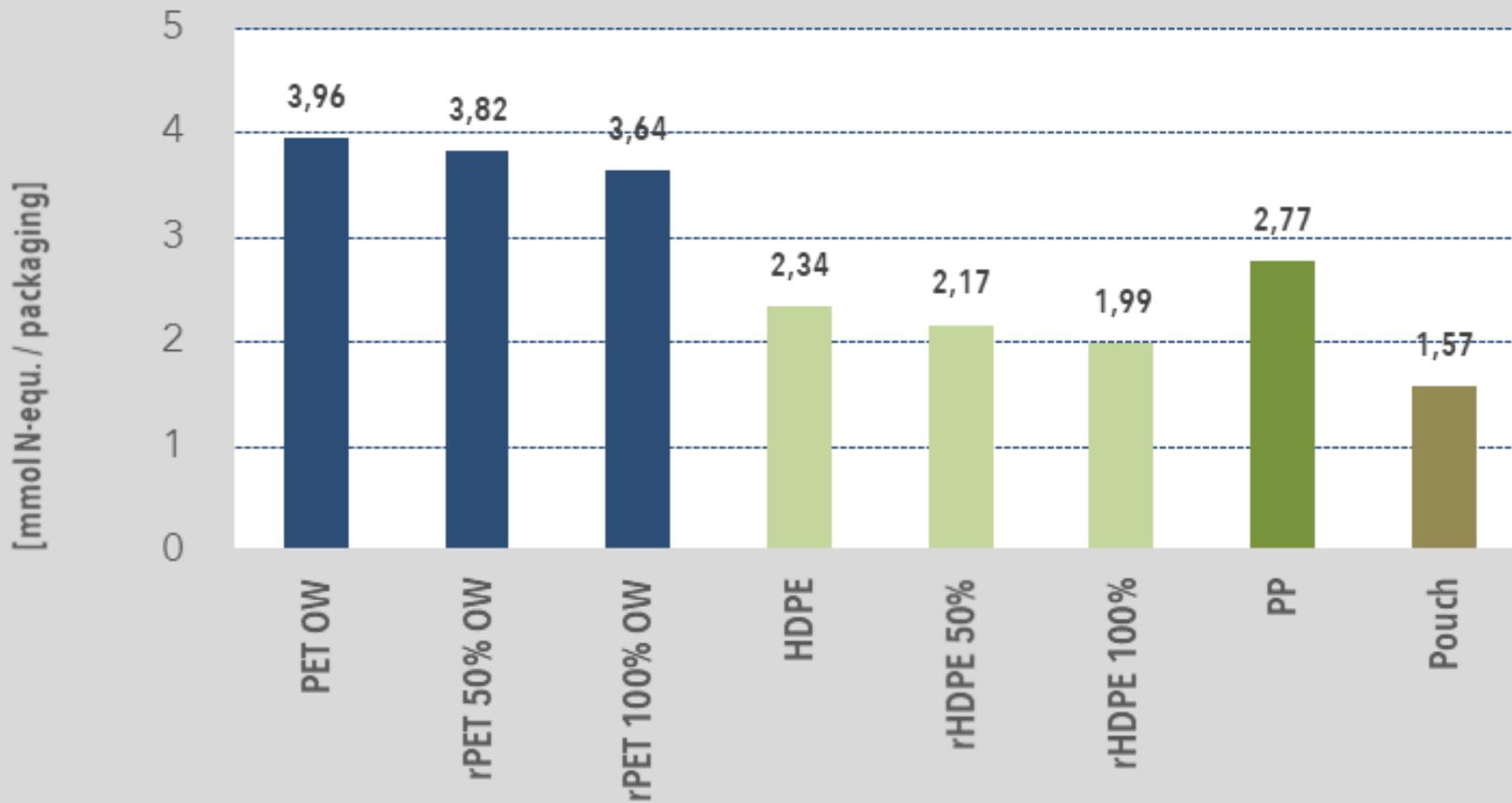
water-detergent 1,5l - Poland



marine eutrophication - detergent 1,5 l - Poland

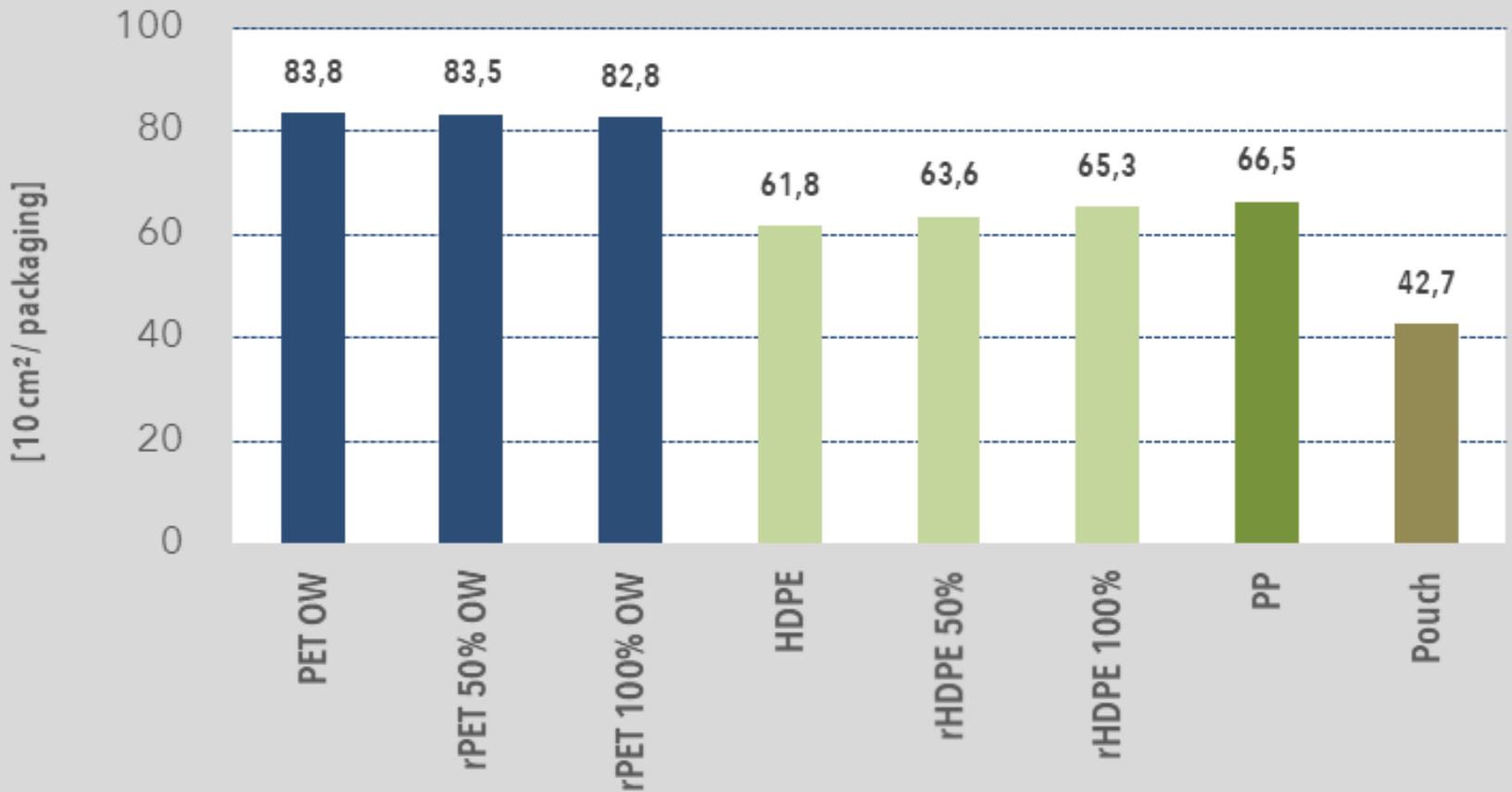


terrestrial eutrophication - detergent 1,5 l - Poland

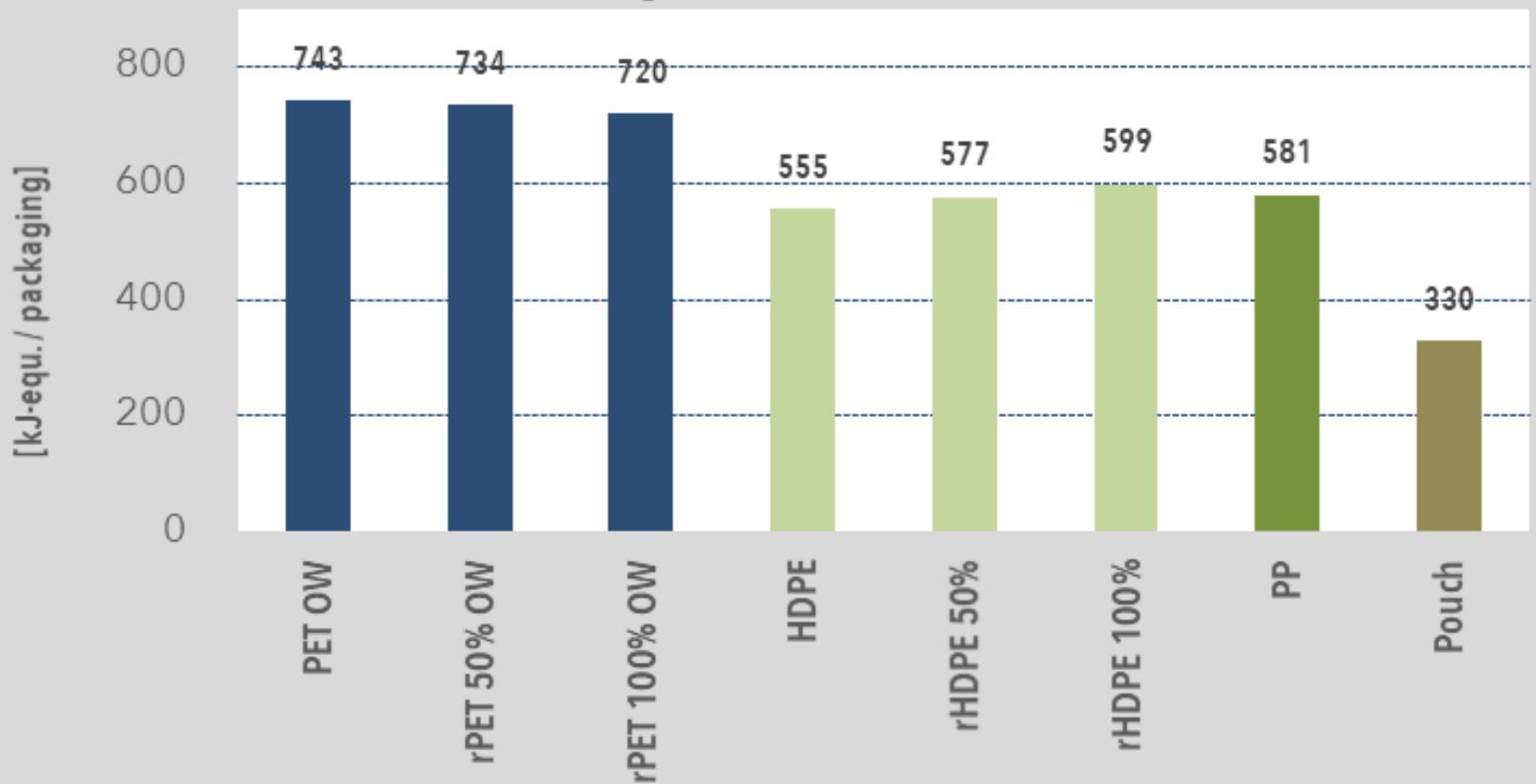


Liquid Detergent

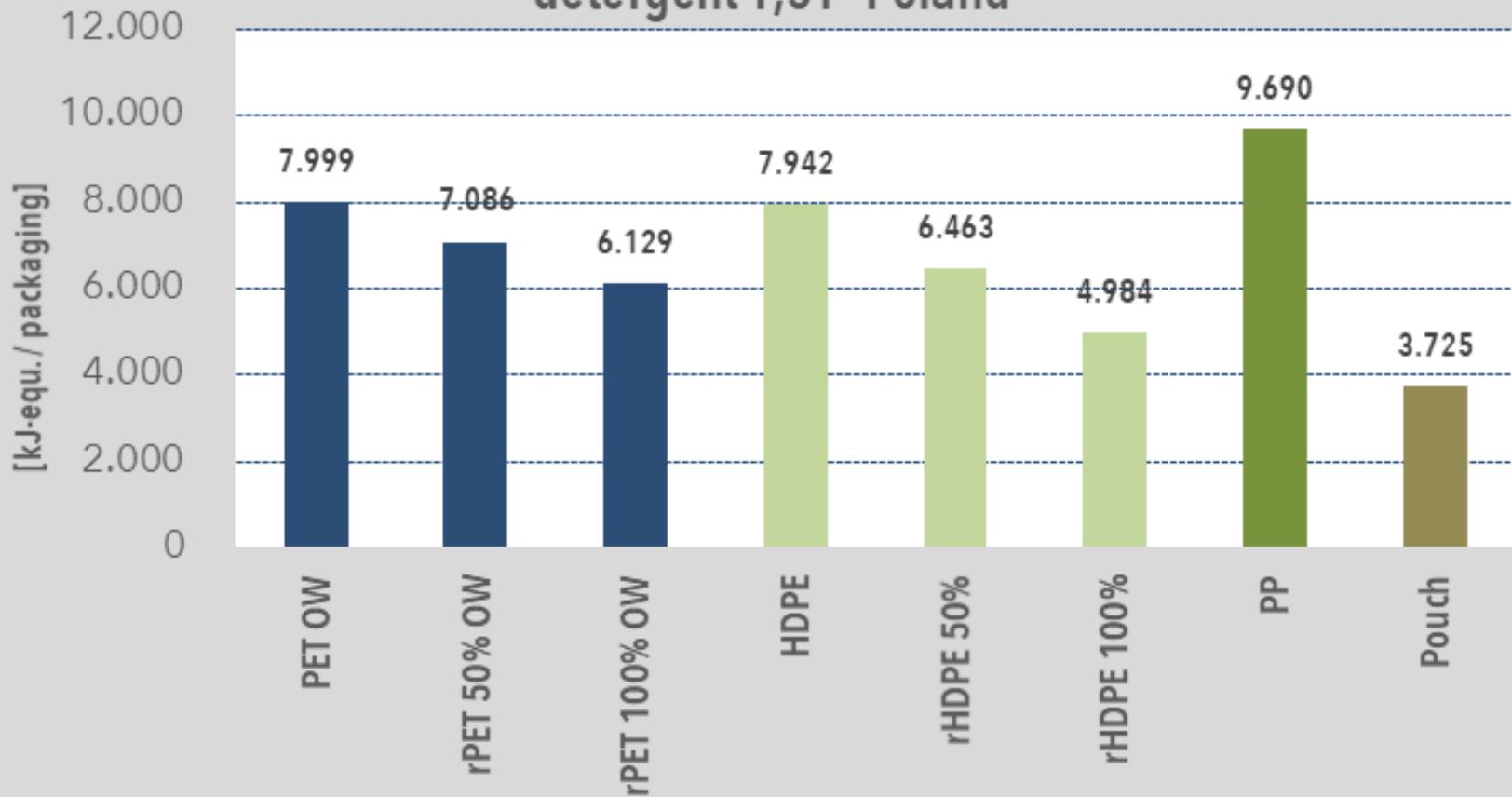
land use - detergent 1,5l - Poland



cumulative energy demand - renewable energy resources - detergent 1,5l - Poland



cumulative energy demand - non-renewable energy resources - detergent 1,5l - Poland





c7-consult
sustainable performance

Summary

- The reusable PET bottles for water and carbonated soft drinks that were examined perform best. Reusable PET bottles use about 50 % more water than single-use PET bottles.
- Single-use PET bottles for water and juice have advantages compared to reusable glass bottles. For carbonated soft drinks these bottles show similar results, whereas for beer reusable glass bottles perform better than single-use PET bottles.
- For milk, HDPE bottles perform better than the comparable single-use PET packaging unit. Single-use PET bottles and the examined beverage carton are neck and neck. A beverage carton with a simpler head section can perform much better.

- Single-use PET bottles and the reusable glass bottle show for juice similar environmental impacts with advantages for PET bottles with higher share of recyclates.
- There is a clear environmental winner among the various types of beer packaging. The reusable glass bottle performs best, the aluminium can has slightly higher environmental impacts than the single-use PET bottles.
- PET is the clear winner when it comes to packaging units for food.
- For liquid detergent packaging the PP refill pouch performs best. HDPE bottles have lower impacts to the environment than PET bottles.
- For ketchup PET bottles show higher results than HDPE bottles and similar results compared to the PP bottle. The single use glass has always the highest environmental impacts.
- The single-use glass bottle is the least environmental packaging unit of all the contents examined. Only the tinplate can for food has even higher environmental impacts than the single-use glass bottle.

**DANKE
für Ihre Aufmerksamkeit!**



c7-consult
sustainable performance